



Informatica® Cloud Data Integration

Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector

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Preface

Use *Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector* to learn how to read from or write to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage. Learn to create a connection, develop and run mappings, mapping tasks, and data transfer tasks in Data Integration.

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CHAPTER 1

Introduction to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector

You can use Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector to securely read from or write to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage.

Use Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector to read and write delimited files and complex files such as Avro, JSON, and Parquet.

Blobs are files of any type and size, and are organized into containers in Microsoft Azure Storage. You can use a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 connection to access delimited, Avro, and Parquet files that are block blobs or append blobs.

You cannot read and write nested and multi-line indented JSON files.

You can use Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 objects as sources and targets in mappings and mapping tasks.

You can switch mappings to advanced mode to include transformations and functions that enable advanced functionality.

Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector assets

Create assets in Data Integration to integrate data using Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector.

When you use Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector, you can include the following Data Integration assets:

- Data transfer task
- Mapping
- Mapping task

You cannot configure a Lookup transformation in a mapping and mapping task.

For more information about configuring assets and transformations, see *Mappings*, *Transformations*, and *Tasks* in the Data Integration documentation.

Administration of Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector

Before you use Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 objects in tasks, an administrator must perform the following tasks:

- To use shared key authentication, get the storage account name and account key.
- Ensure that you have a container in Microsoft Azure Blob Storage.
- Configure the minimum permissions for shared access signature authentication and generate the SAS token in the Azure portal.

You can generate the SAS token for the storage account or for the container.

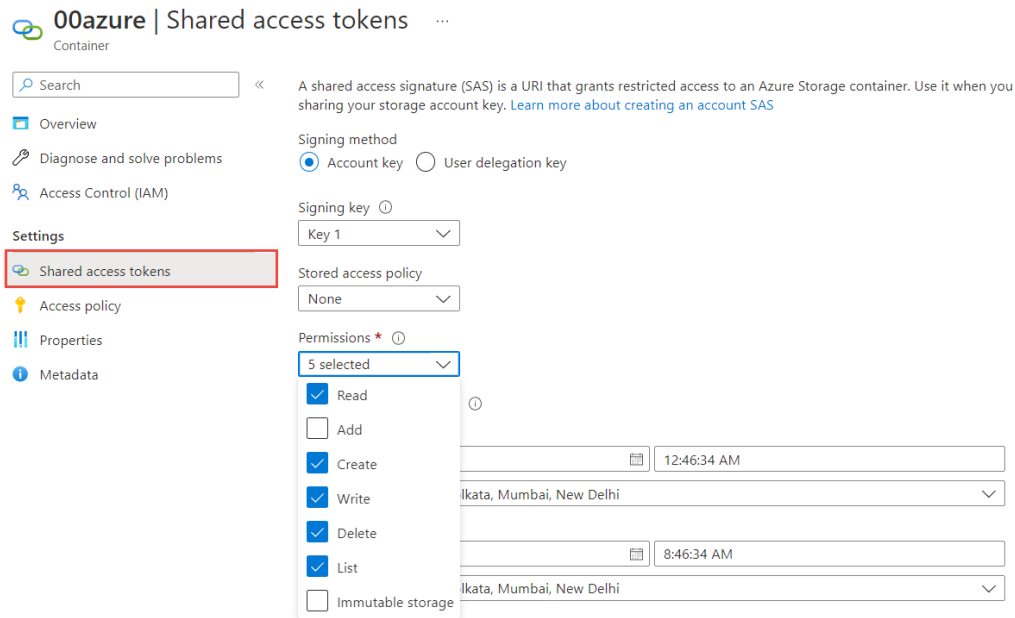
- To generate the SAS token for the storage account, go to **Security + Networking**, and click **Shared access signature**.

The following image shows the minimum permissions required for shared access signature authentication:



- To generate the SAS token for the Blob container, go to **Settings** of the container, and click **Shared access tokens**.

The following image shows the minimum permissions required for shared access signature authentication:



Note: If you use the User delegation key signing method, ensure that you have the **Storage Blob Data Owner** role for the container or the storage account.

- Get the license for the SDKPatch package for your Data Integration organization.

For more information about configuring a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 connection, see the Informatica How-To Library article, [Prerequisites to create a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 connection](#).

CHAPTER 2

Connections for Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3

Create a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 connection to securely read data from or write data to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage. You can use a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 connection to specify sources and targets in mappings and mapping tasks.

Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 connection properties

When you set up a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 connection, configure the connection properties.

