

Informatica® PowerExchange CDC Publisher 1.1

User Guide

Informatica PowerExchange CDC Publisher User Guide 1.1 June 2018

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Preface

The PowerExchange CDC Publisher User Guide describes how to configure, use, and administer the PowerExchange CDC Publisher software for streaming change data to target messaging systems such as Apache Kafka. After the change data is published to the target messaging system, it can be read by consumer applications for a variety of purposes.

PowerExchange CDC Publisher is an add-on option of the Informatica PowerExchange product.

The User Guide covers the following topics:

- · General product architecture
- · Product limitations
- · Installation and upgrades
- · PowerExchange CDC considerations
- · Target considerations
- Configuration parameters
- · Common administrative tasks
- PowerExchange CDC Publisher command-line utilities
- Supported Avro schema formats
- Messages

This guide assumes that users are familiar with the target messaging system, the PowerExchange CDC product, and the PowerExchange CDC data sources from which change data is captured.

Informatica Resources

Informatica Network

Informatica Network hosts Informatica Global Customer Support, the Informatica Knowledge Base, and other product resources. To access Informatica Network, visit https://network.informatica.com.

As a member, you can:

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- · View product availability information.
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• Find your local Informatica User Group Network and collaborate with your peers.

Informatica Knowledge Base

Use the Informatica Knowledge Base to search Informatica Network for product resources such as documentation, how-to articles, best practices, and PAMs.

To access the Knowledge Base, visit https://kb.informatica.com. If you have questions, comments, or ideas about the Knowledge Base, contact the Informatica Knowledge Base team at KB_Feedback@informatica.com.

Informatica Documentation

To get the latest documentation for your product, browse the Informatica Knowledge Base at https://kb.informatica.com/_layouts/ProductDocumentation/Page/ProductDocumentSearch.aspx.

If you have questions, comments, or ideas about this documentation, contact the Informatica Documentation team through email at infa_documentation@informatica.com.

Informatica Product Availability Matrixes

Product Availability Matrixes (PAMs) indicate the versions of operating systems, databases, and other types of data sources and targets that a product release supports. If you are an Informatica Network member, you can access PAMs at

https://network.informatica.com/community/informatica-network/product-availability-matrices.

Informatica Velocity

Informatica Velocity is a collection of tips and best practices developed by Informatica Professional Services. Developed from the real-world experience of hundreds of data management projects, Informatica Velocity represents the collective knowledge of our consultants who have worked with organizations from around the world to plan, develop, deploy, and maintain successful data management solutions.

If you are an Informatica Network member, you can access Informatica Velocity resources at http://velocity.informatica.com.

If you have questions, comments, or ideas about Informatica Velocity, contact Informatica Professional Services at ips@informatica.com.

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To find your local Informatica Global Customer Support telephone number, visit the Informatica website at the following link:

http://www.informatica.com/us/services-and-training/support-services/global-support-centers.

If you are an Informatica Network member, you can use Online Support at http://network.informatica.com.

CHAPTER 1

PowerExchange CDC Publisher Overview

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Product Overview, 8
- · PowerExchange CDC Publisher Data Sources and Targets, 9
- PowerExchange CDC Publisher Architecture, 10
- Alternative Configurations of PowerExchange and PowerExchange CDC Publisher, 12
- PowerExchange CDC Publisher Utilities, 16
- General Data-Streaming Limitations, 16

Product Overview

The PowerExchange CDC Publisher is a Java-based tool that streams change data that has been captured from a PowerExchange data source to a target messaging system such as Apache Kafka. This tool is licensed as an option of the PowerExchange CDC product.

Typically, the PowerExchange CDC Publisher runs continuously as a Linux daemon or as a Windows foreground process until you stop it. It acts as a client of both the PowerExchange system and target messaging system. You can run the PowerExchange CDC Publisher on any Linux or Windows system in your environment, including a system that is remote from the data source, target messaging system, and PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows.

The PowerExchange CDC Publisher retrieves change data from the PowerExchange Logger log files. The CDC Publisher process creates a child extraction process that connects to the system that contains the PowerExchange Logger log files to read change data.

The PowerExchange Logger logs units of work (UOWs) in commit order. The PowerExchange CDC Publisher maintains this order when streaming change data to the target messaging system.

You can run the PowerExchange Logger in continuous mode or batch mode. However, if you configure the PowerExchange Logger to run in batch mode and stop at the "end of log," the CDC Publisher streams the change data in bursts as the batch Logger process makes the changes available in the log files.

When establishing a change data stream, the PowerExchange CDC Publisher performs the following processing:

1. Retrieves a list of extraction map names that match the schema name that you specified.

- 2. If you defined filtering criteria for source tables or objects, selects the extraction maps that match your filters for use in extraction processing.
- 3. Begins extracting change data.
- 4. When the first change for an extraction map is received, generates an Avro schema for the source object.
- 5. Formats the extracted source change records into messages based on the Avro schemas.
- 6. Connects to the target messaging system as a producer to send the formatted messages to target topics.

After the change data is available in the target messaging system, consumer applications, such as Informatica Big Data Streaming, can consume the data for a variety of purposes. The consumer applications must have copies of the Avro schemas that PowerExchange CDC Publisher generated to decode the messages.

The PowerExchange CDC Publisher includes optional utilities for monitoring and administering a CDC Publisher process and for generating legible copies of the Avro schemas for consumer application use. You can run these utilities locally or from a remote system. To control access to the utility script files, you must use file system security. PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not provide security on the utility script files or administrative functions.

PowerExchange CDC Publisher Data Sources and Targets

PowerExchange CDC Publisher can process change data captured from relational and nonrelational PowerExchange data sources on heterogeneous platforms and stream the data to target messaging systems.

Supported source types:

- On z/OS:
 - Adabas
 - Datacom
 - Db2 for z/OS
 - IDMS
 - IMS
 - Batch VSAM
 - CICS/VSAM

Note: PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not process data from PowerExchange Adabas, Datacom, or IDMS sources on z/OS.

- On IBM i (previously called i5/OS):
 - Db2 for i
- On Linux, UNIX, or Windows:
 - Db2 LUW
 - Microsoft SQL Server (Windows only)
 - Oracle

Supported target types:

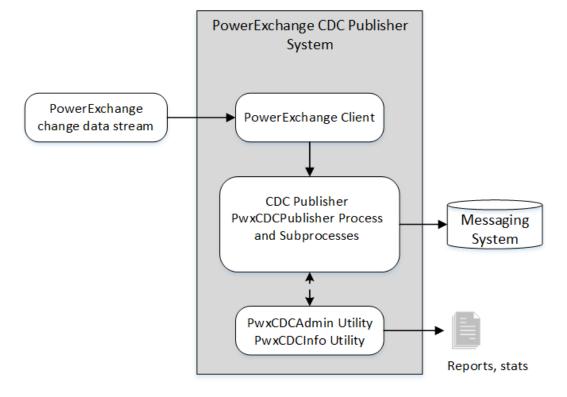
- · Apache Kafka on Linux or Windows
- MapR Streams with the Apache Kafka 0.9 API on Linux or Windows

PowerExchange CDC Publisher Architecture

The PowerExchange CDC Publisher contains a Java-based CDC Publisher component that interacts with local PowerExchange client code to retrieve change data from PowerExchange. The CDC Publisher formats the change data into messages and streams the messages to the target messaging system.

The PowerExchange CDC Publisher also includes utilities for administering a CDC Publisher process and data stream, displaying the status of each process, reporting processing statistics, and generating copies of the Avro schemas for review or for consumers of the data sent to the messaging system.

The following image shows the general architecture of the PowerExchange CDC Publisher:



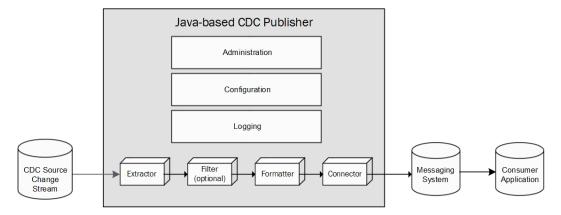
CDC Publisher

The Informatica CDC Publisher is a Java-based tool that is used to stream change data to a target messaging system such as Apache Kafka.

The CDC Publisher contains the following components that move data:

- The CDC Publisher Extractor consumes a stream of change data from the source. The incoming data records include schema information, row-based data changes, and transactional boundary metadata. The Extractor performs the following functions:
 - Assigns a sequence ID that is both repeatable and increasing to each change data record.
 - Interacts with the component that supplies the streamed data.
 - Ignores records that are older than the current restart point.
 - Verifies that data is in an expected format.
 - Places the results on an outbound queue for Formatter processing.
- The *Filter* component optionally filters the extracted change data based on lists of source objects to include or exclude that you specify.
- The Formatter receives change data from the CDC Publisher Extractor, formats the data based on the generated Avro schema of the selected format (flat, nested, or generic) for inclusion in messages, and sends the formatted messages to the Connector.
- The Connector reads the formatted messages from the Formatter and connects to the target messaging system to apply the messages. The Connector applies the message data in a consistent, ordered, and recoverable manner.

The following image shows the basic architecture of the Java-based CDC Publisher:



Alternative Configurations of PowerExchange and PowerExchange CDC Publisher

When determining how to implement PowerExchange CDC Publisher in your PowerExchange environment, consider the following guidelines:

- The PowerExchange CDC Publisher is a client of both the PowerExchange source system and the target
 messaging system. It can run on any Linux or Windows machine in your environment, including a system
 that is remote from the data source, target, and PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows
 systems.
- The PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not run on platforms other than Linux or Windows.
- PowerExchange must be installed on the source system, PowerExchange Logger system, and PowerExchange CDC Publisher system. The CDC Publisher uses the PowerExchange client code from the local PowerExchange installation to communicate with PowerExchange Listener instances on other machines.
- The PowerExchange CDC Publisher requires the PowerExchange Logger. The PowerExchange CDC
 Publisher reads change records from PowerExchange Logger log files. Run a PowerExchange Listener
 instance on the same machine as the PowerExchange Logger. Then configure the PowerExchange client
 on the CDC Publisher system to connect to the PowerExchange Listener on that machine to extract
 change records.
- If the PowerExchange Logger is remote from the data source, you must configure remote logging of change data, as described in the *PowerExchange CDC Guide for Linux, UNIX, and Windows*.

The following configurations of PowerExchange and PowerExchange CDC Publisher components are typical:

Configuration 1: All components run on the source system

The data source, PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows, PowerExchange Listener, and PowerExchange CDC Publisher run on the same Linux or Windows machine. All of the configuration files reside on this machine, including the PowerExchange dbmover configuration file, PowerExchange Logger pwxccl.cfg configuration file, all CDC Publisher configurations files, and the extraction maps. PowerExchange and the CDC Publisher can share the same dbmover configuration file.

This configuration can be used if the data source is on a Linux or Windows system. This configuration cannot be used if the data source is on an IBM i (i5/OS), UNIX, or z/OS system.

Configuration 2: The PowerExchange Logger runs on the source system and the CDC Publisher runs on a separate system

You can use this configuration if the data source and PowerExchange Logger run on a Linux, UNIX, or Windows system. This configuration is also suitable when you want to add CDC Publisher functionality to an existing PowerExchange environment in which the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows logs change data locally on the source system.

Because the PowerExchange Logger extracts change data from the data source locally, you do not need to configure remote logging. The PowerExchange client on the CDC Publisher system connects to the PowerExchange Listener on the PowerExchange Logger system to retrieve the change data. The source system and CDC Publisher systems must have separate dbmover configuration files. The dbmover configuration file on the CDC Publisher system includes a NODE statement that points to the source host.

This configuration can be used if the data source is on a Linux, UNIX, or Windows system. This configuration cannot be used if the data source is on an IBM i or z/OS system.

Linux or Windows LUW Source System PowerExchange CDC **Publisher System** Change Data Source PowerExchange PowerExchange Client Logger for LUW ı dbmover Log files file pwxccl file J CDC Publisher -PowerExchange Extract, Formatter, Messaging Listener Connector Processes System dbmover file **CDC Publisher** and Kafka config files

The following image shows this configuration:

Extraction Maps

Note: In this image, *change data source* can be Db2 LUW transaction logs, Oracle active and archived redo logs, or a Microsoft SQL Server distribution database.

Configuration 3: The PowerExchange Logger and CDC Publisher run on a system that is remote from the source

The PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows and PowerExchange CDC Publisher components run on the same Linux or Windows system. Because the PowerExchange Logger is remote from the data source, you must configure PowerExchange for remote logging, as described in the *PowerExchange CDC Guide for Linux, UNIX, and Windows*. The source system and the Logger and CDC Publisher system must have separate dbmover configuration files. The dbmover configuration file on the Logger and CDC Publisher system includes a NODE statement that points to the source host.

This configuration accommodates data sources on IBM i, UNIX, or z/OS as well as data sources on Linux and Windows.

Linux or Windows i5/OS, LUW, or z/OS Logger and CDC Source System Publisher System PowerExchange Logger for LUW Change Data Logs pwxccl Source PowerExchange Listener dbmover PowerExchange Listener PowerExchange Client dbmover file **CDC Publisher** Messaging System CDC Publisher and Kafka config files Extraction Maps

The following image shows this configuration:

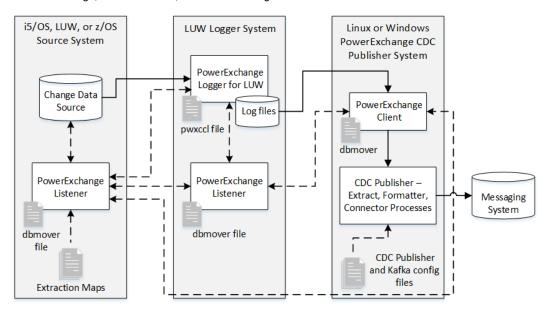
Note: In this image, *change data source* is broadly defined as including PowerExchange Logger for z/OS log files or PowerExchange Condense files on z/OS, journal receivers or PowerExchange Condense files on IBM i (i5/OS), Db2 LUW transaction logs, Oracle redo logs, or a Microsoft SQL Server database.

Configuration 4: The data source, PowerExchange Logger, and PowerExchange CDC Publisher run on three separate machines

You can use this configuration to process change data from a source on a platform such as i5/OS or z/OS on which the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows and PowerExchange CDC Publisher cannot run. This configuration is also suitable when you want to add CDC Publisher functionality to an existing PowerExchange environment that uses remote logging of change data to PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files.

On each system, define a PowerExchange dbmover configuration file. The dbmover configuration file on the CDC Publisher system includes a NODE statement that is used to connect to the source system to read extraction maps and another NODE statement that is used to connect to the Logger system to retrieve change data from the Logger log files. The CDC Publisher system also contains the PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files and the Kafka producer.properties file that the CDC Publisher uses to connect to Kafka.

The following image shows this configuration, including the locations of the extraction maps and the PowerExchange, CDC Publisher, and Kafka configuration files:



Note: In this image, *change data source* is broadly defined as including PowerExchange Logger for z/OS log files or PowerExchange Condense files on z/OS, journal receivers or PowerExchange Condense files on IBM i (i5/OS), Db2 LUW transaction logs, Oracle redo logs, or a Microsoft SQL Server database.

The general process flow is:

- 1. PowerExchange captures change data from the local data source based on capture registrations.
- PowerExchange remotely logs the change data to the PowerExchange Logger log files on another system. The PowerExchange Logger logs changes from successful units of work (UOWs) in commit order.
- 3. The PowerExchange client on the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system retrieves change data from the PowerExchange Logger log files, maintaining the commit order.
- The CDC Publisher extracts the change data for source objects of interest, formats the data into messages, and connects to the target messaging system to transmit the messages.

PowerExchange CDC Publisher Utilities

To interact with PowerExchange CDC Publisher, you must use its command-line utilities. The primary utility that initiates and processes the change data stream is the PwxCDCPublisher utility. The other utilities, PwxCDCInfo and PwxCDCAdmin, are for monitoring and administering the CDC Publisher system.

The following table briefly describes each utility:

Utility	Description
PwxCDCPublisher	The main PowerExchange CDC Publisher utility for streaming change data from PowerExchange to the target messaging system. The utility extracts change data from PowerExchange, filters the data if filtering criteria is defined, formats the data into messages, connects to the target, and publishes the messages to the target topics. These processes comprise a streaming path. The utility usually runs as a long-running process or daemon.
PwxCDCAdmin	The PowerExchange CDC Publisher utility for issuing administrative commands to a PwxCDCPublisher process that is running. Commands are available for: - Shutting down the CDC Publisher. - Clearing Avro schemas from cache so that you can refresh the extraction maps for source tables with added or removed columns, thereby enabling PowerExchange CDC Publisher to regenerate the Avro schemas the next time data is received for the tables. - Re-reading all extraction maps from PowerExchange to get new or changed extraction map definitions for source tables. - Reporting the current Avro schemas in a format that is suitable for viewing or consumer application use.
PwxCDCInfo	The PowerExchange CDC Publisher utility for reporting the color-coded status of a PwxCDCPublisher process and each of its main subprocesses: "GREEN" for running, "RED" for stopped, or "YELLOW" for a potential problem. The utility can also report statistics and state information for each topic and for internal attributes that are intended for diagnostic use.

The command syntax for each utility is described in <u>Appendix A, "Command Reference for the Command-Line</u> Utilities" on page 69.

General Data-Streaming Limitations

Review the following items to determine if the PowerExchange CDC Publisher is appropriate for your environment:

- PowerExchange CDC Publisher can perform source table-level filtering. However, CDC Publisher does not
 perform source column-level filtering or row-level filtering. All source columns or fields are included in
 every message. For each change record or row received, the CDC Publisher generates a message.
- The PowerExchange CDC Publisher is certified with a single source system and a single target messaging
 system (a one-to-one topology). The source tables or objects must be all of the same source type and
 registered under a single source instance. Toplogies that have a single source and multiple target
 messaging systems (a fan-out topology) or that have multiple sources and a single target messaging
 system (a fan-in topology) are not currently supported. For more information, contact Informatica Global
 Customer Support or your product specialist.
- The version of PowerExchange that is installed on the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system must match
 the PowerExchange version that is installed on other systems in the PowerExchange change capture
 environment.

- By default, the CDC Publisher expects that the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows is
 configured to extract both before-images and after-images of data. If the PowerExchange Logger is
 configured to extract only after images, the before images do not appear in the Avro messages. In this
 case, set the following properties when you configure the CDC Publisher configuration files:
 - Extract.pwxUpdateImageOption=AI
 - Formatter.avroIncludeBeforeImage=false. The setting of false disables the generation of the Avro fields for before images.
- For data sources that were registered in PowerExchange based on a COBOL copybook, the CDC Publisher
 uses the low-level fields but not the group that contains the fields. To handle this situation, you can use a
 PowerExchange expression or let the consumer application determine the method to use.
- For Oracle sources, if you specify ORACLE_UNHANDLED_NUMASCHAR=Y in the DBMOVER configuration
 file that the PowerExchange Navigator uses, PowerExchange converts NUMBER columns that have a
 precision greater than 28 or an undefined length and FLOAT columns that have a precision greater than 15
 significant digits to VARCHAR(172) strings when creating capture registrations and extraction maps. The
 CDC Publisher does not convert the VARCHAR(172) columns back to numeric values.
- · Avro represents all character strings in UTF-8 character encoding.
- If DDL changes are made to source tables, the CDC Publisher ignores the DDL changes and retains the
 existing message structure until you take action to update the Avro schema. For more information, see
 "Handling Changes to Source Tables and Extraction Maps" on page 63.

CHAPTER 2

Installing and Upgrading PowerExchange CDC Publisher

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Installation Overview, 18
- Software Requirements, 19
- Installing PowerExchange CDC Publisher, 20
- Installed Directories, 20
- · Post-Installation Tasks, 21
- Upgrading PowerExchange CDC Publisher, 23
- Uninstalling PowerExchange CDC Publisher, 24

Installation Overview

Informatica provides a platform-specific .zip file or .tar.gz file for installing PowerExchange CDC Publisher on a supported Linux or Windows system. To install PowerExchange CDC Publisher, you simply unzip or extract the compressed installation file.

Before you install PowerExchange CDC Publisher, perform the following tasks:

- Get the PowerExchange CDC Publisher installation file for your operating system and a PowerExchange license key that enables the PowerExchange CDC Publisher option.
- · Confirm that your system meets the software requirements of PowerExchange CDC Publisher.
- Check that you have sufficient disk space on your Linux or Windows system. Informatica recommends the following minimum amounts:
 - 50 MB free disk space for the initial installation
 - 200 MB for the contents of each PowerExchange CDC Publisher instanceX subdirectory that you configure

After you install PowerExchange CDC Publisher, you must perform some initial system-setup tasks to prepare the PowerExchange CDC Publisher environment, such as configuring environment variables.

Software Requirements

Verify that the system where you plan to install PowerExchange CDC Publisher meets the product operating system and software requirements.

Tip: The Product Availability Matrix (PAM) for this product version provides the latest information on supported versions of operating systems and software. If you are an Informatica Network member, you can access the current PAM at

https://network.informatica.com/community/informatica-network/product-availability-matrices.

Supported Operating Systems

PowerExchange CDC Publisher is certified to run on the following operating systems:

- Red Hat Enterprise Linux versions 6.5, 7.0, 7.4
- SUSE Linux 12
- Windows 10
- Windows Server 2012 R2
- Windows Server 2008 R2

Supported PowerExchange Versions

PowerExchange CDC Publisher works with the following PowerExchange CDC versions:

- 10.2
- 10.1.1
- 10.1

For supported versions of the PowerExchange data sources, see the *PowerExchange Installation and Upgrade Guide* for your PowerExchange version.

Supported Apache Kafka Target Versions

PowerExchange CDC Publisher works with the following Apache Kafka versions:

- 1.1.0 from any available binary download
- 0.11.0.n from any available binary download
- 0.10.2.0 from any available binary download
- 0.9.0.1 from any available binary download

Note: The Scala version is immaterial.

Supported MapR Streams Target Versions

PowerExchange CDC Publisher works with the following MapR Streams versions with the Apache Kafka 0.9 API:

- 6.0
- 5.2.2

Other Software Requirements

On the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system, ensure the following software is also installed:

64-bit Java JRE 8 (root directory jre1.8.0_version) or later

Microsoft Visual C++ Redistributable Packages for Visual Studio 2013 (Windows only)

Note: The PwxCDCPublisher script looks for the msvcr120.dll file in the Windows path in the Path environment variable.

Installing PowerExchange CDC Publisher

To install PowerExchange CDC Publisher on a 64-bit Linux or Windows system, you simply extract the compressed installation file that Informatica delivers for the operating system in the pwxcdcpublisher_100_cd.zip file.

- Transfer the platform-specific installation file that you received from Informatica to a directory on your Windows or Linux system.
 - Informatica provides the pwxcdcpubv.r.m_win_x64.zip file for the Windows installation and the pwxcdcpubv.r.m_linux_x64.tar.gz file for the Linux installation. Retain the installation file so that you can use it again if you need to reinstall the PowerExchange CDC Publisher.
- 2. Unzip or extract the installation file to a location of your choice.
 - The PowerExchange CDC Publisher root installation directory and subdirectories are created. The root installation directory has a unique version-specific name that will not be overwritten by subsequent upgrade installations.
- 3. Verify that the expected PowerExchange CDC Publisher directories and files are present.

Installed Directories

After you install PowerExchange CDC Publisher, the following directories and subdirectories exist:

```
pwxcdcpub_root_installation_directory
bin
instanceA
   checkpoint
   config
   logs
   overflow
   reports
libs
samples
```

The following table describes these directories:

Directory	Description
pwxcdcpub_root_installation_directory	The product root installation directory that is created when you unzip or extract the compressed installation file for your operating system. The installation provides a version-specific root installation directory name. You can optionally change it to another unique name.
bin	Contains the script files for running the PowerExchange CDC Publisher utilities: PwxCDCAdmin, PwxCDCInfo, and PwxCDCPublisher.

Directory	Description
instanceA	Contains the checkpoint, config, logs, overflow, and reports subdirectories for the default instance of PowerExchange CDC Publisher. You can create additional instance directories under other names such as instanceB or MyInstance, each with their own checkpoint, config, logs, overflow, and reports subdirectories.
checkpoint	Contains the checkpoint files that record the sequence number of the last change operation that was successfully sent to the target messaging system. These files are used to restart apply processing from the last change operation processed, thereby avoiding missing or duplicate changes on the target.
config	Contains the customized PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher utilities use. Also contains the Log4j logging configuration file, PwxCDCPubLog4j.xml file, that configures the logging of PowerExchange CDC Publisher messages. You must copy the configuration files from the samples directory to this config directory to customize and use the files.
logs	Contains the active and archived log files with the PowerExchange CDC Publisher message output. The log files also contain PowerExchange error messages and optionally some PowerExchange informational messages.
overflow	Contains PowerExchange CDC Publisher cache files in temporary storage.
reports	Contains output from PwxCDCAdmin Report command. This command reports the Avro schemas that have been generated for source tables. These schemas can be used by consumer applications.
libs	Contains the PowerExchange CDC Publisher shared libraries that include the .jar files and the .dll or .so files.
samples	Contains the sample PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files. Tip: Informatica recommends that you retain the sample files "as is" so that they are available for re-use. Copy the files to the config subdirectory of the instance you intend to configure and then customize the file copies there.

Post-Installation Tasks

You must prepare some initial setup tasks to prepare the system for PowerExchange CDC Publisher.

Perform the following tasks before running Powerexchange CDC Publisher:

- Set the environment variables that PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses.
- Ensure that the PWX_LICENSE environment variable points to the correct license.key file.
- Configure file system security to control access to PowerExchange CDC Publisher files, as needed.

Configuring Environment Variables

After you install PowerExchange CDC Publisher, verify that the required environment variables are correctly set.

The following table summarizes the environment variable settings for a CDC Publisher environment:

Environment Variable	Setting
JAVA_HOME	The path to the base directory for your 64-bit JRE installation on the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system, for example: C:\Program Files\java\jre1.8.0_144.
KAFKA_CLIENT_LIBS	For an Apache Kafka target, enter the path to the local Kafka client libs directory on the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system. This directory contains the Kafka .jar files. For example: $C:\kafka_2.11-0.11.0.0\libs$. Note: If you use Confluent Schema Registry in the Kafka target environment and want the CDC Publisher messages to be validated against the registered Avro schema, ensure that the Kafka client libs directory also contains the contents from the following Confluent directories: $/confluent-v.r.m/share/java/confluent-common$ and $/confluent-v.r.m/share/java/kafka-serde-tools$.
	For a MapR Streams target, enter the path to the MapR lib directory that contains both the MapR client libraries and MapR Kafka client libraries. For example: C:\opt\mapr\lib.
	If the CDC Publisher runs on the MapR server, this path points to the local MapR lib directory that contains both client libraries. If the CDC Publisher runs on a host that is remote from the MapR server, the local MapR lib directory contains the MapR client libraries but not the MapR Kafka client libraries. In this case, you must copy the kafka-clients-version-mapr-nnnn.jar file from the MapR server to the local MapR lib directory.
MAPR_HOME	The path to the MapR server or to the client installation on the local machine. For example: C:\opt\mapr.
PWX_CONFIG	The path and file name of the PowerExchange DBMOVER configuration file on the system where the PowerExchange CDC Publisher runs.
PWX_LICENSE	The path and file name of the PowerExchange license key file that enables use of the PowerExchange CDC Publisher option for the Kafka or MapR target messaging system. Note: You can change the path and file name of the license key file that is delivered with the PowerExchange CDC Publisher, provided that you specify the new path and file name in this environment variable.
PWXPUB_HOME	The path to the PowerExchange CDC Publisher root installation directory, for example: C: \pwxcdcpub100_win_x64.
	Define this environment variable if you plan to run the PowerExchange CDC Publisher utility scripts by using batch files instead of running the scripts directly from the $pwxcdcpub_root_installation \ bin subdirectory$. In each batch file, you can reference %PWXPUB_HOME% instead of the full path to the root installation directory.

Controlling Access to PowerExchange CDC Publisher Files

PowerExchange CDC Publisher relies on file system security to control access to files and scripts. You are responsible for configuring this type of security on your operating system.

To protect against unauthorized use of any PowerExchange CDC Publisher script in the pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin subdirectory, configure file-system privileges to control who has access

to these scripts. For example, to provide userA with permission to run the PwxCDCInfo script but *not* run the PwxCDCAdmin or PwxCDCPublisher script, you could use the following strategy:

- 1. Grant read-only access to all files in the PowerExchange CDC Publisher installation to userA, except the script files in the bin subdirectory.
- 2. Copy the PwxCDCInfo script to another directory and grant execute permissions on that instance of the script to userA .
- Set the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable for userA to point to the PowerExchange CDC Publisher root installation directory.
 - This environment variable setting is required to run PowerExchange CDC Publisher scripts from a location other than the <code>pwxcdcpub root installation\bin subdirectory</code>.

For more information about setting up file-system security, contact your Security Administrator.

Upgrading PowerExchange CDC Publisher

If PowerExchange CDC Publisher is currently installed, you can use this procedure to upgrade to a new PowerExchange CDC Publisher version.

The upgrade procedure adds the new installation without deleting or overwriting the previous installation. This strategy allows you to copy the information defined for your existing instances to the new installation incrementally, as needed. Also, if you need to fall back to the older version, it is still available until you uninstall it.

Before you upgrade the product, perform the following tasks:

- Read the PowerExchange CDC Publisher Release Notes to determine if any upgrade issues exist.
- Verify that your system is compatible with the software requirements of the new version.
- Download the PowerExchange CDC Publisher installation file for your operating system to a directory other than the current PowerExchange CDC Publisher installation directory.
 - **Tip:** Retain the installation file so that you can use it to upgrade other PowerExchange CDC Publisher installations if necessary.
- Shut down the PwxCDCPublisher process if it is running. To do so, run the PwxCDCAdmin command with the SHUTDOWN parameter.
 - Note: You do not need to stop PowerExchange CDC processing or Apache Kafka.
- 3. Unzip or extract the installation file for the new PowerExchange CDC Publisher version. Typically, the file is extracted to a directory other than the existing PowerExchange CDC Publisher installation directory.
 - The software is extracted into a version-specific root installation directory so that it does not overwrite your previous installation. You can rename the new installation directory, for example, from "pwxcdcpubvrm.win_x64" to "PowerExchangeCDCPublisher_vrm." Alternatively, you can rename the previous installation directory and then use its original name as the name of the new installation so that you do not have to change the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable value, if set.
- 4. If you defined the PWXPUB_PUB environment variable, ensure that the environment variable points to the new installation.
- If you have a new license key file, ensure that the PWX_LICENSE environment variable points to the new file.

6. Copy the instanceX directories that you use from the previous installation to the new installation. Confirm that all of the subdirectories under each instance are also copied, including the config subdirectory that contains the PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files.

Note: You can copy the instanceX directories to the new installation incrementally, as they are needed.

- 7. If the new CDC Publisher version contains new or changed configuration properties, update the CDC Publisher configuration files in the config subdirectory as needed.
 - To determine if CDC Publisher properties changed, see the PowerExchange CDC Publisher documentation.
- 8. To verify that the upgrade succeeded, restart the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process and then run the PwxCDCInfo command with the STATUS parameter.
 - By default, the Publisher process starts from the last checkpoint position. If you want to start the Publisher process from a different position, issue the PwxCDCPublisher command with the RESTART parameter. For more information, see <u>"PwxCDCPublisher Utility Command and Parameters" on page</u> 70.

For information about running the PwxCDCInfo command with the STATUS parameter, see <u>"PwxCDCInfo</u> Utility - Command and Parameters" on page 71.

Uninstalling PowerExchange CDC Publisher

To remove PowerExchange CDC Publisher from your system, you can simply delete the top-level installation directory.

- 1. Shut down the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process by running the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the SHUTDOWN parameter.
- 2. Delete the PowerExchange CDC Publisher root installation directory.
- 3. Verify that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher root installation directory and all of its subdirectories and files have been removed.
- Optionally, remove the environment variables that you added for PowerExchange CDC Publisher.

CHAPTER 3

PowerExchange CDC Publisher Key Concepts

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Publisher-Generated Messages for Data Delivery, 25
- Checkpointing and Guaranteed Delivery, 27
- Restart and Recovery, 28

Publisher-Generated Messages for Data Delivery

PowerExchange CDC Publisher creates a message for each change record that it receives for a source table or object and sends the message to the target messaging system.

Note: PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not generate messages for DDL operations or for UOW begin records.

The format of all messages is based on the Avro schemas that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher generates. To generate an Avro schema, the PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses the PowerExchange extraction map for the source object.

Message Content

A message contains extracted change data and metadata. The following table describes the fields that are included in a generated message:

Field	Description
DTL_xxx	The PowerExchange-generated DTL columns that have been added to extraction maps by default or by the PowerExchange user. For more information about these columns, see the <i>PowerExchange Navigator User Guide</i> .
INFA_OP_TYPE	The DML operation type (INSERT, UPDATE, or DELETE) that was extracted from the source.
INFA_TABLE_NAME	The source mapname_tablename from the extraction map name. This value identifies the source object for which change data was extracted.

Field	Description
INFA_SEQUENCE	A sequence number that the CDC Publisher assigns to the change record.
source_column_name	The after image of a source column to which a change operation was applied.
source_column_name_Present	An indicator of whether the column contains a value from a change operation.
source_column_name_BeforeImage	The before image value of an updated source column.
source_column_name_BeforeImage_Present	An indicator of whether the before image of an updated source column is present.

For UPDATE operations, the Avro messages include both the before image and after image. You can set the Formatter.avroIncludeBeforeImage property to false in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file to not generate Avro fields for before images.

Note: If you specify CAPTURE_IMAGE=AI in the PowerExchange Logger pwxccl.cfg file to capture after images only, no before image data will be available.

Message Key

PowerExchange CDC Publisher can produce messages that include a key value that consists of a specific character string or the source table name. To control the key value, use the Connector.kafkaMessageKey property in the cdcPublisherKafka.cfg configuration file.

Message Format and Encoding

PowerExchange CDC Publisher produces messages only in Avro format with the encoding type that you select.

You control the Avro encoding by setting the Formatter.avroEncodingType configuration property in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file. You can specify an encoding type of **JSON**, **binary**, or **none**. The CDC Publisher uses the specified encoding type when serializing records in an Avro format. Set the encoding type to **none**, which indicates no explicit encoding, if you use a third-party encoding schema, such as the Confluent Schema Registry encoding schema.

The PowerExchange CDC Publisher generates an Avro schema when it receives change data for a source table or object. The PowerExchange CDC Publisher can generate Avro schemas in one of the following formats, depending on how you set the Formatter.avroSchemaFormat property in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file:

- Flat. Lists all Avro fields in one Avro record. A unique Avro schema is generated for each source object.
- Nested. Organizes each type of information in a separate Avro record. A unique Avro schema is generated
 for each source object.
- Generic. Generates an Avro schema that accommodates more than one source object. The source column
 names are included in each record, which allows the generic schema to be independent of any source
 object. All of the PowerExchange-generated DTL__xxx columns are included as metadata.

Additionally, you can "wrap" a flat, nested, or generic schema with an Avro schema that acts as a header that contains metadata followed by the underlying Avro schema for the source object. To do so, set the

Formatter.avroWrapperSchemaFormat property to avroWrapperSchemaFormatV1 in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg file. The wrapper schema format contains the following Avro fields:

- · Sequence number of the change record
- Change operation type
- · Source mapname_tablename from the extraction map name
- The "wrapped" Avro schema of the type specified in the Formatter.avroSchemaFormat property

All messages based on the wrapper schema have the same four-field format.

You can use a generic or wrapper schema to represent multiple source tables. The consumer of data in the target topics examines the metadata to determine which source table is represented and discover the source table structure. The consumer can then parse the underlying data and put it into the proper Avro format. Consider using a generic or wrapper schema when you want to send messages with change data from multiple source objects to a single Kafka topic. The topic is identified in the Connector.kafkaTopic property.

A flat or nested schema pertains to a specific source table. It defines the columns in the source table. Consider using a flat or nested schema when you want to send change data from a specific source object to the Kafka topic that is generated for that source object. In this case, set the Connector.kafkaTopic property to USE_TABLE_NAME.

Supported Avro Types

The Avro schemas that the CDC Publisher generates support all Avro primitive types except FLOAT or DOUBLE, which are represented as strings. Also, if you use Avro logical types for dates, decimal values, times, or timestamps, the CDC Publisher makes a best-effort attempt to process the logical types under the following conditions:

- A Formatter.avroUseLogicaltype property is set to true in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file, where type is DateType, DecimalType, TimeMillisType, TimeMicrosType, TimestampMillisType, or TimestampMicrosType.
- The source field is defined in the extraction map with a compatible data type, scale, and precision.

Note: The CDC Publisher does not convert a timestamp to a date type.

The Publisher-generated Avro schemas do not support complex types.

Avro Schema Usage Considerations

Consumer applications that read data from the messaging system must have a copy of the Avro schema to decode the message. You can use the PwxCDCAdmin utility to generate Avro schemas in a legible format that consumer applications can use. For more information, see <u>"Reporting the Avro Format Definitions for Source Tables" on page 63.</u>

If you change the structure of a source table or object and update the extraction map, or if you change any of the Avro-related properties in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file, the PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not automatically update any existing Avro schema. You can use the PwxCDCAdmin utility to clear the existing Avro schema from cache and then regenerate the Avro schema. For more information, see "Handling Changes to Source Tables and Extraction Maps" on page 63.

Checkpointing and Guaranteed Delivery

PowerExchange CDC Publisher generates a checkpoint file after it sends the first change operation. As data streaming progresses, the CDC Publisher saves information about the last change operation processed to the

checkpoint file. This checkpoint information is used to resume CDC Publisher apply processing after the CDC Publisher is restarted.

The CDC Publisher uses only one checkpoint file for each instance. By default, the file is named "checkpoint" and is created in the "checkpoint" subdirectory of an instance. You can change the file name and directory by specifying the Connector.kafkaFileCheckpointFileName and Connector.kafkaCheckpointFileDirectory properties in the cdcPublisherKafka.cfg configuration file.

The checkpoint file contains checkpoint information only for the last change operation processed. The checkpoint format is specific to the CDC Publisher and should not be edited. When a checkpoint is written depends on whether you set the Connector.kafkaProducerGuaranteeDelivery property to false in the cdcPublisherKafka.cfg file or accept the default value of true. With the default value of true, the CDC Publisher uses *guaranteed delivery* to write a checkpoint after each change operation is acknowledged as successfully received by the target messaging system. This delivery mode avoids message loss and duplication but slows apply processing. If you set this property to false and the target messaging system terminates while changes are in flight, the CDC Publisher will not skip any change operations but might apply duplicate messages to the target messaging system after the change stream is restarted.

The following considerations pertain to using checkpoints and checkpoint files:

- If connectivity to the target messaging system is lost or the CDC Publisher terminates, the CDC Publisher
 process will restart from the checkpoint position that is recorded in the checkpoint file by default. In this
 situation, some messages might be duplicated on the target messaging system. To guarantee that
 messages are not duplicated, ensure that the Connector.kafkaProducerGuaranteeDelivery property is set
 to true.
- If the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process ends abnormally, the checkpoint value in the checkpoint file might not be accurate in the following situations:
 - The existing checkpoint value does not reflect the last change operation because the change stream terminated after the CDC Publisher sent a message to the target messaging system and before the target acknowledged the message as received. In this case, the CDC Publisher still restarts from the existing checkpoint value. Some messages that were previously sent to the target messaging system might be resent.
 - The checkpoint file is corrupted. This situation can occur if an attempt to write a checkpoint value to the checkpoint file failed or did not complete. In this case, delete the checkpoint file. Then configure a restart point by setting the Extract.restart1 and Extract.restart2 properties in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg file. When you restart the CDC Publisher, use the RESTART=FROM_CONFIG parameter. If you do not configure a specific restart point, the CDC Publisher restarts from the oldest point in the log files, as if RESTART=FROM_BEGINNING is specified.

Restart and Recovery

You might need to restart a PowerExchange CDC Publisher process under normal conditions or after a CDC Publisher process, PowerExchange component, or the target messaging system terminates unexpectedly.

The following list describes the default restart behavior under these circumstances:

- If you restart the CDC Publisher process under normal conditions or after a PowerExchange Logger or Listener failure, the CDC Publisher process restarts from the last change operation sent, as recorded in the checkpoint file, by default.
- If you restart the CDC Publisher process after it ends abnormally, it restarts from the last change operation sent, as recorded in the checkpoint file, by default. If a change operation was sent but has not been acknowledged as received by the target messaging system, the change record is resent.

If you restart the CDC Publisher process after the target messaging system ends abnormally, CDC
Publisher apply processing restarts based on the last change operation recorded in the checkpoint file by
default. If you disabled guaranteed delivery by specifying
Connector.kafkaProducerGuaranteeDelivery=false in the cdcPublisherKafka.cfg configuration file, some
changes might be re-sent to the target. If guaranteed delivery is enabled, no changes are duplicated or
missed.

You can override the default CDC Publisher restart behavior by entering the PwxCDCPublisher command with the RESTART parameter at the command line. You can configure the RESTART parameter to restart the CDC Publisher process from the earliest available change record in the PowerExchange Logger log files (FROM_BEGINNING) or from a specific position in the change stream (FROM_CONFIG), which you specify in the Extract.restart1 and Extract.restart2 properties in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg file. For more information, see "Restarting a PowerExchange CDC Publisher Change Data Stream" on page 67.

Note: To cold start the CDC Publisher process FROM_BEGINNING, you must delete the checkpoint file. Otherwise, all change operations prior to or equivalent to the checkpointed change operation are *not* extracted and sent to the target.

CHAPTER 4

PowerExchange Change Capture Environment

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About the PowerExchange Change Capture Environment, 30
- Preparing the PowerExchange Change Capture Environment, 31
- Configuring Connectivity to PowerExchange, 32

About the PowerExchange Change Capture Environment

Before you can run PowerExchange CDC Publisher processes, you must perform some prerequisite tasks in PowerExchange and configure connectivity to PowerExchange. This section summarizes these tasks.

For information about configuring PowerExchange to capture change data from data sources, see the PowerExchange documentation set for your PowerExchange version.

Preparing the PowerExchange Change Capture Environment

You must perform some PowerExchange configuration tasks for the PowerExchange CDC Publisher, even if you are already using PowerExchange to capture change data from data sources.

Perform some or all of the following configuration tasks:

Task	Reference
On the CDC Publisher machine, install a PowerExchange version that the CDC Publisher supports, unless you will run the CDC Publisher on an existing PowerExchange Navigator or PowerExchange Logger system.	Chapter "Installing and Upgrading PowerExchange on Linux and UNIX" or "Installing and Upgrading PowerExchange on Windows" in the PowerExchange Installation and Upgrade Guide
Ensure that a local copy of the PowerExchange license key file that includes the PowerExchange CDC Publisher option for the target messaging system exists. This PWX_LICENSE environment variable should point to this file.	-
In the PowerExchange Navigator, if capture registrations and extraction maps for the source tables or objects do not yet exist, create a capture registration for each source table or object. In the new registrations, set the Status option to Active and the Condense option to Part . The PowerExchange Navigator generates an extraction map for each capture registration that you create.	Chapters "Registration Groups and Capture Registrations" and "Extraction Groups and Extraction Maps" in the PowerExchange Navigator User Guide
On the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system, configure a dbmover configuration file that includes the following statements: - A NODE statement that points to the PowerExchange Listener where the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows runs. This node name must match the Extract.pwxNodeLocation property in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg file. If you use remote logging of change data to PowerExchange Logger log files, the node name must also match the CAPTURE_NODE value in the PowerExchange Logger configuration file, pwxccl.cfg. - If the extraction maps and PowerExchange Logger are not on the same system, define another NODE statement that points to the system that contains the extraction maps. This node name must match the Extract.pwxXmapLocation property value in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg file. - If the PowerExchange Listener or PowerExchange Logger is not on the same system as the CDC Publisher, optionally include a set of SVCNODE and CMDNODE statements for the Listener and for the Logger to be able to issue commands to these PowerExchange components from the local CDC Publisher system.	Chapter "DBMOVER Configuration" in the PowerExchange Reference Manual and the source-specific chapter in the PowerExchange CDC guide for your source platform.