The following table describes the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 connection properties:

Property	Description
Connection Name	Name of the connection. Each connection name must be unique within the organization. Connection names can contain alphanumeric characters, spaces, and the following special characters: _ . + -, Maximum length is 255 characters.
Description	Description of the connection. Maximum length is 4000 characters.
Type	The Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 connection type.
Runtime Environment	The name of the runtime environment where you want to run the tasks. Specify a Secure Agent, Hosted Agent, or serverless runtime environment.
Account Name	Microsoft Azure Blob Storage account name.
Authentication Type	Authentication type to access the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage account. Select one of the following options: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Shared Key Authentication. Uses the account key to connect to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage.- Shared Access Signature. Uses the SAS token to connect to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage. Use the SAS token to grant access to the resources in the storage account or container for a specific time range without sharing the account key.

Property	Description
Account Key	Applies to shared key authentication. The account key for the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage account.
SAS Token	Applies to shared access signature. The shared access signature token generated in the Azure portal.
Container Name	Microsoft Azure Blob Storage container name.
Endpoint Suffix	Type of Microsoft Azure endpoints. Select one of the following options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - core.windows.net. Connects to Azure endpoints. - core.usgovcloudapi.net. Connects to Azure Government endpoints. - core.chinacloudapi.cn. Not applicable. Default is core.windows.net.

Configuring the proxy server

If your organization uses an outgoing proxy server to connect to the internet, the Secure Agent connects to Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services through the proxy server.
Contact your network administrator for the correct proxy settings.

Configuring proxy server settings on Windows

To configure the proxy server settings for the Secure Agent on a Windows machine, you can configure the proxy server settings through the Secure Agent or the JVM options of the Secure Agent.

Configuring proxy server settings through the Secure Agent Manager

To configure the proxy server settings through the Secure Agent Manager, perform the following steps:

1. In the Secure Agent Manager, click **Proxy**.
2. To enter proxy server settings, click **Use a proxy server**.
3. Configure the following fields:

Field	Description
Proxy Host	Required. Host name of the outgoing proxy server that the Secure Agent uses.
Proxy Port	Required. Port number of the outgoing proxy server.

4. Click **OK**.
The Secure Agent Manager restarts the Secure Agent to apply the settings.

Configuring proxy server settings through the JVMOptions

1. Log in to Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services.
2. Open Administrator and select **Runtime Environments**.
3. Select the Secure Agent for which you want to configure the proxy server.
4. On the upper-right corner of the page, click **Edit**.
5. In the **System Configuration Details** section, select the **Type** as **DTM** for the Data Integration Service.
6. Add the following parameters in any **JVMOption** field and specify appropriate values for each parameter:

Parameter	Description
-DproxyEnabled=	Required. Set the value to true to enable proxy server.
-Dhttp.proxyHost=	Required. Host name of the outgoing HTTP proxy server.
-Dhttp.proxyPort=	Required. Port number of the outgoing HTTP proxy server.

Example for HTTP:

```
JVMOption1=-DproxyEnabled=true
```

```
JVMOption2=-Dhttp.proxyHost=<proxy_server_hostname>
```

```
JVMOption3=-Dhttp.proxyPort=8081
```

7. Click **Save**.

The Secure Agent restarts to apply the settings.

Configuring proxy server settings on Linux

The Secure Agent installer configures the proxy server settings for the Secure Agent based on settings configured in the browser. You can update the proxy server settings defined for the Secure Agent from the command line.

To configure the proxy server settings for the Secure Agent on a Linux machine, use a shell command that updates the `proxy.ini` file. Contact the network administrator to determine the proxy settings.

1. Navigate to the following directory:

```
<Secure Agent installation directory>/apps/agentcore
```
2. Update the unauthenticated proxy details directly in the `proxy.ini` file, or run the following command to update the proxy details in the `proxy.ini` file:

```
consoleAgentManager.sh configureProxy <proxy host> <proxy port>
```
3. Restart the Secure Agent.

CHAPTER 3

Mappings for Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3

When you configure a mapping, you describe the flow of data from the source to the target.

When you create a mapping, you define the Source transformation and Target transformation to represent a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 object. Use the Mapping Designer in Data Integration to add the Source or Target transformations in the mapping canvas and configure the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 source and target properties.

In advanced mode, the Mapping Designer updates the mapping canvas to include transformations and functions that enable advanced functionality.

You can use Monitor to monitor the jobs.