Task	Reference
On the PowerExchange Logger machine, configure a PowerExchange Logger configuration file, pwxccl.cfg, if one does not already exist. Also, in the dbmover configuration file on the PowerExchange Logger system, define a CAPX CAPI_CONNECTION statement for continuous extraction of change data from PowerExchange Logger log files.	Chapter "PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows" in the PowerExchange CDC Guide for Linux, UNIX, and Windows
If the PowerExchange data source is on IBM i or z/OS, configure remote logging of source data to PowerExchange Logger log files, if it is not already configured. If the data source is on a Linux, UNIX, or Windows machine, remote logging is optional.	Chapter "Remote Logging of Data" in the PowerExchange CDC Guide for Linux, UNIX, and Windows. Ignore steps related to the PowerCenter Integration Service and connection attributes.

Configuring Connectivity to PowerExchange

The PowerExchange CDC Publisher must be able to connect to the system where the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files reside and to the system with the source extraction maps. To configure connectivity to PowerExchange, you must specify certain PowerExchange dbmover statements and CDC Publisher properties.

DBMOVER Configuration Statements

If the CDC Publisher and PowerExchange Logger are on the same system, they can share the same local PowerExchange dbmover configuration file.

If the CDC Publisher is remote from the PowerExchange Logger or source system, you must create a dbmover configuration file on the CDC Publisher system. In this dbmover configuration file, configure one or both of the following connectivity statements:

- If the CDC Publisher system is remote from the PowerExchange Logger system, define a NODE statement that points to the PowerExchange Logger host system.
- If the CDC Publisher is remote from the source system where the extraction maps reside, define a NODE statement that points to the source host with the extraction maps.

Also ensure that the PWX_CONFIG environment variable points to the local dbmover configuration file on the CDC Publisher system.

For more information about the NODE statement, see the PowerExchange Reference Manual.

CDC Publisher Configuration Properties

In the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg file on the CDC Publisher system, specify the following properties:

- If the location of the extraction maps is different from the Extract.pwxNodeLocation location from which
 change data will be extracted, specify the Extract.pwxXmapLocation property. In this property, specify the
 node name from the NODE statement that points to the location of the extraction maps. If a user ID and
 password are required to access this node, also specify the Extract.pwxXmapUserId and
 Extract.pwxXmapPwd properties.
- In the Extract.pwxNodeLocation property, specify the node name from the NODE statement that points to the PowerExchange Listener on the system from which change data will be extracted. If a user ID and

- password are required to access this node, also specify the Extract.pwxNodeUserId property and the Extract.pwxNodePwd or Extract.pwxNodePwd property.
- In the Extract.pwxCapiConnectionName property, specify the NAME value from the CAPX
 CAPI_CONNECTION statement that is in the dbmover configuration file on the PowerExchange Logger
 system. This statement is used to continuously extract change data from PowerExchange Logger log
 files.

For more information about these properties, see <u>"PowerExchange Extract Configuration Properties" on page 48.</u>

CHAPTER 5

Target Messaging Systems

This chapter includes the following topics:

- · Apache Kafka Targets, 34
- MapR Streams Targets, 37

Apache Kafka Targets

Apache Kafka is an open-source distributed data streaming platform that is scalable and fault tolerant and able to process large amounts of data quickly. It can serve as an interim staging area for data that will be consumed by various types of downstream consumer applications.

Producer applications, such as the PowerExchange CDC Publisher, can publish streams of change records as messages to Kafka topics. Kafka makes messages available with low latency to consumer applications.

A topic is a collection of messages to which consumer applications subscribe based on the topic name. A topic is divided into multiple partitions, each containing a set of messages in an unchangeable sequence. The use of partitions enables parallel processing of topic data by splitting the data across multiple Kafka broker servers. Partitions also allow consumer applications to read data from the same topic in parallel.

For information about Kafka use cases, configuration, and implementation, see the Apache Kafka documentation at https://kafka.apache.org/.

Preparing the Apache Kafka Environment for Use with CDC Publisher

You must perform a few tasks on the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system and on the Kafka target system to prepare for using Apache Kafka with PowerExchange CDC Publisher.

- Download the Kafka client libraries to the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system.
 The version of the Kafka client libraries must match the version of the Kafka target. The Kafka client libraries do not need to be copied under the PowerExchange CDC Publisher root installation directory.
- On the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system, define the KAFKA_CLIENT_LIBS environment variable.
 This environment variable points to the libs subdirectory of the local Kafka client installation. The libs directory contains Kafka .jar files.
- Ensure that the CDC Publisher can access the Kafka producer.properties file. The file can be on the local CDC Publisher host or a shared device.

This file contains connectivity information that CDC Publisher Connector will use to communicate with the Kafka target.

You can optionally rename the file name. When you configure the PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files later, you will set the Connector.kafkaProducerPropertiesFile property to point to this producer.properties file.

4. On the Kafka target system, if Kafka is not configured to automatically generate Kafka topics, create the Kafka topic or topics to which the PowerExchange CDC Publisher will publish the messages that contain change data. Ensure that the topics are created before you run the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process.

You can create a single topic for all source tables or create a separate topic for each source table. When you configure the PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files later, set the Connector.kafkaTopic property to specify either the name of single topic to which all messages will be published or the option USE_TABLE_NAME to publish messages to a separate topic for each source table.

Note: By default, the auto.create.topics.enable parameter in the Kafka server.properties file is set to true. With this setting, the Kafka broker automatically generates the topic or topics if they do not exist the first time messages are sent to the topics. You need to manually create the topics only if the auto.create.topics.enable parameter has been set to false.

For more information about configuring a Apache Kafka system, see the Apache Kafka documentation.

Apache Kafka Data-Streaming Considerations

The following data-streaming considerations and limitations apply to Kafka targets:

- The Kafka producer properties file controls PowerExchange CDC Publisher connectivity to Kafka.
- The PowerExchange CDC Publisher supports Kafka primitive datatypes except FLOAT and DOUBLE. Also,
 the CDC Publisher tries to convert logical types for dates, times, timestamps, and decimal values on a
 best effort basis if you set the Formatter.avroUseLogicaltype property to true in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg
 configuration file, where type is Date, Decimal, TimeMillis, TimeMicros, TimestampMillis,
 TimestampMicros. The CDC Publisher does not support complex types.

Note: The FLOAT and DOUBLE types are not supported because the CDC Publisher converts all source data to characters in Kafka messages. Any subsequent attempt to convert the character data to FLOAT or DOUBLE would decrease data accuracy and precision.

- To minimize the risk of duplicate or missing messages on the Kafka target after a network outage, ensure
 that the Connector.kafkaProducerGuaranteeDelivery property is set to true, the default setting.
 Guaranteed delivery provides the highest level of data integrity but might degrade performance. You can
 disable guaranteed delivery by setting the Connector.kafkaProducerGuaranteeDelivery property to false in
 the cdcPublisherKafka.cfg configuration file.
- If you use Confluent Schema Registry in the Kafka target environment, you can enable CDC Publisher to
 communicate with Confluent Schema Registry when sending formatted messages. Confluent Schema
 Registry can intercept and validate the messages against the registered Avro schema. For more
 information, see "If You Use Confluent Schema Registry on a Kafka Target" on page 36.

If You Use Confluent Schema Registry on a Kafka Target

If you use Confluent Schema Registry in a Kafka target environment, when PowerExchange CDC Publisher publishes its formatted messages, it allows Confluent Schema Registry to intercept the messages and validate them against the registered Avro schema.

To enable PowerExchange CDC Publisher communication with Confluent Schema Registry, perform the following tasks:

- On the CDC Publisher system, configure the KAFKA_CLIENT_LIBS environment variable to point to a local directory that contains the Kafka client .jar file and the contents of the Confluent serialization libraries: / confluent-v.r.m/share/java/confluent-common and /confluent-v.r.m/share/java/kafka-serdetools.
- Ensure that the Kafka producer.properties file contains the following entries for the Confluent implementation of the key and value serializers:

```
key.serializer=io.confluent.kafka.serializers.KafkaAvroSerializer value.serializer=io.confluent.kafka.serializers.KafkaAvroSerializer schema.registry.url=http://host:port
```

The *host* and *port* variables represent the host name and port number on which Confluent Schema Registry listens.

- In the CDC Publisher cdcPublisherKafka.cfg configuration file, ensure that the Connector.kafkaProducerPropertiesFile property points to the customized Kafka producer.properties file that contains the Confluent implementation of the key and value serializers.
- In the CDC Publisher cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file, ensure that the Formatter.avroEncodingType
 property is set to none. This value allows the Avro records to be passed to Confluent Schema Registry
 without encoding, as required.

By default, when CDC Publisher sends the first message to a Kafka topic, Confluent Schema Registry checks whether the Avro schema for the message is already in its registry. If the schema is not registered, Confluent Schema Registry automatically adds the schema to its registry.

Alternatively, you can manually add Avro schema to the Confluent Schema Registry before you start publishing messages with CDC Publisher. To get the Avro schema definitions for your source tables, run the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the REPORT=FORMAT parameter. Then use the resulting schema definitions to register the schema in Confluent Schema Registry. In some situations, Confluent Schema Registry requires the entire schema to be entered as a single string delimited by double-quotation marks. In this case, you must use an escape character before the quotation marks. To do so, perform the following steps:

- In the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file, set the Formatter.avroDisplaySchemaWithEscapedQuotes
 property to true.
- 2. Run the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the REPORT=FORMAT parameter to generate the schema definitions. The reported schema definitions then include the \ escape character before the double-quotation marks, for example, /"schema_string/".

Note: PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not support any schema registries other than Confluent Schema Registry.

If You Use Kerberos Authentication for Client Communication with the Kafka Server

You can enable PowerExchange CDC Publisher, as a producer client, to communicate securely with an Apache Kafka server that uses Kerberos for client authentication.

If you use Kerberos authentication in your Kafka target environment, perform the following tasks to allow CDC Publisher to securely communicate with the Kafka server:

• Edit the PwxCDCPublisher startup script to include the local Java Authentication and Authorization Service (JAAS) login configuration file for the Kerberos environment. In the RUN environment variable, before the reference to SimpleServerForQAdapter, add a line for the java.security.auth.login.config property, which points to the JAAS configuration file on the local machine where the CDC Publisher runs. For example:

```
RUN="$RUN -Djava.security.auth.login.config=/opt/kafka_client_jaas.conf" RUN="$RUN com.informatica.rat.pwxqadapter.SimpleServerForQAdapter"
```

Ensure that the Kafka producer properties file on the CDC Publisher system includes the following entries:

```
security.protocol=SASL_PLAINTEXT
sasl.mechanism=GSSAPI
sasl.kerberos.service.name=xxxx
```

The xxxx variable represents the value of the following option in the JAAS configuration file:

```
principal="xxxx/..."
```

Also ensure that the Connector.kafkaProducerPropertiesFile property in the cdcPublisherKafka.cfg configuration file points to this producer.propeties file.

For more information, see the Apache Kafka security documentation at http://kafka.apache.org/documentation/#security.

MapR Streams Targets

MapR Streams is a distributed messaging system for streaming event data at a large scale. MapR Streams targets use the Apache Kafka 0.9 API to receive data from applications that act as Kafka producers.

PowerExchange CDC Publisher, as a producer application, publishes streams of messages that contain change data to MapR topics in a manner that is similar to how CDC Publisher publishes changes to Apache Kafka. However, the tasks that you perform to prepare the MapR target environment are slightly different.

For example, MapR organizes topics into streams. You must define the stream that contains the topics to which messages will be sent before you run the CDC Publisher process and create or generate topics. Also, you must set some environment variables.

For information about Kafka use cases, configuration, and implementation, see the Apache Kafka documentation at https://maprdocs.mapr.com/52/MapROverview/c_mapr_streams.html.

Preparing the MapR Environment for Use with CDC Publisher

On the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system, you must perform a few tasks to configure the MapR target for use with CDC Publisher.

1. Download the MapR client libraries.

The version of the MapR client libraries must match the version of the MapR target.

2. Define the MAPR_HOME environment variable, if it does not already exist.

This environment variable points to the MapR client installation on the local machine. For example: C:/opt/mapr

3. Download the MapR kafka-client .jar file to the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system, if the file is not present in the local MapR lib subdirectory.

The MapR client installation does not include the kafka-clients-0.9.0.0-mapr-nnnn.jar file. If the CDC Publisher runs on a MapR client machine, you must copy the kafka-clients-0.9.0.0-mapr-nnnn.jar file from the MapR server installation to the local \$MAPR_HOME/lib directory. If the CDC Publisher runs on the MapR server, the MapR lib directory includes the MapR Kafka client libraries, which makes this step unnecessary.

Note: For MapR release 5.2.2, the Kafka client library jar file name is kafka-clients-0.9.0.0-mapr-1707.jar. For MapR release 6.0, the jar file names is kafka-clients-0.9.0.0-mapr-1710.jar.

4. Define the KAFKA_CLIENT_LIBS environment variable to point to the **lib** subdirectory of the local MapR client installation that contains the MapR client and MapR Kafka client .jar files.

For example:

```
KAFKA CLIENT LIBS =$MAPR HOME/lib
```

5. Ensure that the CDC Publisher can access the Kafka-formatted producer.properties file.

This file can be on the local CDC Publisher host or on a shared device. The file contains information that the CDC Publisher Connector uses with the Kafka 0.9 API to communicate with the MapR target. The file must contain the following minimum entries:

```
value.serializer=org.apache.kafka.common.serialization.ByteArraySerializer
key.serializer=org.apache.kafka.common.serialization.ByteArraySerializer
```

For more information about options supported in the MapR implementation of the Kafka producer properties file, see

 $\underline{https://maprdocs.mapr.com/52/MapR_Streams/configuration_parameters_for_producers.html.}$

Create or identify the MapR stream that includes the topics to which the CDC Publisher will publish messages.

The CDC Publisher supports publishing messages to topics within a single MapR stream. You must specify the stream name in the Connector.kafkaMaprStreamName property in the CDC Publisher cdcPublisherKafka.cfg file.

7. On the MapR target system, if MapR is not configured to automatically generate topics, create the MapR topic or topics to which the PowerExchange CDC Publisher will publish messages. Complete this step before you run the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process.

You can create a single topic for all source tables or create a separate topic for each source table. When you configure the PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files later, set the Connector.kafkaTopic property to specify either the name of the single topic or the option USE_TABLE_NAME to use a separate topic for each source table.

Note: By default, a topic is created automatically when a producer creates the first message for it and the topic does not already exist. If you disabled automatic creation of topics by setting the autocreate parameter to false when creating the stream, you must manually create the topics.

For more information about configuring a MapR system, see the MapR documentation.

MapR Data-Streaming Considerations

If you stream change data to MapR Streams targets that use the Kafka 0.9 API for producers, the following considerations apply:

- The MapR implementation of the Kafka 0.9 API for producers is delivered as part of the MapR server
 installation in a separate .jar file named kafka-clients-0.9.0.0-mapr-nnnn.jar, where nnnn varies by MapR
 version. This file is required to access MapR by using the Kafka 0.9 API definitions. If you run CDC
 Publisher on a MapR client machine, copy this .jar file from the MapR server to the local lib subdirectory
 that contains the MapR client libraries.
- The PowerExchange CDC Publisher supports MapR topics that are defined under a single MapR stream name. A CDC Publisher instance can use only one MapR stream name.
- PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not interact with or implement any feature of the MapR-DB Change Data Capture (CDC) system.

CHAPTER 6

Configuring PowerExchange CDC Publisher

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Configuration Overview, 40
- · Customizing the PowerExchange CDC Publisher Configuration Files, 41
- Filtering Extraction Maps and Source Objects, 51
- Configuring CDC Publisher Message Logging, 52
- If Informatica Big Data Streaming Will Consume Data from a Target, 53

Configuration Overview

After you install PowerExchange CDC Publisher and prepare the PowerExchange source environment and the target messaging system, configure the parameters in the PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files according to your data streaming requirements.

By default, under the PowerExchange CDC Publisher root installation directory, a single instanceA directory exists and contains checkpoint, config, logs, overflow, and reports subdirectories. You can create additional instance subdirectories, each with a unique directory name and separate set of subdirectories and configuration files. Consider using multiple instances if you want to process changes from a large number of source objects in multiple data streams. In this case, configure each instance to use a different set of extraction maps to process changes for different source objects. When you run the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process, specify which instance to use in the INSTANCE parameter.

For each instance that you create, perform the following configuration tasks:

- Copy all of the PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files from the
 \pwxcdcpub_root_installation\samples subdirectory to the \pwxcdcpub_root_installation
 \instanceX\config subdirectory. PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses the configuration files that are in
 the config subdirectory.
- 2. Customize the properties in the PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration files that are in the config subdirectory. See "Customizing the PowerExchange CDC Publisher Configuration Files" on page 41.
- 3. If you do not want to stream change data based on all of the extraction maps that match the extraction-map schema name that you specify, enter filtering criteria in the Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList property, Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList property, or both in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg configuration file. See "Filtering Extraction Maps and Source Objects" on page 51.

- 4. Customize the Log4j 2 logging of PowerExchange CDC Publisher messages, if necessary. Usually, the sample PwxCDCPubLog4j.xml configuration file that PowerExchange CDC Publisher supplies can be used without modification. See "Configuring CDC Publisher Message Logging" on page 52.
- 5. If the Informatica Big Data Streaming product will consume the messages with change data that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher sends to the target messaging system, configure the Formatter parameters for treating fields with a binary datatype as string data and for using binary-encoded messages. See "If Informatica Big Data Streaming Will Consume Data from a Target" on page 53.

Customizing the PowerExchange CDC Publisher Configuration Files

PowerExchange CDC Publisher provides sample configuration files in the <code>pwxcdcpbub_root_installation/samples</code> subdirectory. These files contain the basic CDC Publisher properties that you will need to set. For special circumstances, Informatica technical staff might request that you set additional properties.

The following sample configuration files are provided:

- cdcPublisherAvro.cfg. Contains properties that specify the Avro schema format and the data serialization
 method and encoding for messages that contain change data.
- cdcPublisherCommon.cfg. Contains properties that define the PowerExchange CDC Publisher host and port.
- cdcPublisherKafka.cfg. Contains properties related to the target messaging systems.
- **cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg**. Contains properties related to accessing PowerExchange extraction maps and change data.

You can copy the sample configuration files to the <code>pwxcdcpub_root_installation/instanceX/config</code> subdirectory and then customize the copies of the files. The files contain comments that describe each property. The PowerExchange CDC Publisher will read only the configuration files that are in the config subdirectory.

For PowerExchange CDC Publisher to recognize a file as a configuration file, the file must have the file name extension .cfg. Also, the file content must begin with # Configuration on the first or second line in the file.

You can include all configuration properties in one file or create alternative subsets of properties in multiple configuration files. Informatica recommends that you use multiple configuration files that logically group the properties, similar to the sample configuration files. You can then copy and re-use the properties that do not change across multiple instances and migration paths, and customize only the properties that need to change because of changes to your CDC Publisher environment. For example, you might want to customize the PowerExchange-related extraction properties and Kafka target properties when migrating PowerExchange CDC Publisher from a test environment to a production environment but retain the Avro-related properties.

Important: Do not include the same property in multiple configuration files. If the same property appears with different values in multiple configuration files, the PowerExchange CDC Publisher will issue an error.

Common Configuration Properties

The sample cdcPublisherCommon.cfg file contains properties that identify the PowerExchange CDC Publisher host and port.

Property Descriptions

Common.pwxCDCPublisherHost

The host name or IP address of the machine where the PowerExchange CDC Publisher server runs. Enter **localhost** if you plan to run the PwxCDCAdmin and PwxCDCInfo utilities on the same machine as the PowerExchange CDC Publisher server.

Tip: If you plan to run the PwxCDCAdmin or PwxCDCInfo utilities on a system that is remote from the PowerExchange CDC Publisher server, enter a public IP address or host name.

Default value is localhost.

Common.pwxCDCPublisherPort

Required. The port number that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses on the specified host to listen for command and control requests.

No default value is provided.

Common.logPwxConfigContents

Indicates whether to write CDCPUB_10067 messages that report the contents of the PowerExchange dbmover configuration file on the CDC Publisher system to the message log. The default value of true causes these messages to be written to the log. If any dbmover statements contain sensitive information such as passwords, you can set this property to false to prevent the messages from being logged.

Default value is true.

Avro Formatter Configuration Properties

The sample cdcPublisherAvro.cfg file contains configuration properties that define the format of the generated Avro schema, the encoding type to use for serializing the Avro records to be included in messages, and several optional Formatter settings.

Property Descriptions

The following properties are in the sample cdcPublisherAvro.cfg file:

Formatter.formatterType

The type of data serialization formatter to use for messages. The only valid value is Avro.

Formatter.avroSchemaFormat

Required. The Avro schema format that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses to generate the Avro schema that will determine the structure of the message values. Valid values are:

- avroFlatSchemaFormatV1. Structures messages by using a flat Avro schema format, which lists all
 Avro fields in one Avro record. A unique Avro schema is generated for each source object, which
 contains the Avro field definitions.
- avroNestedSchemaFormatV1. Structures messages by using a nested Avro schema format, which provides a main Avro record that contains a separate nested record for each type of Avro field.

avroGenericSchemaFormatV1. Structures messages in a generic manner that accommodates any
source object definition. All source columns are represented by an array. Each array entry contains
column data and metadata. The source column names are included in each data record, allowing the
generic schema to be independent of the source table.

No default value is provided.

Note: You can "wrap" a flat, nested, or generic schema by setting the Formatter.avroWrapperSchemaFormat property to avroWrapperSchemaFormatV1. The schema then consists of four fields for each source object.

Use a generic or wrapper schema to allow a single Avro schema to represent multiple source tables. For more information about the schema formats, see Appendix B, "Avro Schema Formats" on page 76.

Formatter.avroEncodingType

Required. The Avro encoding type that the CDC Publisher Formatter uses to serialize the Avro records to be included in messages. Valid values are:

- · binary. Use binary encoding to serialize Avro records.
- json. Use JSON to serialize Avro records.
- none. Do not use any explicit encoding type. Specify this option only if you use Confluent Schema Registry in a Kafka target environment.

No default value is provided.

The following additional properties can also be included in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg file at your discretion:

Formatter.avroBinaryAsString

Controls whether change data with a binary datatype is represented as string data in Avro messages. Set this property to true if the data will be consumed by applications that do not support binary data, such as Informatica Big Data Streaming. The default value is false.

Formatter.avroIncludeBeforeImage

Controls whether the generated Avro schema and messages include a field for before-image data. Set this property to true to include this field. Set this property to false to not include this field.

If you include the before-image field, the field is populated with data for UPDATE operations, if you set the Extract.pwxUpdateImageOption property to enable the extraction of before-image data from the PowerExchange change stream. For DELETE and INSERT operations, the field is not populated with data.

The default value is true.

Formatter.avroBinaryStringRepresentationType

If you set the Formatter.avroBinaryAsString property to true or use a generic Avro format, indicates whether binary data is represented as a hexadecimal string or base64 string. Valid values are:

- hexadecimal
- base64

The default value is base64.

Formatter.avroDisplaySchemaWithEscapedQuotes

If you use Confluent Schema Registry in a Kafka target environment and need to manually add an Avro schema to the registry as a single string that is delimited by double-quotation marks, set this parameter to true to use a backslash (/) as the escape character that precedes the double-quotation marks. Then run the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the REPORT=FORMAT parameter to generate a schema definition that includes the escape character before each delimiter, for example, /"schema_string/". You can then use

the generated schema definition to add the schema to Confluent Schema Registry. The default value is false, which disables the use of escaped double-quotation marks in generated schema.

Formatter.avroSchemaPrintDefaultFields

Controls whether Avro schemas include the "default" fields. If you need to reduce the schema size, you can set this property to false to exclude the default fields. The default value is true, which includes the default fields.

Formatter.avroSchemaPrintDocFields

Controls whether Avro schemas include the "doc" fields. The doc fields include metadata such as the CDC and PowerExchange datatypes, precision, and scale. If you need to reduce the schema size, you can set this property to false to exclude the doc fields. The default value is true, which includes the doc fields.

Formatter.avroSchemaPrintPretty

Controls whether Avro schemas include spaces and line feeds to improve legibility. If you need to reduce the schema size, you can set this property to false to exclude the spaces and lines feeds. The default is true, which includes the spaces and line feeds.

Formatter.avroWrapperSchemaFormat

Enables the use of an Avro "wrapper" schema format. The wrapper schema can be used to describe any source object. The wrapper, or parent, schema consists of four fields for each source object: the sequence number of the change record, source table name, change operation type, and the "wrapped" Avro child schema expressed as a large string. The consumer application can then parse the underlying data and put it in the proper Avro format for the source object. To use a wrapper schema format, set this property to avroWrapperSchemaFormatV1. No default value is provided. For more information, see "Avro Wrapper Schema Format" on page 78.

Formatter.avroUseLogicalDateType

Formatter.avroUseLogicalDecimalType

Formatter.avroUseLogicalTimeMillisType

Formatter.avroUseLogicalTimeMicrosType

Formatter.avroUseLogicalTimestampMillisType

Formatter.avroUseLogicalTimestampMicrosType

If you use Avro logical types for dates, decimal values, times, or timestamps and want the CDC Publisher to make a best-effort attempt to process these logical types, set this property to true. The following sets of properties are mutually exclusive so specify one property or the other but not both:

- Formatter.avroUseLogicalTimeMillisType and Formatter.avroUseLogicalTimeMicrosType
- Formatter.avroUseLogicalTimestampMillisType and Formatter.avroUseLogicalTimestampMicrosType

The default value for each of these properties is false.

Note: If you set a property to true, make sure that the source fields are defined in the extraction map with a compatible data type, scale, and precision.

Formatter. for matter Add Time stamp Column

Indicates whether the PowerExchange CDC Publisher adds a timestamp column to the generated Avro schema and in formatted output messages to represent the time at which the Formatter processed the incoming change records. Valid values are:

- false. Do not add the timestamp column.
- true. Add the timestamp column.

Default is false.

If you set this property to true, you can optionally specify the column name, timestamp format, and time zone in the following properties: Formatter.formatterAddedTimestampColumnName,

Formatter.formatterAddedTimestampColumnFormat, and

 $Formatter. formatter Added Time stamp Column Time zone\ properties.$

Formatter.formatterAddedTimestampColumnFormat

If Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn is set to true, you can use this property to indicate the format of the timestamp values that can be included in the added timestamp metadata column. You can enter any character string that the Java class SimpleDateFormat supports for formatting dates and times. For more information, see

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html. Default is yyyy/MM/dd HH:mm:ss.SSS.

Formatter.formatterAddedTimestampColumnName

If Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn is set to true, you can use this property to specify the name of the added timestamp metadata column. This column will appear in the generated Avro schema and messages. Enter any alphanumeric character string. Default is INFA_TIME_CREATED.

Formatter. formatter Added Time stamp Column Time zone

If Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn is set to true, you can use this property to control the time zone in which the timestamp value in the added timestamp metadata column is reported. Valid values are:

- local. The local time zone where the CDC Publisher runs.
- UTC. Coordinated Universal Time.

Default is local.

Formatter.generateCommitDML

Indicates whether the Formatter generates messages for transaction commit operations. Also indicates whether the Formatter generates a commit message for each source table that was updated by the committed transaction or generates one commit message for all of the updated tables by using the schema of the last updated table. Valid values are:

- none. Do not generate messages for commit operations.
- LAST_TABLE. Generate a single commit message for all source tables that the transaction updated. The Formatter generates the commit message by using the Avro schema of the last source table that was updated by the transaction.
- ALL_TABLES. Generate a commit message for each source table that was updated by the transaction. Consider using this option if you configured CDC Publisher to generate one topic per source table.

Default is none.

If you enable the generation of commit messages, you can optionally set the Connector.kafkaCommitDmlTopic and Connector.kafkaCommitDmlTopicFiltering properties in the cdcPublisherKafka.cfg file.

Connector Configuration Properties

The sample cdcPublisherKafka.cfg file contains configuration properties related to the Apache Kafka or MapR Streams target.

Property Descriptions

The following properties are in the sample cdcPublisherKafka.cfg configuration file:

Connector.queueType

Required. The type of target messaging queue to which PowerExchange CDC Publisher streams messages. Valid values are:

- · kafka for an Apache Kafka target
- maprkafka for a MapR Streams target that uses the Kafka 0.9 API for producers

Connector.kafkaMaprStreamName

Required for MapR Streams targets. The path and name of the existing MapR stream that contains the topic or topics to which the CDC Publisher will publish messages.

Note: In MapR, the stream name is combined with the topic name in the format path_and_name_of_stream:topic_name to identify a topic. The CDC Publisher combines the stream name that you specify in this property with the topic name that you specify in the Connector.kafkaTopic property.

Connector.kafkaTopic

Required. The Kafka topic or topics to which PowerExchange CDC Publisher sends messages that contain extracted change data. Enter a specific topic name if you want to send all messages to a single topic, or enter USE_TABLE_NAME to direct the target messaging system to use a separate topic for each source table. A generated source-specific Kafka topic uses the *mapname_tablename* portion of the full extraction map name as the topic name. The full extraction map name has the format *schema.mapname_tablename*. For MapR targets, the topic name includes the stream name in the format *stream_path_name:mapname_tablename*.

Note: By default, the target messaging system automatically generate topics if the topics do not exist the first time messages are sent to it. You can disable the automatic generation of topics by setting the auto.create.topics.enable parameter to false in Kafka or by setting the autocreate parameter to false in MapR. If you do so, you must manually create the topics before CDC Publisher starts publishing messages.

No default value is provided.

Connector.kafkaProducerPropertiesFile

Required. The path and file name of the Kafka producer.properties file that PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses to communicate with Kafka. This file is typically in the <code>/Kafka_installation/config directory</code>.

No default value is provided.

The following additional properties can also be included in the cdcPublisherKafka.cfg file at your discretion:

Connector.kafkaCheckpointFileDirectory

A directory name for the instance subdirectory to which the CDC Publisher writes checkpoint files. The default value is "checkpoint." You can use this property to override the default directory name.

Connector.kafkaFileCheckpointFileName

Controls the name of the file to which the CDC Publisher writes checkpoints. This file is in the directory that is specified by the Connector.kafkaCheckpointFileDirectory property. Enter a specific file name or DEFAULT. If you enter DEFAULT, the CDC Publisher uses the default file name of "checkpoint." The default property value is DEFAULT.

Connector.kafkaCommitDmlTopic

Indicates whether to send all commit messages to a single topic that you specify or to send commit messages to the topic or topics that the Connector.kafkaTopic property identifies. Valid values are:

- topic_name. The name of the Kafka topic to which the CDC Publisher sends all commit messages.
 Use this option to send commit messages to a topic that is different from the topic that the Connector.kafkaTopic property identifies.
- default. Send commit messages to the topic or topics as identified in the Connector.kafkaTopic
 property. If the Connector.kafkaTopic property specifies USE_TABLE_NAME, the commit messages,
 along with the data messages, are sent to the source-specific topics that are generated for each
 source table that was by the transaction.

Default value is the default.

To use this property, you must enable the generation of commit messages in the **Formatter.generate.CommitDML** property in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg file.

Connector.kafkaCommitDmlTopicFiltering

Indicates whether to filter commit messages before they are sent to the topic or topics that receive messages for DML operations in a transaction. Valid values are:

- **none**. Do not filter the commit messages to be sent to topics. Send all of the commit messages to each topic that receives messages for the DML operations in the transaction.
- MAX_ONE_PER_TOPIC. Send only one commit message to each topic that receives messages for the DML operations in the transaction.

Default is MAX_ONE_PER_TOPIC.

To use this property, you must enable the generation of commit messages in the **Formatter.generate.CommitDML** property in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg file.

Connector.kafkaMessageKey

Identifies the key value to include in the messages that the CDC Publisher producer sends to a partitioned topic in a Kafka or MapR Streams target messaging system. You can specify a key value or use the source table name as the key value. Valid values are:

- string. Use the specified character string as the message key. All messages will be sent to Kafka using this message key.
- USE_TABLE_NAME. Use the source table name as the message key.

No default value is provided.

Connector.kafkaProducerGuaranteeDelivery

Controls whether the CDC Publisher uses guaranteed delivery to write a checkpoint after each change operation is acknowledged as successfully received by the target messaging system. This delivery mode avoids message loss and duplication but slows apply processing. Set the property to false if you do not want to use guaranteed delivery. With the setting of false, if the target messaging system terminates while changes are in flight, the CDC Publisher might apply duplicate messages to the target after the change stream is restarted. The default value is true.

PowerExchange Extract Configuration Properties

The sample cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg file contains properties that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses to extract change from PowerExchange and to retrieve PowerExchange extraction map definitions of source objects. The following list describes the properties in the sample file. It also includes some additional properties that you might want to use.

Property Descriptions

The following properties are in the sample cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg file:

Extract.pwxCapiConnectionName

Required. The NAME parameter value in the CAPX CAPI_CONNECTION statement in the PowerExchange DBMOVER configuration file. This CAPI_CONNECTION statement is used to connect to the PowerExchange change data stream to read data from PowerExchange Logger log files.

No default value is provided.

Extract.pwxExtractionMapSchemaName

Required. The PowerExchange-generated schema name that is included in the names of the PowerExchange extraction maps for the source objects. This schema name has the format unninstance or dnninstance, where "u" indicates a user-defined extraction map, "d" indicates the default extraction map generated from the capture registration, nn is a two-digit value that represents the source type, and instance is the instance value from the PowerExchange registration group for the data source. The schema name is the first part of the full extraction map name: xnninstance.mapname_tablename. This property is used to select the extraction maps that the CDC Publisher will use to extract change data.

Note: All extraction maps with names that match the specified schema name or mask are selected. If you want to use a subset of these extraction maps, define the

Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList or Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList property to filter the extraction maps.

No default value is provided.

Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList

A list of the extraction maps that match the specified schema name and that you want to explicitly *include* in extraction processing. The PowerExchange CDC Publisher process will use only these included extraction maps. Any other extraction maps that were selected based on the extraction-map schema name are ignored. For each extraction map to include, enter the full extraction map name in the format *xnninstance.mapname_tablename*. Use a comma (,) separator between the values, for example:

```
Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList=xnninstance.mapname_tablename1, xnninstance.mapname tablename2,...
```

You can include the asterisk (*) wildcard anywhere in the value to represent one or more characters, thereby creating a mask that matches multiple extraction maps.

Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList

A list of the extraction maps that match the specified schema name but that you want to exclude from extraction processing. For each extraction map to exclude, enter the full extraction map name in the format xnninstance.mapname_tablename. Use a comma (,) separator between the values, for example:

```
Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList=xnninstance.mapname_tablename1, xnninstance.mapname tablename2,...
```

You can include the asterisk (*) wildcard anywhere in the value to represent one or more characters, thereby creating a mask that matches multiple extraction maps.

Extract.pwxNodeLocation

Required. The node name (first positional parameter) in the NODE statement that is used to connect to the PowerExchange Listener for change data extraction. This statement is defined in the PowerExchange DBMOVER configuration file. This Listener runs on the system with the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files.

No default value is provided.

Extract.pwxNodeUserId

A user ID that is authorized to access to the node that contains the PowerExchange Logger log files from which change data will be extracted. Define this property only if access to the node specified in the Extract.pwxNodeLocation property is secured by a user ID and password. If you use remote logging of source data to PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files that reside off the source system, this property value matches the CAPTURE_NODE_UID parameter value in the PowerExchange Logger configuration file, pwxccl.cfg.

No default value is provided.

Extract.pwxNodePwd

A clear-text or encrypted password that is associated with the user ID specified in the Extract.pwxNodeUserId property. To encrypt the password, run the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the ENCRYPT parameter. When you enter the encrypted password in this property, include the "ENC:" prefix.

Define this property only if access to the node specified in the Extract.pwxNodeLocation property is secured by a user ID and password. If you use remote logging of source data to PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files that reside off the source system, this property value matches the CAPTURE_NODE_PWD parameter value in the PowerExchange Logger configuration file, pwxccl.cfg.

If you use PowerExchange-encrypted passwords, specify the Extract.pwxNodeEPwd property instead.

No default value is provided.

Extract.pwxNodeEPwd

An encrypted password that is associated with the user ID specified in the Extract.pwxNodeUserId property. This password must have been encrypted by using the PowerExchange Navigator Encrypt Password facility.

Define this property only if access to the node specified in the Extract.pwxNodeLocation property is secured by a user ID and password. If you use remote logging of source data to PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files that reside off the source system, this property value matches the CAPTURE_NODE_EPWD parameter value in the PowerExchange Logger configuration file, pwxccl.cfg.

If you use clear-text passwords or passwords that have been encrypted by the CDC Publisher PwxCDCAdmin ENCRYPT command, specify the Extract.pwxNodePwd property instead.

No default value is provided.

Extract.pwxXmapLocation

The node name (first positional parameter) in the NODE statement that is used to connect to the PowerExchange Listener on the source system to retrieve extraction maps for source objects. This statement is defined in the local PowerExchange DBMOVER configuration file. If you use remote logging of source data to PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files that reside off the source machine, this property value matches the CAPTURE_NODE parameter value in the PowerExchange Logger configuration file, pwxccl.cfg.

Note: If the data source and extraction maps are on the same node as the PowerExchange Listener and Logger, you do not need to specify this property. You can specify only the Extract.pwxNodeLocation

property to connect the PowerExchange Listener that handles both requests for extraction maps and requests for change data extraction.

No default value is provided.

Extract.pwxXmapUserId

A user ID that is authorized to access the node that contains the PowerExchange extraction maps for source objects. Define this property only if access to the node specified in the Extract.pwxXmapLocation property is secured by a user ID and password. If you use remote logging of source data to PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files that reside off the source system, this property value matches the CAPTURE_NODE_UID parameter value in the PowerExchange Logger configuration file, pwxccl.cfg.

No default value is provided.

Extract.pwxXmapPwd

A clear-text or encrypted password that is associated with the user ID specified in the Extract.pwxXmapUserId property. To encrypt the password, run the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the ENCRYPT parameter. When you enter the encrypted password in this property, include the "ENC:" prefix.

Define this property only if access to the node specified in the Extract.pwxXmapLocation property is secured by a user ID and password. If you use remote logging of source data to PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files that reside off the source system, this property value matches the CAPTURE_NODE_PWD parameter value in the PowerExchange Logger configuration file, pwxccl.cfg.

No default value is provided.

The following additional properties can also be included the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg file at your discretion:

Extract.pwxOffloadOption

Controls whether PowerExchange offloads some change data processing from the PowerExchange Listener system where the data resides to the CDC Publisher system. Valid values are:

- N. Disable offloading processing. Typically, this value is acceptable.
- Y. Enable offload processing.

Default is N.

Extract.pwxReadLatency

The maximum number of seconds that PowerExchange waits for more change data before flushing data to the PowerExchange client on the CDC Publisher machine.

Valid values are 1 through 86400. Default is 2.

Extract.pwxReturnLogInfoMessages

Controls whether the informational messages that PowerExchange returns to the CDC Publisher are written to the PwxCdcPublisher.out file in the logs subdirectory. Set this property to true to log the PowerExchange informational messages, or set this property to false to not log these informational messages. Default is false.

Extract.pwxUpdateImageOption

Indicates how UPDATEs that are read from the source are published to the CDC Publisher target. Valid values are:

Al. Process each update as a single UPDATE record that contains the after image only.

 TU. Process each update as a single UPDATE record that contains both the before image and after image.

Note: To have the before-image values included in the generated messages to be sent to the target, you must also specify Formatter.avroIncludeBeforeImage=true in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file.

 BA. Process each update as a DELETE record that contains the before image followed by an INERT record that includes the after image.

Default is TU.

Important: If the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows is configured to log only after images, you must set this property to AI. Otherwise, PowerExchange issues a fatal error.

Extract.restart1

The PowerExchange sequence token value that you want to use to restart the CDC Publisher process from a specific point in the change stream. For this property value to be used, you must restart the PwxCdcPublisher process with the COLDSTART=Y or RESTART=FROM_CONFIG parameter. You must also specify the Extract.restart2 property. No default value is provided.

Extract.restart2

The PowerExchange restart token value that you want to use to restart the CDC Publisher process from a specific point in the change stream. For this property value to be used, you must restart the PwxCdcPublisher process with the COLDSTART=Y or RESTART=FROM_CONFIG parameter. You must also specify the Extract.restart1 property. No default value is provided.

Filtering Extraction Maps and Source Objects

PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses the pwxExtractionMapSchemaName property value to select the PowerExchange extraction maps to use for extracting change data from source objects. You can filter this set of extraction maps and the source objects that are associated with them by specifying filtering criteria. You can enter filtering criteria that exclusively includes or excludes extraction maps.

To filter extraction maps, enter one or both of the following parameters in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg configuration file:

• Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList. Specifies a subset of the selected extraction maps to explicitly *include* in extraction processing. For each extraction map to include, enter the full extraction map name in the format *xnninstance.mapname_tablename*. Use a comma (,) separator between the values. For example:

```
Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList=xnninstance.mapname_tablename1,
xnninstance.mapname tablename2,...
```

You can use the asterisk (*) wildcard anywhere in the value to represent one or more characters, thereby creating a mask that matches multiple extraction maps. The PowerExchange CDC Publisher process will use the included extraction maps and ignore any other extraction maps that matched the extraction-map schema name.

Use this parameter when you want to explicitly include some of the selected extraction maps and ignore all of the other extraction maps that matched the pwxExtractionMapSchemaName value.

• Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList. Specifies a subset of the selected extraction maps to exclude from extraction processing. For each extraction map to exclude, enter the full extraction map name in the format xnninstance.mapname_tablename. Use a comma (,) separator between the values. You can include the asterisk (*) wildcard anywhere in the value to represent one or more characters, thereby creating a mask that matches multiple extraction maps.

Use this parameter when you want to use most of the extractions maps that matched the pwxExtractionMapSchemaName value, excluding only those that match the exclusion criteria in this property.

You can use the Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList and Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList properties together. For example, use an Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList mask to select a subset of extraction maps and then use the Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList to narrow the extraction maps in that subset.

For example, assume the following properties are specified:

- Extract.pwxExtractionMapSchemaName=d8district1
- Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList=d8district1.store*
- Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList=d8district1.store1_sales, d8district1.store1_customers, d8district1.store1_items

In this case, all extraction maps that have names beginning with the *xnn*instance (schema) value of "d8district1" are selected, where the full extraction map name format is *xnninstance.mapname_tablename*. Of the selected extraction maps, you explicitly include only those that have *mapname* values that begin with "store." From the subset of included extraction maps, you explicitly exclude the three extraction maps for map "store 1."

Note: The PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not automatically exclude extraction maps that are associated with capture registrations that have the status of Inactive, History or Suspended. If no change data is available, the CDC Publisher does not publish change data for the registered source objects. If you will never use these deactivated capture registrations or their associated extraction maps to capture and publish change data, you can exclude the extraction maps in the CDC Publisher to reduce resource consumption. Before you define the exclusion filter, ensure that any change data that was previously captured for the source object has been published to the target messaging system. After you define the exclusion filter, you must restart the CDC Publisher process for the filter to take effect.

Configuring CDC Publisher Message Logging

The PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses the Apache Log4j 2 API to implement message logging and tracing.

The PWX CDC Publisher provides a sample Log4j logging configuration file in XML format, PwxCDCPubLog4j.xml, in the \pwxcdcpub_root_installation\samples subdirectory. The sample file contains the Log4j 2 configuration properties that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses.

Note: For information about Log4j 2 logging configuration properties, see the Apache Log4j 2 documentation.