Data compression in Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 sources and targets

You can decompress data when you read data from Microsoft Azure Blob Storage and compress the data when you write data to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage.

Configure the compression format in the **Compression Format** option under the advanced source and target properties.

For the Flat resource type, select only the Gzip compression format. The following table lists the compression formats for Avro and Parquet resource types:

Compression format	Avro File	Flat File	JSON File	Parquet File
None	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Deflate*	Yes	N/A	No	No
Gzip	No	Yes	No	Yes
Bzip2	N/A	N/A	No	N/A
Lzo	N/A	N/A	No	N/A

Compression format	Avro File	Flat File	JSON File	Parquet File
Snappy*	Yes	N/A	No	Yes
*Select None to decompress the Deflate and Snappy file formats.				

To read a compressed file from Microsoft Azure Blob Storage, the compressed file must have specific extensions. If the extensions used to read the compressed file are not valid, the Secure Agent does not process the file. The following table describes the extensions that are appended based on the compression format that you use:

Compression format	File Name Extension
Deflate	.deflate
Gzip	.GZ
Bzip2	.BZ2
Lzo	.LZO
Snappy	.snappy

Directory source in Microsoft Azure Blob Storage sources

You can select the type of source from which you want to read data.

You can select the following type of sources from the **Source Type** option under the advanced source properties:

- File
- Directory

Use the following rules and guidelines to select **Directory** as the source type:

- All the source files in the directory must contain the same metadata.
- All the files must have data in the same format. For example, delimiters, header fields, and escape characters must be same.
- All the files under a specified directory are parsed. The files under subdirectories are not parsed.
- The connector does not perform any validation if there are multiple blob formats in the directory you select and might result into errors.

Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 sources in mappings

In a mapping, you can configure a Source transformation to represent a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 object.

The following table describes the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 source properties that you can configure in a Source transformation:

Property	Description
Connection	Name of the source connection. Select a source connection or click New Parameter to define a new parameter for the source connection.
Source Type	Source type. Select one of the following types: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Single Object- Parameter: Select Parameter to define the source type when you configure the mapping task.
Object	Name of the source object. You can drill-down and select an object from a sub-folder to fetch metadata from a particular object. When you run a task, the Secure Agent reads data from the container you specified either in connection properties or in the advance properties.
Parameter	Select an existing parameter for the source object or click New Parameter to define a new parameter for the source object. The Parameter property appears only if you select Parameter as the source type.
Format	Specifies the file format that the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector uses to read data from Microsoft Azure Blob Storage. You can select the following file format types: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Flat- Avro- Parquet- JSON Default is None . You must select the Format Type as None to read binary files. For more information, see "File formatting options" on page 19 .

The following table describes the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 advanced source properties that you can configure in a Source transformation:

Property	Description
Number of concurrent connections to Blob Store	The number of concurrent connections to Blob Store to upload files. Default is 4.
Source Type	Select the type of source from which you want to read data. You can select the following source types: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- File- Directory Default is File.

Property	Description
Blob Name Override	Overrides the default file name.
Blob Container Override	<p>Overrides the default container name.</p> <p>When you read data from a directory and override the Blob container, ensure that files in the Blob container that you override with are not empty.</p> <p>When you generate the SAS token at the container-level, the default container name and the container name that you specify for the container override must be the same.</p>
Compression Format	<p>Decompresses data when you read data from Microsoft Azure Blob Storage. You can decompress the data in the following formats:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - None. Select None to decompress deflate and snappy file formats. - Gzip - Bzip2 - Lzo <p>Default is None.</p>
Tracing Level	<p>Sets the amount of detail that appears in the log file.</p> <p>You can choose terse, normal, verbose initialization, or verbose data.</p> <p>Default is normal.</p>

Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 targets in mappings

In a mapping, you can configure a Target transformation to represent a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 object.