You must copy the sample PwxCDCPubLog4j.xml file from the samples subdirectory to the \pwxcdcpub_root_installation\instanceA\config subdirectory. If you use multiple instances, copy the file to the config subdirectory for each instance. Do not rename the file. Usually, the PwxCDCPubLog4j.xml file in the config subdirectory can be used without modification, even for instances other than instanceA. However,

if you want trace messages to be logged, you must change the following Logger statement to specify level="all":

```
<Logger name="trace" level="all" additivity="false" includeLocation="false">
   <AppenderRef ref="TraceFile"/>
   </Logger>
```

Based on the PwxCDCPubLog4j.xml file configuration, as delivered, Log4j 2 logs CDC Publisher messages to files in the \pwxcdcpub_root_installation\instanceA\logs subdirectory. If you use instances other than instanceA, the PwxCDCPubLog4j.xml file is automatically updated with the current instance name when you start the PwxCDCPublisher process so that messages will be logged to the logs subdirectory of that instance.

Also, based on the delivered PwxCDCPublLog.xml file, Log4j 2 generates log files for PowerExchange CDC Publisher messages in the $\pwxcdcpub_root_installation\pinstance\possible subdirectory using the following naming conventions:$

- · The active log file is named PwxCdcPublisher.out.
- Archive log files are generated using the following file-name format:
 PwxCdcPublisher.out.yyyy-mm-dd-hh-n.gz, where yyyy-mm-dd is year-month-day, hh is hour of the day, and n is a generated number. In the a sample Log4j logging configuration file, the maximum number of archive log files is set to 999999.

The active log is archived when the maximum file size is reached or when the CDC Publisher is restarted. The Log4j default maximum size is 10 MB. You can change this maximum size in the PwxCDCPubLog4j.xml file. Each time you restart the CDC Publisher, the previous log file is archived and a new active log file is created.

For your convenience, any error and warning messages that PowerExchange returns to the CDC Publisher are also written to the PwxCdcPublisher.out file in the logs subdirectory by default. Optionally, you can configure the CDC Publisher to also log PowerExchange informational messages to the PwxCdcPublisher.out file by specifying Extract.pwxReturnLogInfoMessages=true in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg configuration file.

If Informatica Big Data Streaming Will Consume Data from a Target

PowerExchange CDC Publisher streams change data that PowerExchange captured in near real time to target messaging systems such as Apache Kafka. Informatica Big Data Streaming can then consume the change data from the target message queue and use it for a variety of purposes. For example, Big Data Streaming can use the change data to generate near-real-time fraud detection alerts or customize sales offers at point-of-sale.

If the Big Data Streaming product will consume the change data that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher sends to a target messaging system, use the following PowerExchange CDC Publisher configuration guidelines:

- Big Data Streaming cannot consume data from fields that have a binary data type. Configure the PowerExchange CDC Publisher to send data from binary fields as string data by setting the following properties in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file:
 - **Formatter.avroBinaryAsString=true**. With this setting, binary data is represented as string data in the generated Avro messages.

- Formatter.avroBinaryStringRepresentationType=(<u>base64</u>|hexadecimal}. When Formatter.avroBinaryAsString=true, this property determines whether to use base64 or hexadecimal strings to represent binary data. Default is base64.
- Big Data Streaming cannot consume JSON-encoded Avro messages. To use binary-encoded messages, specify Formatter.avroEncodingType=binary in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file.
- As a consumer application, Big Data Streaming must have copies of the Avro schemas for the source
 tables to properly interpret the change data in the messages. You can use the REPORT=FORMAT
 parameter of the PwxCDCAdmin utility to report the existing Avro schemas in a legible format for use by
 consumer applications. If no Avro schemas have been generated for the source tables, the utility attempts
 to create the Avro schemas based on the properties in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file. For
 more information, see "PwxCDCAdmin Utility Command and Parameters" on page 73.
- If you try to import an Avro schema that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher generated for a very large table and that is larger than 65535 bytes into Big Data Streaming, the Scala compiler issues a Java exception related to the scala.tools.asm package. This problem occurs because the Scala code does not handle literals greater than 65535 bytes in size. To circumvent this problem, you can configure the PowerExchange CDC Publisher to generate Avro schema in a minimized format by specifying some or all of the following properties in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file:
 - Formatter.avroSchemaPrintPretty={true|false}. Set this property to false to *not* include the spaces and line feeds that are intended to improve legibility in the generated Avro schemas. Default value is true, which causes the spaces and line feeds to be included.
 - Formatter.avroSchemaPrintDocFields={true|false}. Set this property to false to *not* report the "doc" fields in the generated Avro schemas. The doc fields include metadata such as the CDC and PowerExchange datatypes, precision, and scale. Default value is true, which causes this information to be included.
 - Formatter.avroSchemaPrintDefaultFields={true|false}. Set this property to false to *not* include the "default" fields in the generated Avro schemas. Default value is true, which causes the default fields to be included.

CHAPTER 7

Streaming Change Data

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Before You Start Data Streaming, 55
- · Starting the PwxCDCPublisher Utility, 55
- Operational Considerations, 56

Before You Start Data Streaming

To begin streaming change data from a PowerExchange source to a target messaging system, you start the main PwxCDCPublisher utility.

The PwxCDCPublisher utility can run as a Linux daemon in the foreground or background or as a Windows process in the foreground.

Before you start the PwxCDCPublisher utility, ensure that the following prerequisites are met:

- · Active capture registrations and extraction maps exist for the data source objects.
- The PowerExchange Listener and PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows are running.
- PowerExchange has captured change records from the data sources and logged them in PowerExchange Logger log files.
- · The target messaging system is running.

Starting the PwxCDCPublisher Utility

You can start the PwxCDCPublisher utility from a command prompt at the pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin subdirectory or by using batch file, provided that file system security allows you to run this script. This procedure describes how to start the utility from a command prompt.

Before you start the PwxCDCPublisher, make sure the following prerequisites are met:

- Ensure that the PowerExchange Listener instances in the PowerExchange environment are running.
- If the target type is Apache Kafka, ensure that Apache Kafka and Zookeeper are running.

- If the target type is MapR Streams, ensure that the MapR server is running.
- At the command prompt, enter the PwxCDCPublisher command. Include the optional INSTANCE parameter if you want to run the PwxCDCPublisher process using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub root installation/instanceA.

Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCPublisher [INSTANCE=override instance directory] [NOHUP]
```

On Linux, you can include NOHUP to run the PwxCDCPublisher as a daemon in the background.

Tip: For the full command syntax, including other optional PwxCDCPublisher parameters, see "PwxCDCPublisher Utility - Command and Parameters" on page 70.

The startup output is displayed, for example:

```
PowerExchange CDC Publisher from Informatica LLC 1.0.0
Copyright (c) 2014-2017 Informatica LLC. All rights reserved. See patents at
https://www.informatica.com/legal/patents.html.
INSTANCE = instanceA. CDC Publisher Started. Listening on host:port USHOST1:26987
PWX-07122 DTLSCLI connected using DTLConnect PWX Version: 10.1.1, Patch Level: V1011_B05_5095439,
Local code pages: Control=UTF-8 (41) Data=ISO-8859 (1) SQL=UTF-8 (41).
PWX-33304 Connection: 10.17.3.191:64393, Type: CAPXRT, Task ID: 0, Operation timeout: (-) secs,
Heartbeat interval: 30 secs, Session: (-)
PWX-33304 Connection: 10.17.3.191:64399, Type: CAPXRT, Task ID: 0, Operation timeout: (-) secs,
Heartbeat interval: 30 secs, Session: (-)
PWX-31517 To retrieve extraction maps, PowerExchange uses the value for Map Location,
'mylaptop_v1000',
from the PWX CDC application connection.
PWX-33304 Connection: 10.17.3.191:64393, Type: CAPXRT, Task ID: 0, Operation timeout: (-) secs,
Heartbeat interval: 30 secs, Session: (-)
PWX-07122 DTLSCLI connected using DTLConnect PWX Version: 10.1.1, Patch Level: V1011 B05 5095439,
Local code pages: Control=UTF-8 (41) Data=ISO-8859 (1) SQL=UTF-8 (41).
```

To verify that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher is active and processing change records, run the PwxCDCInfo utility. For more information, see <u>"Monitoring Overview" on page 58</u>.

Operational Considerations

The following operational considerations apply to PowerExchange CDC Publisher change data streaming:

- You can configure multiple PowerExchange CDC Publisher "instances," each with its own set of
 checkpoint files, configuration files, log files, and Avro schemas. When you start a PwxCDCPublisher
 process, you specify the name of the instance to use. The instance name corresponds to a directory
 within the PowerExchange CDC Publisher installation. By default, the PowerExchange CDC Publisher
 installation creates the "instanceA" directory and its subdirectories. Consider adding instances to process
 change data in multiple streams for different sources or different targets or for load balancing.
- The PowerExchange CDC Publisher reads extraction map information only at startup. If you edit the capture registrations and the associated extraction maps for the data sources, PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not automatically update the Avro schema. You must run the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the CLEAR parameter to remove the old Avro schema from cache. You can then run the utility again with RESET parameter to re-read the extraction maps and cache the updated Avro schema. After you restart the PwxCDCPublisher process, it can use the updated Avro schema in cache to generate messages in the latest schema format for transmittal to the target messaging system. For more information about PwxCDCAdmin utility parameters, see "PwxCDCAdmin Utility Command and Parameters" on page 73.
- If you start the PwxCDCPublisher process before the PowerExchage Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows has written at least one source change record to its log files, the Publisher Extractor process might end

- with an error. This issue is caused by a PowerExchange Logger reader limitation that pertains to the first run of the PowerExchange Logger.
- PowerExchange sends change data from successful units of work (UOWs) to the CDC Publisher in commit
 order. The PowerExchange CDC Publisher maintains this order when streaming messages to the target
 messaging system.
- The CDC Publisher processes a stream of change records in a manner that is independent from
 transaction start and end points. If the CDC Publisher terminates or connectivity to the target messaging
 system is lost before all of the changes in a transaction are processed, the target will have only some of
 the changes until you restart the CDC Publisher so that it can send the remaining changes in the
 transaction. The CDC Publisher process will restart from the last checkpoint position recorded in the
 checkpoint file by default.
- The PowerExchange CDC Publisher can filter source tables or objects by using the filtering criteria you
 specify in the Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList and Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList
 properties in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg configuration file. However, the CDC Publisher cannot
 filter source columns.
- The PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not automatically exclude extraction maps that are associated with capture registrations that have the status of Inactive, History or Suspended. If no change data is available, the CDC Publisher does not publish change data for the registered source objects. If you will never use these deactivated capture registrations or their associated extraction maps to capture and publish change data, you can exclude the extraction maps in the CDC Publisher to reduce resource consumption. Before you define the exclusion filter, ensure that any change data that was previously captured for the source object has been published to the target messaging system. After you define the exclusion filter, you must restart the CDC Publisher process for the filter to take effect. If you plan to reactivate a suspended registration, first remove the exclusion filter for the associated extraction maps. Then restart the CDC Publisher process and reactivate the registration.

CHAPTER 8

Monitoring PowerExchange CDC Publisher

This chapter includes the following topics:

- · Monitoring Overview, 58
- Determining the Status of CDC Publisher Processes, 58
- Generating Statistics on CDC Publisher Processing, 60

Monitoring Overview

You can use the PwxCDCInfo utility to report PowerExchange CDC Publisher status information and internal statistics for CDC Publisher processes, updated target topics, and CDC Publisher internal attributes.

The PwxCDCInfo utility can report the following types of monitoring information:

- The overall status of the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process and the status of each major subprocess (Extractor, Formatter, and Connector). The status is designated by a color indicator: "GREEN" for running, "YELLOW" for a warning situation, and "RED" for stopped.
- Information about the target topics that the CDC Publisher updated, including the topic name, the
 associated source table name, the number of messages sent to the topic, and the last change operation
 type and sequence ID.
- Statistics for diagnostic use, by internal attribute and CDC Publisher child process.

Also, the PowerExchange CDC Publisher messages that are written to the logs subdirectory provide information about errors, potential errors, and processing status. For more information, see <u>Appendix C</u>, "Message Reference" on page 80.

Determining the Status of CDC Publisher Processes

To determine the overall status of PowerExchange CDC Publisher processes, run the PwxCDCInfo utility with the STATUS parameter. To provide status information for each CDC Publisher process (Extractor, Formatter, and Connector), include the optional DETAIL parameter.

You can use this information to determine if a CDC Publisher process stopped or has a potential problem.

Before you issue the PwxCDCInfo command, ensure that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process is running in a separate command line window.

► At the command prompt, enter the PwxCDCInfo command with the STATUS parameter. Include the optional INSTANCE parameter if the Publisher process is using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxpub root installation/instanceA..

Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCInfo STATUS [DETAIL [VERBOSE]] [INSTANCE=override instance directory]
```

You can issue the command from the <code>pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin</code> subdirectory or from another location if you specified the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable.

For the full command syntax, see "PwxCDCInfo Utility - Command and Parameters" on page 71.

The command output is displayed on screen. Optionally, you can direct the output to a file.

• If you entered PwxCDCInfo STATUS, the output shows the overall status of all PowerExchange CDC Publisher processes by using a color indicator and brief description. For example:

```
PROCESS STATE GREEN All processes are running
```

The other process states are:

- YELLOW. A warning condition exists. The data stream might be restricted or not flowing.
- RED. The CDC Publisher processes are not running or cannot be found.
- If you entered PwxCDCInfo STATUS DETAIL, the output shows the status color indicator for each CDC Publisher child process. For example:

```
PARENT CHILD ATTRIBUTE VALUE DESCRIPTION Extract_Connector Extract TRAFFIC LIGHT GREEN Extract_Connector Connector TRAFFIC LIGHT GREEN Extract_Connector Connector TRAFFIC LIGHT GREEN
```

• If you entered PwxCDCInfo STATUS DETAIL VERBOSE, the output shows the status color indicator for each CDC Publisher child process with a description of the valid status values. For example:

PARENT Extract_Connector	CHILD Extract	ATTRIBUTE TRAFFIC LIGHT	VALUE GREEN	DESCRIPTION Similar to a traffic light, a red value indicates an error, a green value indicates the process is running as expected, and a yellow value indicates a mixed state (not an error and not running as expected).
Extract_Connector	Formatter	TRAFFIC LIGHT	GREEN	Similar to a traffic light, a red value indicates an error, a green value indicates the process is running as expected, and a yellow value indicates a mixed state (not an error and not running as expected).
Extract_Connector	Connector	TRAFFIC LIGHT	GREEN	Similar to a traffic light, a red value indicates an error, a green value indicates the process is running as expected, and a yellow value indicates a mixed state (not an error and not running as expected).

Generating Statistics on CDC Publisher Processing

You can use the PwxCDCInfo utility with the STATS parameter to generate statistics and state information for the topics to which the CDC Publisher sent messages and for CDC Publisher internal attributes for diagnostic use.

The statistics are cumulative from the start time of the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process. You can reset the internal statistics to their original values to determine the processing activity from the reset point going forward.

Before you issue the PwxCDCInfo command, ensure that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process is running in a separate command line window.

▶ At the command prompt, enter the PwxCDCInfo command with the STATS=TOPIC or STATS=INTERNAL parameter. Include the optional INSTANCE parameter if the Publisher process is using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub_root installation/instanceA.

Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCInfo STATS={TOPIC|INTERNAL [DETAIL [VERBOSE]] [RESET]
[INSTANCE=override instance directory]
```

You can issue the command from the <code>pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin</code> subdirectory or from another location if you specified the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable.

Tip: For the full command syntax, see "PwxCDCInfo Utility - Command and Parameters" on page 71.

The command output is displayed on screen. Optionally, you can direct the output to a file.

If you entered **STATS=TOPIC**, the output shows processing information for each topic that the CDC Publisher updated, including a count of messages sent to the topic and the last change operation type and sequence ID. The following example shows information for one updated topic:

Note: The CDC Publisher generates the Sequence ID value and uses it internally to track the last change applied to the topic.

You can use the STATS=TOPIC RESET command to clear the statistics.

If you entered **STATS=INTERNAL**, the output shows internal statistics and state information, by attribute, for each type of PowerExchange CDC Publisher child process. This information is primarily for diagnostic use by Informatica Global Customer Support and other technical staff. The following example shows a small portion of this report:

```
PARENT
                                        ATTRIBUTE
                                                                     VALUE
                                                                                               DESCRIPTION
Extract
           Extract Capture Consumer
                                        ErrorState
                                                                     false
           Extract Capture Consumer
                                        IsRunningState
Extract
                                                                     true
          Extract Capture Consumer
                                        IsSleepingState
Extract
                                                                     true
Extract
          Extract Capture Consumer
                                       SleepDuration
                                                                     2729102
Extract.
          Extract Capture Consumer
                                        InputRecordsRead
                                                                     10976086
          Extract Capture Consumer
                                        InputBytesRead
Extract
Extract
          Extract Capture Consumer
                                        LastSequenceIn
                                                                     2, PWX GENERIC, 1, , 2, 3, ...
Extract
           Extract Capture Consumer
                                       EventsSkippedOldSequence
Extract
           Extract Capture Consumer
                                        InputSchemaRecordsRead
                                                                     10
          Extract Capture Consumer
                                       InputDMLRecordsRead
Extract
```

Tip: The STATS=INTERNAL output is displayed in a wide format. For easier reading, direct the output to a file.

You can use STATS=INTERNAL RESET command to set the statistics back to their original values.

If you entered **STATS=INTERNAL VERBOSE**, the output shows the same type of diagnostic information as the STATS=INTERNAL report with an additional description of each attribute. The following example shows a small portion of this report:

PARENT	CHILD	ATTRIBUTE	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
	Extract Capture Consumer		false	is True if the process	
	cly in error, false otherwise. Extract Capture Consumer	IsRunningState	true	True if the processing	
	, false if it has stopped run		true	irue ii the processing	
		IsSleepingState	true	True if the processing	
	ng, false if not.	issieepingstate	ciue	irde ir the processing	
	Extract Capture Consumer	SleenDuration	2596322	If sleeping, the	
	ration of that sleep (millise		2030022	ii bicoping, one	
		InputRecordsRead	4761	The current number of	
	ords consumed by this process.				
		InputBytesRead	10976086	The current number of	
bytes of input consumed by this process.					
Extract	Extract Capture Consumer	LastSequenceIn	2, PWX GENERIC, 1, , 2,	The sequence value of	
the last operation read into this process.					
Extract	Extract Capture Consumer	EventsSkippedOldSequence	1	The number of incoming	
events skipped because their sequence indicates they were previously processed.					
		InputSchemaRecordsRead	10	The current number of	
	ords of type Schema consumed b				
	Extract Capture Consumer			The current number of	
input reco	ords of type DML (inserts, upd	lates, deletes and truncates) consumed by this proc	ess.	

CHAPTER 9

Administering PowerExchange CDC Publisher

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Administration Overview

To perform administrative tasks in PowerExchange CDC Publisher, you primarily use the PwxCDCAdmin utility. Check that your file system security allows you to have access to the PwxCDCAdmin utility script.

This section covers the following PwxCDCAdmin administrative tasks:

- Reporting the current Avro format definitions in a legible format, which can be used for validation and by consumer applications
- · Handling changes to the source table structure, such as added or dropped columns
- Adding a source table to the change stream of a PowerExchange CDC Publisher process
- Encrypting a password for use in the pwxNodePwd or pwxXmapPwd property in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg configuration file
- Shutting down a PowerExchange CDC Publisher process

This section also describes how to restart the PwxCDCPublisher utility after it shuts down or ends abnormally using an override restart position in the PowerExchange Logger log records.

Reporting the Avro Format Definitions for Source Tables

Use the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the REPORT=FORMAT parameter to generate the Avro format definitions, or schemas, for all source tables or a specific source table in the \instance\reports subdirectory.

The generated format definitions are available in a legible format for viewing and can be used by consumer applications to read the messages that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher sent to the target messaging system. The generated schemas reflect the flat, nested, or generic format that you set in the Formatter.avroSchemaFormat parameter setting in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file.

Before you issue the PwxCDCAdmin command, ensure that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process is running in a separate command line window.

1. At the command prompt, enter the PwxCDCAdmin command with the REPORT=FORMAT and TABLE parameters.

You can issue the command from the <code>pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin</code> subdirectory or from another location if you specified the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable.

In the TABLE parameter, indicate whether to generate the schemas for all tables or a specific table. Also include the optional INSTANCE parameter if you are running the PwxCDCPublisher process using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub root installation/instanceA.

Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCAdmin REPORT=FORMAT TABLE={ALL|mapname_tablename}
[INSTANCE=override instance directory]
```

In this syntax, mapname_tablename is the map name and table name portion of the extraction map name, where the extraction map name has the format xnninstance.mapname_tablename. For more information about the command syntax, see <u>"PwxCDCAdmin Utility - Command and Parameters" on page 73</u>.

2. To verify that the Avro format definitions were generated for the source tables or table, check the reports subdirectory under the instance that you are using.

Handling Changes to Source Tables and Extraction Maps

PowerExchange CDC Publisher does not update the Avro schemas if the source table structure and extraction map definition change. The extraction map definition must change if the source columns or fields for which change data is extracted are added or removed.

Use the following procedure to add or remove source columns or fields and properly resume PowerExchange CDC Publisher processing.

- On the source system, stop change activity (inserts, updates, and deletes) on the source table.
- 2. Verify that the change data based on the current table definition has been published to the target messaging system or downstream consumer application. Use the following methods:
 - If you know the change operation that was last applied to the source table, verify that the target messaging system or consumer application has received that change.

In the change records that the target messaging system or consumer application has received, verify
that the DTL__CAPXTIMESTAMP value is later than the time at which change activity against the
source table was stopped.

If neither the target messaging system nor consumer application has received the expected change records, verify that the CDC Publisher is running. To do so, run the PwxCDCInfo STATUS command. The expected result is "PROCESS STATE GREEN All processes are running."

3. Shut down the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows.

For more information, see the PowerExchange CDC Guide for Linux, UNIX, and Windows.

4. Optionally, clear the Avro schemas that match the existing source extraction maps from cache if you want to force the generation of updated Avro schemas that reflect the source table changes.

Note: If you do not perform this step, CDC Publisher will continue to use the cached Avro schemas that do not reflect the source table changes.

To clear the Avro schemas from cache, enter the PwxCDCAdmin command with the CLEAR=FORMAT and TABLE parameters at the command prompt. Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCAdmin CLEAR=FORMAT TABLE={ALL|mapname_tablename}
[INSTANCE=override_instance_directory]
```

Include the optional INSTANCE parameter if you are using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub_root installation/instanceA. The mapname_tablename variable is the map name and table name portion of the new extraction map name, where the extraction map name has the format xnninstance.mapname_tablename. For more information about the command syntax, see "PwxCDCAdmin Utility - Command and Parameters" on page 73.

The command produces output such as shown in the following example:

```
INSTANCE = instanceA. Connecting to host:port USHOST1:26987

COMMAND RESULT RESULT CODE DESCRIPTION

CLEAR FORMAT 1 The number of Avro Schema definitions cleared
```

Shut down the PwxCDCPublisher process by using the PwxCDCAdmin SHUTDOWN command. For more
information, see <u>"Shutting Down the CDC Publisher" on page 67</u>.

You can issue the command from the <code>pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin</code> subdirectory or from another location if you specified the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable. For more information, see <u>"Shutting Down the CDC Publisher" on page 67.</u>

- 6. In the PowerExchange Navigator, open the original capture registration and set its status to **History**. For more information, see the *PowerExchange Navigator User Guide*.
- 7. Alter the source table or object to add or remove columns.
- 8. In the PowerExchange Navigator, re-create the capture registration and associated extraction map for the source table. Activate the capture registration.
- 9. If you set any PowerExchange CDC Publisher properties that refer to the *mapname_tablename* portion of the extraction map name, update the properties to refer to the *mapname_tablename* portion of the regenerated extraction map name.

Note: The extraction map name has the format xnninstance.mapname_tablename.

For example, perform this step if you defined the Extract.captureConsumerExcludeNameList and Extract.captureConsumerIncludeNameList filter properties.

 On the PowerExchange CDC Publisher system, restart the PwxCDCPublisher process as you would under normal conditions. For more information, see <u>"Restarting a PowerExchange CDC Publisher Change Data Stream" on page 67.</u>

- 11. To verify that the CDC Publisher recognizes the schema change and that the Avro schema is properly updated, perform the following substeps:
 - To get the updated extraction map information, enter the PwxCDCAdmin command with the RESET=FORMAT parameter at the command prompt.

Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCAdmin RESET=FORMAT [INSTANCE=override_instance_directory]
```

Include the optional INSTANCE parameter only if you are using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub root installation/instanceA.

Alternatively, you can wait until the CDC Publisher first receives change data for the updated table. At that point, the CDC Publisher automatically caches the extraction map and generates the Avro schema.

b. To force the generation of the updated Avro schema so that you can verify that it properly reflects the changed table structure, enter the PwxCDCAdmin command with the REPORT=FORMAT and TABLE parameters.

Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCAdmin [REPORT=FORMAT TABLE={ALL|mapname_tablename}]
[INSTANCE=override instance directory]
```

In this syntax, mapname_tablename is the map name and table name portion of the new extraction map name. Include the optional INSTANCE parameter only if you are using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub root installation/instanceA.

This command generates new Avro schema in the $\instance\reports$ subdirectory. The schema is generated in a legible format. The generated schema can be used for verification purposes and by consumer applications.

12. Warm start the PowerExchange Logger.

Adding a Source Table to a Change Data Stream

To add a new source table or object to a PowerExchange CDC Publisher change data stream, you must create a PowerExchange extraction map definition for the new table and restart the PwxCDCPublisher process. Optionally, you can generate an Avro format definition (schema) for the table so that you can verify it.

Note: If you do not generate the Avro schema, the CDC Publisher will automatically generate it when change data is received for the new source table.

- 1. Shut down the PwxCDCPublisher process by issuing the PwxCDCAdmin SHUTDOWN command.
 - You can issue the command from the <code>pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin</code> subdirectory or from another location if you specified the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable. For more information, see <u>"Shutting"</u> Down the CDC Publisher" on page 67.
- 2. Shut down the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows.
 - For more information, see the PowerExchange CDC Guide for Linux, UNIX, and Windows.
- 3. In the PowerExchange Navigator, create a capture registration and associated extraction map for the new source table. Activate the capture registration.
 - For more information, see the *PowerExchange Navigator User Guide*. In the capture registration, set the **Status** to **Active** and the **Condense** option to **Part**.
- 4. Restart the PwxCDCPublisher process. For more information, see <u>"Restarting a PowerExchange CDC Publisher Change Data Stream" on page 67.</u>

5. To retrieve extraction map information for all source tables from PowerExchange, including the new table, enter the PwxCDCAdmin command with the RESET=FORMAT parameter at the command prompt. Include the optional INSTANCE parameter if you are using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub root installation/instanceA.

Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCAdmin RESET=FORMAT [INSTANCE=override instance directory]
```

Alternatively, you can wait until the CDC Publisher first receives change data for the new table. At that point, the CDC Publisher automatically caches the extraction map and generates the Avro schema.

6. If you specified the PwxCDCAdmin RESET=FORMAT command and want to force the generation of the Avro schema for the new table so that you can verify that it properly reflects the table structure, enter the PwxCDCAdmin command with the REPORT=FORMAT and TABLE parameters at the command prompt. The TABLE parameter is required. Include the optional INSTANCE parameter if you are using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub root installation/instanceA.

Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCAdmin REPORT=FORMAT TABLE=mapname tablename[INSTANCE=override instance directory]
```

In this syntax, mapname_tablename represents the table name portion of the new extraction map name, where the extraction map name has the format xnninstance.mapname_tablename.

This command generates the updated Avro schema in the \instance\reports subdirectory. The schema is generated in a legible format. The generated schema can be used for verification purposes and by consumer applications.

7. Warm start the PowerExchange Logger.

Encrypting a Password

You can encrypt a password to be entered in the Extract.pwxXmapPwd or Extract.pwxNodePwd property in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg configuration text file to protect the password from unauthorized viewing. Use the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the ENCRYPT parameter.

Note: Do not use this method to encrypt a password that will be entered in the Extract.pwxNodeEPwd property. This property value must be encrypted with the PowerExchange Navigator Encrypt Password facility.

At the command prompt, enter the PwxCDCAdmin command with the ENCRYPT parameter.

Use the following syntax:

```
{\tt PwxCDCAdmin~ENCRYPT=} nonencrypted\_password
```

You can issue the command from the <code>pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin</code> subdirectory or from another location if you specified the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable.

The PwxCDCAdmin utility generates and displays an encrypted password in the format ENC: encrypted_password, where "ENC:" is the prefix that the CDC Publisher uses to identify an encrypted password value. When you enter the encrypted password in the Extract.pwxXmapPwd or Extract.pwxNodePwd property, include the prefix, for example:

Extract.pwxXmapPwd=ENC:AC/YB0tjDJDR2DBdAUXgqDQ==

Shutting Down the CDC Publisher

Use the PwxCDCAdmin utility with the SHUTDOWN parameter to stop the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process.

If messages are being written to topics when the shutdown request is made, the connection to the target messaging system remains open so that the write operations can complete before the CDC Publisher shuts down. If CDC Publisher internal processes are processing change data, the processes ignore the in-progress changes and shut down cleanly. The processing of these in-progress changes will occur after the CDC Publisher process is restarted, provided that you use the default restart position.

Before you issue the PwxCDCAdmin command, ensure that the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process is running in a separate command line window.

► At the command prompt, enter the PwxCDCAdmin command with the SHUTDOWN parameter. Include the optional INSTANCE parameter if you are shutting down a PwxCDCPublisher process that is using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub root installation/instanceA.

Use the following syntax:

```
PwxCDCAdmin SHUTDOWN [INSTANCE=override instance directory]
```

You can issue the command from the <code>pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin</code> subdirectory or from another location if you specified the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable. For more information about the command syntax, see "PwxCDCAdmin Utility - Command and Parameters" on page 73.

The following output from shutdown processing is displayed:

Restarting a PowerExchange CDC Publisher Change Data Stream

If a PowerExchange CDC Publisher process is shut down or ends for any reason, you can use the PwxCDCPublisher utility to restart it from the default restart position in the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files or from an override restart position that you set by using the PwxCDCPublisher RESTART or COLDSTART parameter.

By default, the first time you start the PwxCDCPublisher for a particular instance, it starts from the earliest position in the PowerExchange Logger log files. Subsequent PwxCDCPublisher runs start from the last position of the prior run unless you specify an override position. If you plan to override this default position by using the RESTART FROM_BEGINNING or FROM_CONFIG option or the COLDSTART=Y setting, first delete the existing checkpoint file.

At the command prompt, enter the PwxCDCPublisher command without the RESTART or COLDSTART parameter to restart the Publisher process from the default restart position. To override the default restart position, include the optional RESTART or COLDSTART parameter. Also include the optional INSTANCE parameter if you are restarting a PwxCDCPublisher process that is using an instance other than the default "instanceA" at /pwxcdcpub root installation/instanceA.

You can issue the command from the <code>pwxcdcpub_root_installation\bin</code> subdirectory or from another location if you specified the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable.

Use the following syntax:

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} PWXCDCPUBLISHER [RESTART={FROM\_BEGINNING|FROM\_END|FROM\_CONFIG}] [COLDSTART={Y|\underline{N}}] \\ [INSTANCE=override instance directory] \end{tabular}
```

In this syntax:

- RESTART. Overrides the default restart position. Select one of the following options to specify the location in the change stream from which to restart Publisher processing:
 - FROM_BEGINNING. Extract change data from the earliest record that is available in the PowerExchange Logger log files, which is the same as the default start position for the first run of the PowerExchange CDC Publisher.
 - FROM_END. Extract change data beginning from the last processed record in the PowerExchange Logger log files.
 - FROM_CONFIG. Extract change data from the specific change stream position that you identify in the Extract.restart1 and Extract.restart2 properties in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg configuration file. This option is equivalent to setting COLDSTART=Y.

Note: The Extract.restart1 and Extract.restart2 properties specify the PowerExchange sequence token and restart token values, respectively. For more information about these PowerExchange token values, see the PowerExchange CDC documentation or contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

COLDSTART. Set this parameter to Y to cold start the PwxCDCPublisher process from the specific
position in the PowerExchange Logger log files that is identified by the Extract.restart1 and
Extract.restart2 properties. This setting is equivalent to RESTART=FROM_CONFIG. Do not specify the
COLDSTART=Y parameter with the RESTART parameter.

For more information about the command syntax, see <u>"PwxCDCAdmin Utility - Command and Parameters"</u> on page 73.

The following example output is from a PWXCDCPublisher RESTART=FROM_END command:

```
INSTANCE = instanceA. CDC Publisher Started. Listening on host:port USHOST1:26987
PWX-07122 DTLSCLI connected using DTLConnect PWX Version: 10.1.1, Patch Level:
V1011 B05 5095439, Local code pages: Control=UTF-8 (41) Data=ISO-8859 (1) SQL=UTF
-8 (4\overline{1}).
 Running.
PWX-33304 Connection: 10.17.3.191:49363, Type: CAPXRT, Task ID: 0, Operation
timeout: (-) secs, Heartbeat interval: 30 secs, Session: (-)
PWX-33304 Connection: 10.17.3.191:49369, Type: CAPXRT, Task ID: 0, Operation
timeout: (-) secs, Heartbeat interval: 30 secs, Session: (-)
PWX-33304 Connection: 10.17.3.191:49363, Type: CAPXRT, Task ID: 0, Operation
timeout: (-) secs, Heartbeat interval: 30 secs, Session: (-)
PWX-31517 To retrieve extraction maps, PowerExchange uses the value for Map
Location, 'mylaptop v1000', from the PWX CDC application connection.
PWX-33304 Connection: 10.17.3.191:49363, Type: CAPXRT, Task ID: 0, Operation
timeout: (-) secs, Heartbeat interval: 30 secs, Session: (-)
PWX-07122 DTLSCLI connected using DTLConnect PWX Version: 10.1.1, Patch Level:
V1011 B05 5095439, Local code pages: Control=UTF-8 (41) Data=ISO-8859 (1) SQL=UTF
-8 (4\overline{1}).
```

APPENDIX A

Command Reference for the Command-Line Utilities

This appendix includes the following topics:

- · Command Reference Overview, 69
- PwxCDCPublisher Utility Command and Parameters, 70
- PwxCDCInfo Utility Command and Parameters, 71
- PwxCDCAdmin Utility Command and Parameters, 73

Command Reference Overview

This command reference describes the proper syntax, usage, and limitations of commands for controlling the PowerExchange CDC Publisher command-line utilities.

Commands for the following PowerExchange CDC Publisher utilities are covered:

- PwxCDCPublisher utility The main utility for streaming change data from PowerExchange to the target
 messaging system. The utility extracts change data from PowerExchange, filters the data by source object
 if filtering criteria is defined, formats the data into messages, connects to the target, and publishes the
 messages to the target. The utility initiates a data stream path that is composed of all of these processes.
- PwxCDCAdmin utility The utility for issuing administrative commands to an active PwxCDCPublisher process.
- PwxCDCInfo utility The utility for reporting the status of an active PwxCDCPublisher process and each of
 its main subprocesses, statistics and state information for each target topic, and internal attributes for
 diagnostic use.

The following table describes the conventions that the command reference uses to indicate the proper command syntax:

Convention	Description	Example
Monospaced font	Indicates the command syntax or a command example.	PWXCDCPUBLISHER HELP
Italics	Indicates a variable in the syntax for which you enter a specific value.	[ENCRYPT=password_value]

Convention	Description	Example
Square brackets []	Indicates an optional parameter or subparameter.	[SHUTDOWN]
A vertical bar between items	Indicates that you enter only one of the items.	TABLE={ALL mapname_tablename}
Curly brackets { } around multiple items	Indicates that you must enter at least one of the items within the brackets.	RESTART={FROM_BEGINNING FROM_END FROM_CONFIG}
Underlining	Indicates the default value	COLDSTART={Y N}

To run a command, navigate to the bin subdirectory that contains the utility script. Then enter the script name with the appropriate parameters at the command line.

You can run the PwxCDCAdmin and PwxCDCInfo utilities on a system that is remote from host where the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process is running. In this scenario, you must install the PowerExchange CDC Publisher on the remote system as well as on the CDC Publisher system. Also, in the configuration file on the remote system, you must set the Common.pwxCDCPublisherHost property to the public IP address of the CDC Publisher system and define the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable.

PwxCDCPublisher Utility - Command and Parameters

Use the PwxCDCPublisher utility to create and run a change data stream from PowerExchange to a supported target.

Also, the PwxCDCPublisher utility has optional parameters that allow you to specify an instance subdirectory other than instanceA and to indicate the change stream position from which the PwxCDCPublisher will restart.

Syntax

The PwxCDCPublisher command has the following syntax:

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} {\tt PWXCDCPUBLISHER} \\ [INSTANCE=override\_instance\_directory] \\ [RESTART={\tt FROM\_BEGINNING|FROM\_END|FROM\_CONFIG}] \\ [COLDSTART={\tt Y|\overline{N}}] \\ [LHELD LOCATION TO STANK TO S
```

All parameters are optional. Use a single space as a separator between parameters.

Parameter Descriptions

INSTANCE=override_instance_subdirectory

Overrides the default name or location of the instance subdirectory, which is <code>pwxcdcpub_root</code> <code>installation\instanceA</code>. You can enter the fully qualified path of the subdirectory or a location that is relative to the root installation directory that is specified in the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable. For example, the following values specify the same directory location if PWXPUB_HOME=C:\Informatica\ PwxCdcPublisherInstall.1.0.0.windows.64bit:

```
instanceB
C:\Informatica\PwxCdcPublisherInstall.1.0.0.windows.64bit\instanceB
```

RESTART=[{FROM_BEGINNING|FROM_END|FROM_CONFIG}]

Overrides the default change stream position from which the PwxCDCPublisher process restarts after it is stopped or ends abnormally. To indicate the change stream position, enter one of the following options:

- FROM_BEGINNING. Extract change data from the earliest record that is available in the PowerExchange Logger log files.
- FROM_END. Extract change beginning from the last processed record in the PowerExchange Log log files
- FROM_CONFIG. Extract change data from the specific change stream position that you identify in the Extract.restart1 and Extract.restart2 properties in the Extractor configuration file. This option is equivalent to setting COLDSTART=Y.

Note: The Extract.restart1 and Extract.restart2 properties specify the PowerExchange sequence token and restart token values, respectively. For more information about these PowerExchange token values, see the PowerExchange CDC documentation or contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

By default, the first time you start the PwxCDCPublisher, it starts from the earliest position in the PowerExchange Logger log files, as if FROM_BEGINNING was specified. Subsequent PwxCDCPublisher runs start from the last position of the prior run. If you want it to start from a different position, use the RESTART parameter. Do not also specify the COLDSTART parameter.

COLDSTART={Y|N}

Indicates whether to cold start the PwxCDCPublisher process. If you specify COLDSTART=Y, the process begins extraction processing from the change stream position that you specify in the Extract.restart1 and Extract.restart2 properties in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg configuration file. The COLDSTART=Y setting is equivalent to the RESTART=FROM_CONFIG setting. COLDSTART=N indicates a cold start will not occur.

Note: Issue either the COLDSTART or RESTART parameter. Do not specify both parameters.

Default value is N.

HELP or ?

Displays help information about the PwxCDCPublisher parameters.

PwxCDCInfo Utility - Command and Parameters

Use the PwxCDCInfo utility to display summary or detailed status information and internal processing statistics for a PwxCDCPublisher process.

Tip: The STATS INTERNAL and STATUS DETAIL output is displayed in a wide format. For easier reading, direct the output to a file.

Syntax

The PwxCDCInfo command has the following syntax:

```
PWXCDCINFO
[INSTANCE=override_instance_directory]
[STATS={TOPIC|INTERNAL [VERBOSE]}[RESET]
[STATUS [DETAIL [VERBOSE]]
```

All parameters are optional. Use a single space as a separator between parameters.

Parameter Descriptions

INSTANCE=override_instance_subdirectory

Overrides the default name or location of the instance subdirectory, which is <code>pwxcdcpub_root installation\instanceA</code>. You can enter the fully qualified path of the subdirectory or a location that is relative to the root installation directory that is specified in the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable. For example, the following values specify the same directory location if PWXPUB_HOME=C:\Informatica\ PwxCdcPublisherInstall.1.0.0.windows.64bit:

```
instanceB
C:\Informatica\PwxCdcPublisherInstall.1.0.0.windows.64bit\instanceB
```

STATS={TOPIC|INTERNAL [VERBOSE]} [RESET]}

Reports information about the topics that the CDC Publisher has updated or internal statistics and state information for PowerExchange CDC Publisher child processes (Extract, Formatter, and Connector). The statistics are cumulative since the Publisher process started. You can use the optional RESET parameter to refresh the topic information or reset the statistics counters to their original values.

Do not specify both the TOPIC and INTERNAL parameters.

You can enter the STATS parameter in any of following ways:

- STATS=TOPIC. Reports the following information for each topic that the CDC Publisher updated:
 - Updated topic name and partition ID
 - Number of messages sent to the topic
 - Partition offset returned
 - Source table name
 - Last change operation type and sequence ID
- STATS=TOPIC RESET. Clears the statistics for the updated topics.
- STATS=INTERNAL. Reports detailed statistics and state information, by internal attribute, for each
 type of PowerExchange CDC Publisher child process. This information is primarily for diagnostic use
 by Informatica Global Customer Support and other technical staff. The following example shows the
 report format:

PARENT Extract 2018	CHILD Extract Capture Consumer	ATTRIBUTE InputRecordsRead	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Extract	Extract Capture Consumer	InputBvtesRead	12560180	

 STATS=INTERNAL VERBOSE. Reports detailed statistics and state information, by internal attribute, for each of the major PowerExchange CDC Publisher internal processes with a description of the attribute. The following example shows the verbose report format:

PARENT	CHILD	ATTRIBUTE	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Extract	Extract Capture Consumer	InputRecordsRead	2018	The current
number of	input records consumed by	this process.		
Extract	Extract Capture Consumer	InputBytesRead	12560180	The current
number of	bytes of input consumed by	y this process.		

Note: Do not specify INTERNAL VERBOSE with the RESET parameter.

• STATS=INTERNAL RESET. Resets the internal attribute values to their initial values at CDC Publisher startup.

STATUS [DETAIL [VERBOSE]]

Indicates the status of the PwxCDCPublisher processes.

You can enter the STATUS parameter in any of following ways:

 STATUS. Reports the overall status of all PowerExchange CDC Publisher processes by using a color indicator and brief description. For example:

```
PROCESS STATE GREEN All processes are running
```

Other process states are: YELLOW for a warning situation, or RED for a CDC Publisher subprocess that stopped or could not be found. If the main CDC Publisher process terminates or is unavailable for connection, error messages are reported instead of a process state.

• STATUS DETAIL. Reports the status color indicator for each of the major PowerExchange CDC Publisher internal processes, including the Extract, Filter, Formatter, and Connector processes. The following example shows the status of the Extract internal process:

```
PARENT CHILD ATTRIBUTE VALUE DESCRIPTION Extract Connector Extract TRAFFIC LIGHT GREEN
```

• STATUS DETAIL VERBOSE. Reports the status color indicator and a brief description of the status for each of the major PowerExchange CDC Publisher internal processes. The following example shows the verbose status information for the Extract internal process:

```
PARENT CHILD ATTRIBUTE VALUE DESCRIPTION

Extract Connector Extract TRAFFIC LIGHT GREEN Similar to a traffic light, a red value indicates an error, a green value indicates the process is running as expected, and a yellow value indicates a mixed state (not an error and not running as expected).
```

Note: VERBOSE can be specified only with the DETAIL parameter.

PwxCDCAdmin Utility - Command and Parameters

Use the PwxCDCAdmin utility to perform administrative functions for the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process.

With the PwxCDCAdmin command and its parameters, you can perform the following tasks:

- Report the Avro schemas, or format definitions, for all source tables or a selected source table for viewing or consumer application use.
- Clear the generated Avro schemas for source tables from cache. The CDC Publisher uses these schemas
 to format data in the messages to be sent to the target.
- Re-read extraction map definitions for all data sources from PowerExchange and cache any new and updated information.
- Shut down the PwxCDCPublisher process after it completes current work in progress.

Tip: You can use file-system security to limit rights on the PwxCDCAdmin utility script.

Syntax