The following table describes the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 target properties that you can configure in a Target transformation:

Property	Description
Connection	Name of the target connection. Select a target connection or click New Parameter to define a new parameter for the target connection.
Target Type	<p>Target type. Select one of the following types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Single Object. - Parameter. Select Parameter to define the target type when you configure the task.
Object	<p>Name of the target object. You can select an existing object or create a new target at run time.</p> <p>When you select Create New at Runtime, enter a name and path for the target object and select the source fields that you want to use. By default, all source fields are used. The Path attribute is not applicable.</p> <p>The target name can contain alphanumeric characters. You can use only a period (.), an underscore (_), an at the rate sign (@), a dollar sign (\$), and a percentage sign (%) special characters in the file name.</p> <p>You can use parameters defined in a parameter file in the target name.</p>
Parameter	<p>Select an existing parameter for the target object or click New Parameter to define a new parameter for the target object.</p> <p>The Parameter property appears only if you select Parameter as the target type.</p>

Property	Description
Format	<p>Specifies the file format that the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector uses to read data from Microsoft Azure Blob Storage.</p> <p>You can select the following file format types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Flat - Avro - Parquet - JSON <p>Default is None.</p> <p>You must select the Format Type as None to read binary files.</p> <p>For more information, see "File formatting options" on page 19.</p>
Operation	Target operation. Select Insert . You can only insert data to a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage target.

The following table describes the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 advanced target properties that you can configure in a Target transformation:

Property	Description
Number of concurrent connections to Blob Store	The number of concurrent connections to Blob Store to upload files. Default is 4.
Blob Name Override	Overrides the default file name. You must use this property when you want to write compressed blob files to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage.
Blob Container Override	<p>Overrides the default container name.</p> <p>When you create a new target at the run time and select the blob container override property, the Secure Agent generates an empty header file in the container specified in the connection.</p> <p>When you specify the blob container override in the target, ensure that you specify the file that you want to write to the target in the blob name override property.</p> <p>When you generate the SAS token at the container-level, the default container name and the container name that you specify for the container override must be the same.</p>
Compression Format	<p>Compresses data when you write data to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage. You can compress the data in the following formats:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - None - Deflate - Gzip - Bzip2 - Lzo - Snappy <p>Default is None.</p>
Write Strategy	Appends block to a blob, when you select append blob. Applicable to .csv files only.
Blob Type	Writes data to a block blob or an append blob.
Forward Rejected Rows	Not applicable.

Specifying a target

You can use an existing target or create a target to hold the results of a mapping. If you choose to create the target, the agent creates the target when you run the task.

To specify the target properties, follow these steps:

1. Select the Target transformation in the mapping.
2. On the **Incoming Fields** tab, configure field rules to specify the fields to include in the target.
3. To specify the target, click the **Target** tab.
4. Select the target connection.
5. For the target type, choose **Single Object** or **Parameter**.
6. Specify the target object or parameter.
 - To create a target file at run time, enter the name for the target file including the extension, for example, `Accounts.csv`.
 - If you want the file name to include a time stamp, click **Handle Special Characters** and add special characters to the file name. For example, add the special characters shown here to include all the time stamp information: `Accounts_%d%m%y%.T.csv`.
7. Click **Formatting Options** if you want to configure the formatting options for the file, and click **OK**.
8. Click **Select** and choose a target object. You can select an existing target object or create a new target object at run time and specify the object name.

Target Object

Select an existing target object or create a new one. Any new target objects will be created when the mapping configuration task is executed.

Target Object: ☐ Existing ☒ Create New at Runtime

Object Name: [Formatting Options...](#) ?

Handle Special Characters: ☒

? OK Cancel

9. Specify Advanced properties for the target, if needed.

Target time stamps

When you create a target at run time, you can append time stamp information to the file name to show when the file is created.

When you specify the file name for the target file, include special characters based on Linux STRFTIME function formats that the mapping task uses to include time stamp information in the file name. The time stamp is based on the organization's time zone.

The following table describes some common STRFTIME function formats that you might use in a mapping or mapping task:

Special Character	Description
%d	Day as a two-decimal number, with a range of 01-31.
%m	Month as a two-decimal number, with a range of 01-12.

Special Character	Description
%y	Year as a two-decimal number without the century, with range of 00-99.
%Y	Year including the century, for example 2015.
%T	Applicable only to flat files. Time in 24-hour notation, equivalent to %H:%M:%S.
%H	Hour in 24-hour clock notation, with a range of 00-24.
%I	Hour in 12-hour clock notation, with a range of 01-12.
%M	Minute as a decimal, with a range of 00-59.
%S	Second as a decimal, with a range of 00-60.
%p	Either AM or PM.

Note: For complex files, instead of %T you can use the equivalent %H_%M_%S.

File formatting options

When you select the format of a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage file, you can configure the formatting options.

The following table describes the formatting options for Avro, Parquet, JSON, and delimited flat files:

Property	Description
Schema Source	<p>The schema of the source or target file.</p> <p>Select one of the following options to specify a schema:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Read from data file. Imports the schema from the file in Microsoft Azure Blob Storage. - Import from schema file. Imports schema from a schema definition file in your local machine.
Schema File	<p>The schema definition file in the agent machine from where you want to upload the schema.</p> <p>You cannot upload a schema file when you select the Create Target option.</p>

The following table describes the formatting options for flat files:

Property	Description
Flat File Type	The type of flat file. Select one of the following options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Delimited. Reads a flat file that contains column delimiters. - Fixed Width. Not applicable.
Delimiter	Character used to separate columns of data. You can set values as comma, tab, colon, semicolon, or others. You can't set a tab as a delimiter directly in the Delimiter field. To set a tab as a delimiter, you must type the tab character in any text editor. Then, copy the character to the Delimiter field.
EscapeChar	Character immediately preceding a column delimiter character embedded in an unquoted string, or immediately preceding the quote character in a quoted string.
Qualifier	Quote character that defines the boundaries of text strings. You can configure parameters such as single quote or double quote. You can use the output text qualifier when a delimiter value is present in the data.
Qualifier Mode	Specify the qualifier behavior for the target object. You can select one of the following options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Minimal. Default mode. Applies qualifier to data enclosed within a delimiter value or a special character. - All. Applies qualifier to all data.
Code Page	Select the code page that the Secure Agent must use to read or write data. Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Connector supports only UTF-8. Ignore rest of the code pages.
Header Line Number	Specify the line number that you want to use as the header when you read data from Microsoft Azure Blob Storage. You can also read a data from a file that does not have a header. To read data from a file with no header, specify the value of the Header Line Number field as 0.
First Data Row	Specify the line number from where you want to start reading the data. Enter a value greater than or equal to one. To read data from the header, the value of the Header Line Number and the First Data Row fields should be the same. Default is 1.
Target Header	Select whether you want to write data to a target that contains a header or without a header in the flat file. You can select With Header or Without Header options. This property is not applicable when you read data from a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 source.
Distribution Column	Not applicable.
escapeCharacterDataRetained	Not applicable.
maxRowsToPreview	Not applicable.
rowDelimiter	Not applicable.

The following table describes the formatting options for JSON files:

Property	Description
Data elements to sample	Not applicable.
Memory available to process data	Not applicable.

Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 target file parameterization

When you parameterize the file name and target folder location for Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 target objects, you can pass the file name and folder location at run time. If the folder does not exist, the Secure Agent creates the folder structure dynamically.

Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 target file parameterization through a parameter file

You can parameterize a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 target file using a parameter file.

To parameterize a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 target file using a parameter file, create a Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 target object and add parameters in the target object name and target object path. Define the parameter that you added for the target object in the parameter file. Then, place the parameter file in the following location and run the mapping task:

```
<Informatica Cloud Secure Agent\apps\Data_Integration_Server\data\userparameters>
```

Rules and guidelines for mappings and mapping tasks

Consider the following rules and guidelines when you configure mappings and mapping tasks:

- When you edit the metadata, all native data types change to Bigint and you cannot change the scale and precision of data types except for the string data type.
- When you write a JSON file to Microsoft Azure Data Lake Blob Storage, ensure that the column names do not contain unicode characters.
- Ensure that the scale of a double data type is not set to 0 in the target file when you read data from or write data to Microsoft Azure Blob Storage.
- The data preview and mapping fail if you read an Avro file that contains binary fields.
- Ensure that the field names in the source or target object do not contain special characters or unicode characters.
- You cannot preview data when you read or write a compressed file.

- When you write an Avro or a Parquet file, ensure that the file does not contain null values, else incorrect data is written in the target for the fields with null values.
- You cannot select append blob as blob type when you read or write a JSON file.

CHAPTER 4

Data type reference

Data Integration uses the following data types in Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 mappings and mapping tasks:

- Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 native data types appear in the source and target transformations when you choose to edit metadata for the fields.
- Transformation data types. Set of data types that appear in the transformations. These are internal data types based on ANSI SQL-92 generic data types, which the Secure Agent uses to move data across platforms. They appear in all transformations in a mapping.

When the Secure Agent reads source data, it converts the native data types to the comparable transformation data types before transforming the data. When the Secure Agent writes to a target, it converts the transformation data types to the comparable native data types.

Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 and transformation data types

The following table lists the Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 data types that the Secure Agent supports and the corresponding transformation data types:

Microsoft Azure Blob Storage V3 Native Data Type	Transformation Data Type	Range and Description
String	String	1 to 104,857,600 characters

Avro data types and transformation data types

Avro file data types map to transformation data types that the Secure Agent uses to move data across platforms.

The following table lists the Avro file data types that the Secure Agent supports and the corresponding transformation data types:

Avro Data Type	Transformation Data Type	Range and Description
Boolean	Integer	TRUE (1) or FALSE (0)
Bytes	Binary	Precision 4000
Double	Double	Precision 15
Float	Double	Precision 15
Int	Integer	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 Precision 10, scale 0
Long	Bigint	-9,223,372,036,854,775,808 to 9,223,372,036,854,775,807 Precision 19, scale 0
Null	Integer	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 Precision 10, scale 0
String	String	-1 to 104,857,600 characters

JSON data types and transformation data types

JSON complex file data types map to transformation data types that the Secure Agent uses to move data across platforms.

The following table lists the JSON complex file data types that the Data Integration supports and the corresponding transformation data types:

JSON Data Type	Transformation Data Type	Range and Description
boolean	integer	The default transformation type for boolean is integer. You can specify string data type with values of True and False. True is equivalent to the integer 1 and False is equivalent to the integer 0.
Number (double)	double	-1.79769313486231570E+308 to +1.79769313486231570E+308. Precision 15.

JSON Data Type	Transformation Data Type	Range and Description
Number (float)	double	-1.79769313486231570E+308 to +1.79769313486231570E+308. Precision 15.
Number (int)	integer	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 Precision 10, scale 0
Number (long)	bigint	-9,223,372,036,854,775,808 to 9,223,372,036,854,775,807 Precision 19, scale 0.
string	string	1 to 104,857,600 characters.

Parquet data types and transformation data types

Parquet file data types map to transformation data types that the Secure Agent uses to move data across platforms.

The following table lists the Parquet file data types that the Secure Agent supports and the corresponding transformation data types:

Parquet Data Type	Transformation Data Type	Range and Description
Boolean	Integer	TRUE (1) or FALSE (0)
Byte_Array	Binary	Arbitrarily long byte array
Double	Double	Precision 15
Float	Double	Precision 15
Int32	Integer	-2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647
Int64	Bigint	-9,223,372,036,854,775,808 to +9,223,372,036,854,775,807 8-byte signed integer
Int96	Binary	12-byte signed integer

The Parquet schema that you specify to read or write a Parquet file must be in smaller case. Parquet does not support case-sensitive schema.

CHAPTER 5

Troubleshooting

Use the following sections to troubleshoot errors in mappings.

Troubleshooting a connection

The session log does not log the proxy server details

When you configure a proxy server through the Informatica Cloud Secure Agent user interface, the session log does not log the proxy server details.

Configure the proxy server by setting the JVM Options for your Secure Agent in the Administrator service.

Troubleshooting a mapping or mapping task

[ERROR] Exception: java.io.IOException: Too many open files

When you run a mapping on a Linux machine to read a large file, the mapping might fail with the following error:

```
[ERROR] Exception: java.io.IOException: Too many open files
```

To resolve this issue, perform the following steps:

1. Increase the value of file-max that is the maximum File Descriptors enforced on a kernel level. To change the file descriptor setting, edit the kernel parameter file `/etc/sysctl.conf` and add `fs.file-max=[new value]` to it.

For example:

```
# vi /etc/sysctl.conf  
fs.file-max = 400000
```

2. Set the ulimit. The ulimit must be less than file-max.
To change the ulimit setting, edit the file `/etc/security/limits.conf` and set the hard and soft limits in it.

For example:

```
# vi /etc/security/limits.conf
* soft nofile 40000
* hard nofile 40000
```

When I write a JSON file, the mapping task fails with a Java heap space error.

When you write a JSON file of size 1 GB or more, the task fails with a Java heap space error.

Set the JVM options for type DTM to increase the `-Xms` and `-Xmx` values in the system configuration details of the Secure Agent.

When I use the create a new target at runtime to write an Avro file, the schema is created with primitive data types without providing an option to include null values.

You must manually edit the schema to allow null values as required. For example:

```
{ "type": "record", "name": "Azure_Avro_CT_N", "fields": [
  { "name": "c_custkey" , "type": ["int", "null"] },
  { "name": "c_name" , "type": "string" },
  { "name": "c_address" , "type": "string" },
  { "name": "c_nationkey" , "type": ["long", "null"] }
```

The same error message is displayed for every failed mapping.

You can verify the error message in the session log.

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