```
PWXCDCADMIN
[INSTANCE=override_instance_directory]
[REPORT=FORMAT TABLE={ALL|mapname_tablename}]
[CLEAR=FORMAT TABLE={ALL|mapname_tablename}]
[RESET=FORMAT]
[ENCRYPT=cleartext_password]
[SHUTDOWN]
```

All parameters are optional. Use one or more spaces as the separator between parameters.

Parameter Descriptions

INSTANCE=override_instance_subdirectory

Overrides the default name or location of the instance subdirectory, which is <code>pwxcdcpub_root</code> <code>installation\instanceA</code>. You can enter the fully qualified path of the subdirectory or a location that is relative to the root installation directory that is specified in the PWXPUB_HOME environment variable. For example, the following values specify the same directory location if PWXPUB_HOME=C:\Informatica\ PwxCdcPublisherInstall.1.0.0.windows.64bit:

instanceB

C:\Informatica\PwxCdcPublisherInstall.1.0.0.windows.64bit\instanceB

REPORT=FORMAT TABLE={ALL|mapname_tablename}

Reports the existing Avro schemas, or format definitions, for either all source tables or a selected source table in the <code>/pwxcdcpub_root installation/instanceX/reports</code> directory. These Avro schemas are produced in a legible format. The schemas can be used for validation purposes or by consumer applications. If no Avro schemas exist for one or more source tables, the utility generates the schemas based on the Formatter properties in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file and cached extraction map definitions. If the extraction maps are not in cache, you can use the RESET parameter to re-read them from PowerExchange.

The TABLE parameter is required and has no default value. Set the TABLE parameter to either ALL or a specific *mapname_tablename* value from an extraction map name. If this value includes special characters, the CDC Publisher replaces the special characters with the replacement character that is specified in the Formatter.avroNameReplacementValue parameter. Avro does not support special characters.

Tip: To determine the *mapname_tablename* value, look up the extraction map name in the PowerExchange Navigator. The extraction map name has the format *xnninstance.mapname_tablename*. Use the *mapname_tablename* portion in the TABLE parameter. If the extraction map name does not include the *tablename*, change records have not yet been extracted based on the extraction map. For more information, see the *PowerExchange Navigator User Guide*.

CLEAR=FORMAT TABLE={ALL|mapname_tablename}

Clears the Avro schemas, or format definitions, for all source tables or a selected source table from cache. Use this parameter if the Avro format definition for one or more source tables has changed and is no longer valid for CDC Publisher processing. When the CDC Publisher next receives change data for a changed source table, it regenerates the Avro schema. Alternatively, you can force the Avro schema to be regenerated by using the REPORT=FORMAT parameter.

The TABLE parameter is required and has no default value. Set the TABLE parameter to either ALL or a specific *mapname_tablename* value from an extraction map name.

RESET=FORMAT

Re-reads extraction map definitions for all data sources from PowerExchange and caches them. PowerExchange CDC Publisher uses the extraction map information to generate new Avro schemas when either change data is next received for the source tables associated with the extraction maps or when you issue the PwxCDCAdmin command with the REPORT=FORMAT parameter.

If you add a source table, you can use the RESET=FORMAT parameter to get the extraction map definition for the new table right away so that you can generate the Avro schema for verification purposes, before change data is received from the table. Alternatively, you can wait until change data from the new table is first received. At that point, the CDC Publisher caches the extraction map and generates the Avro schema.

ENCRYPT=cleartext_password

Encrypts a clear-text password so that you can enter an encrypted password in the Extract.pwxXmapPwd or Extract.pwxNodePwd property in the cdcPublisherPowerExchange.cfg configuration file to protect the password from unauthorized viewing. The PwxCDCAdmin utility generates and displays encrypted passwords in the following format:

ENC: encrypted password

Where "ENC:" is the prefix that the CDC Publisher uses to identify an encrypted password value. When you enter the encrypted password in the Extract.pwxXmapPwd or Extract.pwxNodePwd property, include the ENC: prefix, for example:

Extract.pwxXmapPwd=ENC:AC/YB0tjDJDR2DBdAUXgqDQ==

Do not use this type of encryption for the Extract.pwxNodeEPwd property value. For this property, use the PowerExchange Navigator Encrypt Password facility to encrypt the password. For more information, see the *PowerExchange Navigator User Guide*.

SHUTDOWN

Shuts down the PowerExchange CDC Publisher process cleanly. If messages are being written to topics when the shutdown request is made, the connection to the target remains open until all of the sent messages are acknowledged by the target as received. Then the CDC Publisher shuts down.

APPENDIX B

Avro Schema Formats

This appendix includes the following topics:

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- Avro Fields That Define a Source Column, 77
- Avro Flat Schema Format, 77
- Avro Nested Schema Format, 78
- Avro Generic Schema Format, 78
- Avro Wrapper Schema Format, 78

Types of Avro Schema Formats

PowerExchange CDC Publisher generates an Avro schema for each source object. The Avro schema defines the structure of the messages to be sent to Kakfa topics. Consumer applications must have a copy of the Avro schema to consume the Avro-formatted message content.

In the PowerExchange CDC Publisher cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file, you specify the Avro schema format type in the Formatter.avroSchemaFormat parameter. Options are:

- avroFlatSchemaFormatV1 The "flat" schema
- avroNestedSchemaFormatV1 The "nested" schema
- avroGenericSchemaFormatV1 The "generic" schema

Also, you can "wrap" a flat, nested, or generic schema in a "wrapper" schema by setting the Formatter.avroWrapperSchemaFormat property to avroWrapperSchemaFormatV1 in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg configuration file. The wrapper schema defines three fields for the following metadata: the change sequence number, the source *mapname_tablename* value from the extraction map name, and the change operation type. The wrapper schema also includes a field for the "wrapped" child schema, which is expressed as a large string.

A generic or wrapper schema can be used for multiple source objects. Consider using a generic or wrapper schema when you want to send messages with change data from multiple source objects to a single Kafka topic. The topic is identified in the Connector.kafkaTopic property.

A flat or nested schema pertains to a specific source table. It defines the columns in the source table. Consider using a flat or nested schema when you want to send change data from a specific source object to the topic that is generated for that source object. In this case, set the Connector.kafkaTopic property to USE_TABLE_NAME.

This appendix shows the general structure of the flat, nested, generic, and wrapper formats. It also describes the four Avro fields that are used to describe each source column or field in an Avro flat or nested schema.

Avro Fields That Define a Source Column

In an Avro flat or nested schema, the following four fields define each source column:

· Column definition:

```
{"name" : "COL1", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "doc" : "...", "default" : null}
```

• Column value is-present indicator:

```
{"name" : "COL1_Present", "type" : "boolean", "doc" : "Contains true when the value of field COL1 is present in the change data stream", "default" : false}
```

· Column before image:

```
{"name" : "COL1_BeforeImage", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "doc" : "Contains the before image of field COL1", "default" : null}
```

· Column before image is-present indicator:

```
{"name" : "COL1_BeforeImage_Present", "type" : "boolean", "doc" : "Contains true when the value of field COL1_OLD is present.", "default" : false}
```

For example, two columns named "COL1" and "COL2" have the following Avro definitions:

```
{"name" : "COL1", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "doc" : "...", "default" : null}
{"name" : "COL1_Present", "type" : "boolean", "doc" : ...}
{"name" : "COL1_BeforeImage", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "doc" : ...}
{"name" : "COL2_BeforeImage_Present", "type" : "boolean", "doc" : ...}

{"name" : "COL2", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "doc" : "...", "default" : null}
{"name" : "COL2_Present", "type" : "boolean", "doc" : ...}
{"name" : "COL2_BeforeImage", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "doc" : ...}
{"name" : "COL2_BeforeImage_Present", "type" : "boolean", "doc" : ...}
```

Avro Flat Schema Format

An Avro schema that uses the flat format contains all of the Avro column-definition fields in one Avro record. The schema is specific to the source object that contains the defined columns.

The following flat schema defines two columns in one record:

Avro Nested Schema Format

An Avro schema that uses the nested format has a main Avro record that contains a separate nested record for each type of Avro column-definition field. The schema is specific to the source object that contains the defined columns.

The following nested schema defines two columns in four records:

Avro Generic Schema Format

An Avro schema that uses the generic format can be used for any source table. The schema represents the source columns as an array of fields for data and metadata. Most of the columns have the type "string" to be generic across multiple source table types. The column name and type is included in every Avro message along with the data.

A generic schema has the following format:

Avro Wrapper Schema Format

An Avro "wrapper" schema wraps a flat, nested, or generic schema. The wrapper, or parent, schema defines three fields for metadata and one field for the wrapped child schema, which is expressed as a large string. The wrapped child schema has the format that is specified in the Formatter.avroSchemaFormat property.

To a consumer application, all messages that use the wrapper schema appear to have the same four-field format. The metadata fields are for the change sequence number, the source *mapname_tablename* value from the extraction map name, and the change operation type.

A single wrapper schema can be used to send messages that contain change data from different source objects to the target messaging system, using different Avro schema formats. When the consumer application reads the messages, it parses the underlying data and puts it in the Avro format designated in the wrapped child schema field.

As compared with the Avro generic schema format, a wrapper schema results in smaller messages because it adds only the source *mapname_tablename* in each message instead of both the column name and type. Also, the wrapper schema maintains the column data types rather than using the generic "string" type for all columns with data.

To process the data in the messages based on this schema format, the consumer application must parse the messages to get the source *mapname_tablename* and then find the Avro flat, nested, or generic schema that matches that name value by using their own methods.

A wrapper schema has the following format:

```
{
  "type" : "record",
"name" : "InfaAvroWrapperSchema",
"fields" : [
    {"name" : "INFA_SEQUENCE", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "default" : null},
    {"name" : "INFA_TABLE_NAME", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "default" : null},
    {"name" : "INFA_OP_TYPE", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "default" : null},
    {"name" : "ChildSchema", "type" : [ "null", "string" ], "default" : null}
}
```

APPENDIX C

Message Reference

This appendix includes the following topics:

- Message Reference Overview, 80
- CDCPUB_10001 to CDCPUB_16001, 81
- CPPSVC_00100 to CPPSVC_00103, 112
- LOGCFG_10001 to LOGCFG_10006, 113
- PWXLIC_00110 to PWXLIC-00999, 114
- PWXRDR-01000 to PWXRDR-01301, 116

Message Reference Overview

This appendix describes the messages that are issued by PowerExchange CDC Publisher.

The message prefixes indicates the message categories. Messages in each of the following categories are described:

Message Prefix	Message Category
CDCPUB	CDC Publisher common messages
CPPSVC	Diagnostic messages for a C++ service that is involved in CDC Publisher extraction of change data from PowerExchange
LOGCFG	Message-logging configuration messages
PWXLIC	Product licensing messages
PWXRDR	PWX Reader messages Note: The PWX Reader is part of the CDC Publisher Extractor process.

CDCPUB_10001 to CDCPUB_16001

CDCPUB_10001 to CDCPUB_16001

CDCPUB_10001 The process [process_name] could not perform the state change or action [action]. Reason:

[reason].

Explanation: The specified internal process encountered an error while trying to stop, start, or perform

another requested action. This message includes the reason for the error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10002 Generating dump output. Reason: [reason].

Explanation: This error message introduces dump information that was produced by the CDC Publisher for

the specified reason.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10003 DUMP: [text].

Explanation: This error message contains one or more lines of detailed debug information, in text format,

from a CDC Publisher dump operation.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10004 HEXDUMP: [hexadecimal_dump_information].

Explanation: This error message contains one or more lines of detailed debug information, in hexadecimal

format, from a CDC Publisher dump operation.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10005 Generated dump complete.

Explanation: This error message identifies the end of the detailed debug information from a CDC Publisher

dump operation.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10006 The process [current_process_name] was unable to start a thread for [failed_process_name].

The maximum number of threads might have been reached. Error: [error_description].

Explanation: The specified process encountered an error while trying to start a new operating system

thread. This message includes the thread ID or the name of the subprocess associated with the thread, and a description of the error. This error can be caused by an operating system

resource limitation or a failure to remove unused threads.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10007 The process [current_process_name] was unable to start a thread for [failed_process_name]

because of an exception. Error: [error_description].

Explanation: The specified process encountered an error while trying to start a new operating system

> thread. The request for a new thread generated an exception. This problem can occur because of an operating system resource limitation or because the CDC Publisher cannot

remove unused threads.

To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem User Response:

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10008 The process [current_process_name] could not process the request named

[failed_request_name]. The process current state [state] does not support the request.

Error: [error_description].

Explanation: An internal process was unable to stop, start, or perform another requested action because

its current state does not support the request type.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10011 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] stopped running because of a fatal

error

Explanation: The internal process or its operating system thread stopped unexpectedly because of a fatal

error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10012 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] encountered an error. Error code:

[error_code]. Error description: [description].

Explanation: The specified internal process or its operating system thread stopped unexpectedly because

of an error. This message provides details about the error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10013 The process [current_process_name] could not find the directory [directory_name] requested

in the configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: The specified configuration parameter points to a directory on the local file system, but the

specified process cannot find that directory.

User Response: To correct the error, verify that the configuration parameter points to an existing directory, or

create the directory if it does not exist.

CDCPUB_10014 The process [current_process_name] could not write to the file or directory

[file_or_directory_name] requested in the configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: The specified configuration parameter points to a file or directory that does not exist or is not

writable. As a result, the process cannot write to the file or directory.

User Response: To correct the error, verify that the configuration parameter points to an existing file or

directory for which write permissions have been granted.

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CDCPUB_10015 The process [extractor_process_name] has requested a shutdown of its helper thread

[thread_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the CDC Publisher Extractor process requested its

helper thread to shut down.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10016 The process [extractor_process_name was unable to shut down its helper thread

[thread_name].

Explanation: The CDC Publisher Extractor process encountered an error while trying to shut down its

internal helper thread.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10017 The process [extractor_process_name] is waiting for its helper thread [thread_name] to shut

down. Current wait duration: [milliseconds].

Explanation: The CDC Publisher Extractor process requested that its internal helper thread shut down.

This informational message reports the number of milliseconds that the process has been

waiting for the helper thread to complete shutdown processing.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10018 The helper [helper_process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] is starting.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the specified internal helper process is starting on

the specified thread.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10019 The helper [helper_process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] has shut down successfully.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the specified internal helper process has shut down

successfully.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10020 The helper [helper_process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] stopped running because of a

fatal error.

Explanation: The specified internal helper process stopped because of a fatal error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10021 The process [helper_process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] encountered an error. Error

code: [error_code]. Error description: [description].

Explanation: The specified internal helper process stopped because of an error. This message provides

information about the error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10022 Stack Trace [stack_trace_information].

Explanation: This message reports stack trace information, which is typically for debugging a preceding

error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10023 The process [process_name] result for a test connection request was successful.

Explanation: The specified internal process successfully tested connectivity to an outside element.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10024 The process [process_name] result for a test connection request was not successful.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the specified internal process tested connectivity to

an outside element, but the test was unsuccessful.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10025 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] encountered an error.

Explanation: The internal process encountered an error. Typically, the details of the error are provided in

accompanying error messages.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10026 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] encountered an error. Error code:

[error_code]. Description: [error_description].

Explanation: The specified internal process encountered an error. This message provides information

about the error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10027 One of the subordinate threads or processes for this process is no longer running.

Explanation: An internal process detected that its helper or subordinate process is not running.

User Response: Review the accompanying error messages from the helper or subordinate process. If the

problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10028 The process [current_process_name] could not read or find the file [file_name].

Explanation: The specified internal process could not find or does not have access to the specified file.

User Response: Verify that the file exists and that read permissions have been granted on the file. If the

problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10029 The process [current_process_name] found the directory name [directory_name] when

expecting a file name.

Explanation: The internal process expected a file name but found the specified directory name instead.

User Response: Verify that the configuration properties that specify files and directories are set correctly.

Also, verify that you have not inadvertently specified a directory name instead of a file name.

CDCPUB_10030 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] encountered a non-fatal error. Error

description: [description].

Explanation: The specified process encountered a non-fatal error. The process should be able to ignore

the error and continue running. The process will attempt to process the condition that caused

the error again.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10031 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] will restart from the default position in the change stream. An explicit location is not required.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the specified process is restarting from the default

location in the change data stream. The process cannot find or identify an explicit or logical

restart point. The default location is typically the start or end of the change stream.

User Response: If you do want the process to restart from the default location, reconfigure the environment

to restart from the location you want to use. If necessary, contact Informatica Global

Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10032 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] will restart from the beginning or

earliest available position in the change stream.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the specified process is restarting from the

beginning of the change data stream or from the earliest available position in the change

stream.

User Response: If you do not want to start from the beginning or earliest available position in the stream,

reconfigure the environment to restart from a specific location. If necessary, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10033 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] will restart from the end or latest

available position in the stream.

Explanation: This informational message indicates that the specified process is restarting from the end of

the change data stream or from the latest available position in the change stream.

User Response: If you do not want to restart from the end of or latest available position in the change stream,

reconfigure the environment to restart from a specific location. If necessary, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10034 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] will restart from the stream position

identified by hex value [0xvalue].

Explanation: This informational message indicates that the specified process is restarting from the

change data stream position that is represented by the hexadecimal value.

User Response: If you do not want to restart from this position, you can reconfigure the environment to

restart from a specific location. If necessary, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10035 The process [process_name] was unable to stop processing on the path [path_name].

Explanation: The specified process could not stop processing data on the specified logical internal path. A

path is the combination of internal processes responsible for moving data from a source to a

target.

User Response: Typically, the process that owns the path retries the stop request.

CDCPUB_10036 The process [process_name] is waiting for path [path_name] to stop processing data.

Current wait duration: [milliseconds].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the process has been waiting the specified number

of milliseconds for data processing on the specified logical internal path to stop. A path is the combination of internal processes responsible for moving data from a source to a target.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10037 The process [process_name] was unable to shut down processing on the path [path_name].

Explanation: The process failed to shut down processing on the specified logical internal path. A path is

the combination of internal processes responsible for moving data from a source to a target.

User Response: The process that owns the path typically retries the shutdown. If the problem persists,

contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10038 The process [process_name] is waiting for the path [path_name] to shut down. Current wait

duration: milliseconds.

Explanation: The process has been waiting the specified number of milliseconds for processing on the

logical internal path to shut down. Processing is still active. A path is the combination of

internal processes responsible for moving data from a source to a target.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10039 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] is configured to use a pre-existing

PowerExchange environment.

Explanation: This informational message indicates that the specified process is using an existing

Informatica PowerExchange environment as the source of change data. You do not need to

create a new PowerExchange environment as the source.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10040 The process [process_name] could not interpret the restart configuration value

[configuration_parameter_value]. The value is expected to start with one of the following

prefixes: [prefixes].

Explanation: The process tried to use the specified restart configuration parameter value to determine the

location in the change data stream from which to begin consuming data. However, the process could not interpret that value. The configuration value does not have a prefix or

initial set of characters that match any of the expected characters.

User Response: Review the Informatica CDC Publisher documentation for the proper format for the

configuration parameter value. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer

Support.

CDCPUB_10041 The process [process_name] could not find or read the file [file_name] that is requested in

the configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: The internal process could not find or does not have read permissions on the specified file.

This message identifies the configuration parameter that specifies the file name.

User Response: Verify that the file exists and that read permissions have been granted on the file.

Alternatively, edit the configuration parameter value to point to the correct file. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10042 The process [process_name] encountered an error while performing [action]. Error:

[error_description].

Explanation: The specified internal process encountered an error while performing the specified action or

step. The message includes a description of the error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze this message and accompanying log messages. If

the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10043 The process [process_name] encountered an error while processing the configuration

[parameter_name] with the value [parameter_value]. Error: [error_description].

Explanation: The specified internal process encountered an error while processing configuration

information. This message reports the name and value of the configuration parameter that

was being processed when the error occurred.

User Response: If the configuration parameter value was entered incorrectly, correct the value. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10044 The process [process_name] connected successfully to [entity].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the specified process successfully connected to an

entity.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10045 The process [process_name] was unable to connect to [entity] because of the error

[error_description].

Explanation: The specified internal process was unable to connect to an external entity. This message

provides the name or label of the external entity and a description of the connectivity error.

User Response: Verify that the external entity is available and that the configuration properties related to

accessing the entity are correct. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer

Support.

CDCPUB_10046 The process [process_name] was unable to create the directory [directory_name] requested

in the configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: An internal process was unable to create the directory that is named in the specified

configuration parameter. This message identifies the configuration parameter name and the

directory name.

User Response: Perform one of the following actions:

· Correct the configuration value.

• Change the file system permissions to allow the process to create the directory.

• Create the directory manually, eliminating the need for the process to create it.

If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10047 The process [process_name] was unable to create the directory [directory_name] requested in the configuration parameter [parameter_name]. Error: [errorDescription_or_message].

Explanation: The internal process was unable to create the directory that is identified in the specified

configuration parameter. This message includes the directory name, parameter name, and

error description or message.

User Response: Perform one of the following actions:

• Correct the configuration value if it is incorrect.

• Change the file system permissions to allow the process to create the directory.

• Create the directory manually, eliminating the need for the process to create it.

If the problem persists, Contact Informatica Global Customer Support for assistance.

CDCPUB_10048 CDC Publisher release [release] build number [build_number] dated [date].

Explanation: This informational message reports the CDC Publisher release, build number, and build date.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10050 The environment [environment_item] has the value [value].

Explanation: This informational message reports environment variables, library paths, or other information

about the environment where the CDC Publisher process is running.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10051 The process [process_name] successfully loaded the external library [library_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the process successfully loaded the specified

external library.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10052 The process [process_name] was unable to load the external library [library_name]. Error:

[errorDescription_or_message].

Explanation: The specified internal process was unable to load the specified external library. This

message provides the error message or description.

User Response: Perform one of the following actions:

• Add or download the library if it is missing.

• Correct environment settings to include the library in the system path.

If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10053 The configuration parameter [parameter_name] has the value [value] which is outside the

allowable range of [lowest_value] to [highest_value].

Explanation: The specified configuration parameter is set to a value that is not within the range of

allowable values that is identified in this message.

User Response: To correct the error, change the configuration parameter value to a value that is within the

range of allowable values.

CDCPUB_10054 The configuration parameter [parameter_name] has the invalid value [value]. Allowable

values are [allowable_values].

Explanation: The specified configuration parameter is set to a value that is not allowed or recognized.

User Response: To correct the error, change the configuration parameter value to one of the allowed values

that are identified in this message.

CDCPUB_10055 The configuration parameter [parameter_name] has a null or empty value. This parameter

requires a valid value.

Explanation: The specified configuration parameter has a null or empty value. It must be set to a valid

value.

User Response: To correct the error, enter a valid value for the configuration parameter.

CDCPUB_10056 The CDC Publisher could not find the required configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: The CDC Publisher could not find the specified configuration parameter, which is required.

User Response: Verify that the configuration parameter is appropriate for your environment and then add it to

your configuration. If the parameter is not appropriate, the CDC Publisher might still expect it

because another related parameter is incorrectly set. In this case, review the other

configuration parameter settings to determine if any of them are inadvertently requiring the specified parameter to be configured. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global

Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10057 One or more configuration parameters in the logical group named [group_name] have a

value that is in error. Error: [description_or_message].

Explanation: The specified logical group contains one or more configuration parameters that have invalid

values. The message includes the error desciption or message.

User Response: Review the information in this message and accompanying messages to determine the

configuration parameters that have the invalid values and the corrective actions to take.

CDCPUB_10058 The process [process_name] found the file [file_name] when expecting a directory name.

Explanation: The internal process found the specified file name but expected to find a directory name.

User Response: Verify that the configuration properties that specify files and directories are set correctly.

Make sure that you have not inadvertently specified a file name instead of a directory name.

CDCPUB_10059 The configuration property [property_name] has the value [value]

Explanation: This informational message reports a configuration property value that is in use by the CDC

Publisher process.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10060 The server is listening on port [port_number].

Explanation: This informational message reports the port number that the CDC Publisher server is using.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10061 The configuration parameter [parameter_name] has been deprecated. Use alternate

parameter [parameter_description].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the specified configuration parameter has been

deprecated and identifies the parameter that replaces it, if available.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10062 The CDC Publisher detected that the value of the configuration parameter [parameter_name]

is not valid because it is not a string representation of a hexadecimal value.

Explanation: The CDC Publisher detected that the specified configuration parameter has an invalid value.

The value should be a string representation of a hexadecimal value.

User Response: For the specified configuration parameter, enter a valid hexadecimal string that consists of

an even number of characters, which can include the alphanumeric characters 0-9 and A-F. If

the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10063 Executing product release [release] build number [build_number] dated [date].

Explanation: This informational message reports the product release, build number, and build date for the

product that is running.

CDCPUB_10064 The server is listening on host [host_IP_address] and port [port_number].

Explanation: This informational message identifies the host IP address and port number that the CDC

Publisher server is using.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10065 No valid license found.

Explanation: The CDC Publisher found no license for the product or one of its features.

User Response: Check the system log for additional messages that provide details about the license error. If

you need assistance, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_10066 TRACE: [trace_information]

Explanation: This error message provides trace-level information about processing at the time of an error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, provide this trace information and any related messages to Informatica Global

Customer Support for further analysis.

CDCPUB_10067 File [file_name] :line

Explanation: This informational message reports the contents of the specified file. One message is

produced for each line in the file.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_10068 The configuration property [property_name] in group [group_name] is not recognized. Please

verify that the property name is correct.

Explanation: The specified configuration parameter is not recognized.

User Response: Verify that the configuration property is spelled correctly and in the correct group of

properties.

CDCPUB_11001 The CDC Publisher requested the main process to force a checkpoint to the target. With a

timeout value of [number_of_milliseconds] milliseconds.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the CDC Publisher requested its main process to

write a checkpoint to the target. The checkpoint can be used to validate that all change data has been consumed up to this point. The request will time out with an error if it is not

successful within the timeout interval, which is specified in milliseconds.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11002 The CDC Publisher request to force a checkpoint to the target completed successfully after

[number_of_milliseconds] milliseconds.

Explanation: This informational message indicates that a CDC Publisher request to force a checkpoint to

the target completed successfully. The request ran for the reported number of milliseconds.

CDCPUB_11003 The main CDC Publisher process was unable to force a checkpoint to the target. Error:

[description_or_message].

Explanation: The CDC Publisher main process was unable to complete the request to force a checkpoint

and validate that all change data has been sent to the target. This error can occur if the target system is unavailable or if the time required to send all data to the target exceeds the

amount of time the caller can wait for completion.

User Response: This message does not indicate that data loss occurred. Data that has not yet reached the

target will be sent to the target the next time the process restarts. If this message is issued repeatedly, it might indicate a slow system or a timeout configuration that is too restrictive. Analyze the accompanying log messages to diagnose and correct the error. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_11004 The process [process_name] has the following statistics:

Explanation: This informational message introduces CDC Publisher statistics, which are presented in

subsequent messages.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11005 stat_owner: stat_name: stat_value

Explanation: This informational message reports, for a given statistic, the process that owns or created

the statistic and the statistic name and value.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11006 The CDC Publisher request to force a checkpoint succeeded. Checkpoint label

[owner_name] and sequence value [sequence_value].

Explanation: This informational message reports that a CDC Publisher request to force a checkpoint

succeeded. The message includes the sequence value from the checkpoint and the owner of the sequence value. A sequence value indicates the position in the change data stream up to

which change data has been processed and applied to the target.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11007 The CDC Publisher request to force a checkpoint succeeded. Checkpoint sequence value

[sequence_value].

Explanation: This informational message reports that a CDC Publisher request to force a checkpoint

succeeded. The message includes the sequence value from the checkpoint. A sequence value indicates the position in the change data stream up to which change data has been

processed and applied to the target.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11008 Other checkpoint information [checkpoint_information].

Explanation: This informational message provides additional information about a checkpoint. To

determine the checkpoint label (owner name) and sequence in the change stream, see the

preceding checkpoint messages.

CDCPUB_11011 The process [process_name] is waiting for verification that all work has been sent to the

target. Current wait duration: [milliseconds].

Explanation: The CDC Publisher process is waiting for its request to verify that all data has been sent to

the target to complete. This message reports the current wait time and is issued periodically

when the verification takes longer than a few seconds.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11012 Memory:[details].

Explanation: This informational message reports a memory consumption attribute or statistic from the

CDC Publisher. Multiple instances of this message can occur, each reporting a different

element.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11013 Processing a request to clear the cache for Formatter [formatter_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports that a request to clear the cache for the specified

Formatter is being processed. The message includes the logical name of the Formatter.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11014 Processing a request to clear the cache of Formatter [formatter_name] for table

[table_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports that a request to clear a table entry from the cache of the

specified Formatter is being processed. The message includes the logical name of the

Formatter and the name of the table.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11015 Processing a request to print the cache entries for Formatter [formatter_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports that a request to print the contents of the cache for the

specified Formatter is being processed. The message includes the logical name of the

Formatter.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB-11016 Processing a request to print the a table entry in the cache of Formatter_name]

for table [table_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports that a request to print a table entry that is in the cache of

the specified Formatter is being processed. The message includes the logical name of the

Formatter and the name of the table.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11017 Processing a request to load or reload the cache of the Formatter [formatter_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports that a request to load or reload cache entries for the

specified Formatter is being processed. Only new or missing entries will be created. Typically, existing cache entries are not overwritten. To replace an entry, you must clear it from cache

first.

CDCPUB_11018 The request to load or reload the formatter cache for Formatter [formatter_name] failed.

The load process ended prematurely.

Explanation: A request to load or reload the cache for the specified Formatter failed. Additional messages

that describe the error in detail should have preceded this message.

User Response: For more information about the error, see the preceding messages. After you diagnose the

cause of the error, try to correct the problem and restart the process. If the problem persists,

contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_11019 The request to load or reload the cache for Formatter [formatter_name] is waiting for

extraction maps. Current wait duration: [milliseconds].

Explanation: This informational message reports the number of milliseconds that the specified Formatter

has been waiting to receive the extraction maps that were read from PowerExchange so that

it can load or reload its cache.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11020 The request to load or reload the cache for Formatter [formatter_name] failed. The process

failed to complete within a reasonable amount of time.

Explanation: A request to load the cache of the specified Formatter did not finish within the maximum

time allowed. As a result, the process was terminated before the cache was completely

loaded.

User Response: If the cache entries that you need were loaded, you can ignore this error. Otherwise, run the

request to load the cache again. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer

Support.

CDCPUB_11021 A request to perform JVM garbage collection processing was executed by [process_name]

with thread ID [thread_ID].

Explanation: This informational message reports that JVM garbage collection processing was

successfully executed by an internal process on the specified thread.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11022 The process [process_name] found configuration property [property_name] in both file

[file_name1] and file [file_name2].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the specified process found multiple configuration

files with the same configuration property.

User Response: Informatica recommends that a configuration property be specified in only one configuration

file in your environment.

CDCPUB_11023 The process [process_name] found configuration property [property_name] in file

[file_name1] and file [file_name2] with conflicting values.

Explanation: The process found that two configuration files specify the same configuration property but

with different values. The process cannot determine the correct value to use.

User Response: Edit the configuration files to ensure that the property is specified in only one of the

configuration files with the correct value. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global

Customer Support.

CDCPUB_11024 The process [process_name] found no configuration files that have suffix [file_suffix] and

contain header text [file_header] in the directory [directory_name].

Explanation: The process found no configuration files that have the required file-name suffix and header

content in the specified directory. As a result, no configuration information is available.

User Response: Verify that the requested directory name is correct and that this directory contains

configuration files that have the expected file-name suffix and header content. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_11025 The process [process_name] is reading configuration properties file [file_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports the name of the configuration file that the specified

process is reading.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11026 Processing to load or reload the cache of the Formatter [formatter_name] completed.

number_of_items items were loaded.

Explanation: This informational message reports that a request to load or reload cache entries for the

specified Formatter successfully completed. The specified number of items were loaded.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_11027 The requested instance directory [directory_name] was not found.

Explanation: The specified instance directory name was not found or is not a directory.

User Response: Verify that the correct instance directory name was provided. Make sure that you have not

inadvertently specified a file name instead of a directory name.

CDCPUB_11028 Using instance directory [directory_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports the instance directory that the product is being used for

configuration, logging, reporting, and other files.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13001 Internal Logic Error: The Capture Consumer on thread [thread_name] could not find a cached

schema for the object ID [object_ID] when processing a DML event at the change stream

sequence position [sequence_position].

Explanation: This error message is generated by the internal Capture Consumer process that is

responsible for consuming or capturing change data. The process caches information about the schema or definition of the object for which change data is being captured or consumed. However, the process could not retrieve the object schema or definition from the cache

because of an internal logic error.

User Response: Restart the process to re-create the cached entry. If the problem persists, contact Informatica

Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13002 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is starting.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal Capture Consumer process is starting.

CDCPUB_13003 The Capture Consumer process_name with the thread ID [thread_ID] shut down successfully.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal Capture Consumer process shut down

successfully.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13004 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] stopped running

because of a fatal error.

Explanation: The internal Capture Consumer process that is responsible for consuming or capturing

change data stopped running because of a fatal error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13005 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] ended because of an

error. Error code: [error_code]. Error description: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal Capture Consumer process that is responsible for consuming or capturing

change data ended because of a fatal error. This message provides the error code and

description.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13006 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] encountered an I/O error.

Resetting the connection to the Change Data Capture stream. The last stream position was

[position].

Explanation: The internal Capture Consumer process that is responsible for consuming or capturing

change data has reset its connection to the entity that creates the change data capture stream. This message might be issued after a brief network outage or on a periodic basis to ensure that an active connection exists. The message reports the last position in the change

stream that was processed prior to the error.

User Response: If this message is issued repeatedly, check if a network outage exists and if the entity

responsible for generating the change data capture stream is operating.

CDCPUB_13007 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is waiting for the

change data capture stream to be re-established. Current wait time: [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: The internal Capture Consumer process that is responsible for consuming or capturing

change data is in a wait state because the entity responsible for generating the change stream is unavailable. This informational message reports the amount of time, in

hours:minutes:seconds, that this process has been waiting.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13008 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is waiting for data

from the change data capture stream. Current wait duration: [hh:mm:ss]. Current message

count [number].

Explanation: The internal Capture Consumer process that is responsible for consuming or capturing

change data is in a wait state because it is not receiving change data from the entity that is responsible for generating the change stream. This informational message reports the amount of time, in *hours:minutes:seconds*, that this process has been waiting and the number

of messages that have been processed to the current point in time.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13009 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [threadI_D] is waiting to write data

from the change data capture stream because the internal InputStream is at capacity.

Current wait duration: [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: The internal Capture Consumer process that is responsible for consuming or capturing

change data is in a wait state because the internal buffer that holds the change data is full. This informational message reports the amount of time, in *hours:minutes:seconds*, that this process has been waiting. Typically, the wait time is a short. As change data is processed,

items are removed from the buffer, allowing this process to continue.

User Response: If this message is issued repeatedly, the change data is probably arriving at a rate faster than

the rate at which it is being processed.

CDCPUB_13010 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is shutting down.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal Capture Consumer process that is

responsible for consuming or capturing change data is shutting down.

User Response: No response is required. If necessary, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13011 The Capture Filter [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is starting.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the specified internal Capture Filter process, which

filters the change data to be captured or consumed, is starting.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13012 The Capture Filter [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] shut down successfully.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal Capture Filter process that is

responsible for filtering the change data to be captured or consumed has successfully shut

down.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13013 The Capture Filter [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] stopped running because of

a fatal error.

Explanation: The internal Capture Filter process that is responsible for filtering change data to be captured

or consumed has stopped because of a fatal error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13014 The Capture Filter [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] stopped because of a fatal

error. Error code: [error_vode]. Error description: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal Capture Filter process that is responsible for filtering change data stopped

because of a fatal error. This message provides the error code and a description of the error.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the error information in this message and any

accompanying log messages. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer

Support.

CDCPUB_13015 The process_name with the thread ID thread_ID is waiting for incoming data.

Current wait duration: hh:mm:ss.

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for change data capture is sleeping because it has

no input data to process. This situation is typical for an idle system. This informational message reports the amount of time, in *hours:minutes:seconds*, that the process has been

waiting.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13016 The CDC Publisher Extractor [process_name] requested a shutdown of its helper thread

[thread_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the CDC Publisher Extractor process has requested

a helper or subordinate thread to shut down.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13017 The CDC Publisher Extractor [process_name] was unable to shut down its helper thread

[thread_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the CDC Publisher Extractor process was unable to

shut down the specified helper or subordinate thread.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13018 The CDC Publisher Extractor process_name is waiting for its helper thread thread_name to

shut down. Current wait duration: hh:mm:ss.

Explanation: The CDC Publisher Extractor process is waiting for a helper or subordinate thread to shut

down. This informational message reports the amount of time, in hours:minutes:seconds, that

this process has been waiting.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13019 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is waiting for the

PowerExchange Capture Service to shut down. Current wait duration: [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: The internal Capture Consumer process that is responsible for consuming or capturing

change data is waiting for the PowerExchange Capture Service interface to shut down. This informational message reports the amount of time, in *hours:minutes:seconds*, that this

process has been waiting for the PowerExchange Capture Service to shut down.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13020 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [threadI_D] has issued the

command [command] to the PowerExchange Capture Service.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal Capture Consumer process that is

responsible for consuming or capturing change data issued the specified command to the

PowerExchange Capture Service interface.

CDCPUB_13021 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] stopped waiting for

the PowerExchange Capture Service to shut down after wait time [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal Capture Consumer process that is

responsible for consuming or capturing change data stopped waiting for the PowerExchange

Capture Service interface to shut down after the specified amount of time, in hours:minutes:seconds, elapsed. The Capture Consumer process will shut down.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13022 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [threadI_D] is resetting the

connection to the change data capture stream because of a lack of activity. The last

position in the change stream was [current_position].

Explanation: The internal Capture Consumer process that is responsible for consuming or capturing

change data reset its connection to the change data capture provider after a period of no change activity. This informational message reports the current position or sequence in the change stream. The message might be issued periodically when the capture process is idle.

The connection is reset to verify that the change data capture provider is still active.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13023 The Capture Consumer [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is starting the

PowerExchange Capture Service.

Explanation: This informational message reports that internal Capture Consumer process that is

responsible for consuming or capturing change data is starting the PowerExchange Capture

Service interface.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13024 The process [process_name] could not interpret the configured restart value [restart_value]

correctly. The value is not a numeric value or hex string.

Explanation: A configured setting identifies the location in the change data stream where the process

should resume consuming change data. However, this error message indicates that the

configured restart value is not a valid numeric value or hexadecimal string.

User Response: Review the Informatica product documentation to determine the proper format for specifying

a restart point. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13025 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is waiting until more space is

available on its internal event queue. Current wait duration: [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal process that is responsible for

processing change data is idle because it does not have adequate space available to process more data. The process has waited the specified amount of time, in *hours:minutes:seconds*, for more space. This condition typically occurs when the process cannot find an available

helper thread for processing event data, because all helper threads are busy.

CDCPUB_13026 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is waiting until more space is

available on its output queue. Current wait duration: [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal process that is responsible for

processing change data is in a wait state because it does not have adequate space available to write results to an output queue. The process has waited the specified amount of time, in hours:minutes:seconds, to write results. This condition typically occurs when a downstream

process is not consuming events as quickly as the process provides them.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13027 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] exceeded the maximum wait time

for writing data from the capture stream because the internal InputStream is at capacity. Current wait duration: [seconds_elapsed] seconds. Maximum wait time allowed:

maximum_seconds seconds.

Explanation: The specified process has reached the maximum amount of time, in seconds, to wait on a full

input buffer before treating the full buffer condition as an error. The full buffer condition typically occurs when other processes are unable to consume data from the buffer.

User Response: Review the system log to determine why downstream processes are not processing data. If

the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13028 The Capture Consumer process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] failed to start

a change data stream. Return code: [return_code].

Explanation: The specified process failed to start a change data stream. The message provides the non-

zero return code for the error.

User Response: To diagnose the error, review the accompanying messages in the system log. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13029 The Capture Consumer process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] found that the

underlying change data stream stopped. Return code: [return_code].

Explanation: The specified process detected that the change data stream stopped unexpectedly. The

message includes the non-zero return code for the error.

User Response: To diagnose the error, review the accompanying messages in the system log. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13030 The Capture Consumer process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] stopped the

change data stream because of a shutdown request. Return code: [return_code].

Explanation: After the specified process received a shutdown request, it stopped the change data stream.

The stream ended with specified return code.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_13031 The Capture Consumer process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] successfully

shut down the change data stream but the stream ended with the error: [error_description].

Explanation: The specified process successfully shut down the change data stream, even though the

reported error occurred during the process. Because the error did not prevent the shutdown

from completing successfully, you can ignore the error.

User Response: Ignore the error. If it occurs again repeatedly, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_13032 The Extractor [logical_extractor_name] processed the request [input_request] to generate an

internal restart value. Generated restart value: [restart_value].

Explanation: This informational message reports the internal restart value that Extractor process

generated in response to the specified request.

User Response: No response is required. However, if the result did not match the input request or if you do

not expect a restart, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14001 The Formatter [process_name] is waiting for its helper thread [thread_name] to shut down.

Current wait duration: [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: The internal Formatter process that is responsible for formatting change data is waiting for

its helper or subordinate thread to shut down. This informational message reports the

elapsed wait duration, in hours:minutes:seconds, to the current point in time.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_14002 Internal logic error: The formatter helper thread [thread_name] could not find a schema

cached for the object ID $[object_ID]$ when processing a DML event at the change stream

sequence location [sequence_location].

Explanation: This error message is generated by the internal Formatter process that is responsible for

formatting change data. The process caches information about the schema of an object for $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\} =\left$

which it consumes change data. This message indicates that an internal logic error prevented the Formatter process from retrieving the schema for the specified object from an internal cache when processing a DML change operation. The message includes the object ID

and the current sequence location within the change stream of the DML operation.

User Response: To re-create the cached entry, restart the Formatter process. If the problem persists, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14003 The Formatter helper [process_name] encountered an error and ended while formatting the

event at the change stream location [sequence_location]. Error description:

[error_description].

Explanation: The internal Formatter process that is responsible for formatting change data encountered

an error and ended unexpectedly. This message includes a brief description of the error and

the current sequence location within the change data stream.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14004 The Formatter [process_name] encountered an error while attempting to create a schema

cache. Error description: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal Formatter process that is responsible for formatting change data was unable to

create an internal cache to hold schema information.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14005 The Formatter [process_name] encountered an error while attempting to create an Avro

schema cache. Error description: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal Formatter process that is responsible for formatting change data into Avro

messages was unable to create an internal cache to hold Avro schema information.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14006 The table [table_name] contains characters that are not valid for an Avro schema. Avro field

names must begin with a letter and include only the digits 0-9, letters A-Z and a-z, and underscore (_) character. Consider changing the current replacement character

[replacement_character].

Explanation: The table name is used to create an Avro field name. Avro field names must begin with an

alphabetic character A-Z or a-z and can contain the digits 0-9, letters A-Z and a-z, and the underscore (_) character. If a replacement character is defined, it will replace any non-

conforming characters in the table name before the name is passed to Avro.

User Response: Verify that you defined a replacement character that can be used to replace any special

characters in the table name. If you suspect that the current replacement character is not supported by Avro, try changing the replacement character. If the problem persists, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14007 The column [column_name] in table [table_name] contains characters that are not valid for

an Avro schema. Avro field names must begin with a letter and include only the digits 0-9, letters A-Z and a-z, and underscore (_) character. Consider changing the current

replacement character [replacement_character].

Explanation: The column name is used to create an Avro field name. Avro field names must begin with an

alphabetic character A-Z or a-z and can contain the digits 0-9, letters A-Z and a-z, and the underscore (_) character. If a replacement value is defined, it will replace any non-conforming

characters in the column name before the name is passed to Avro.

User Response: Verify that you defined a replacement character that can be used to replace any special

characters in the column name. If you suspect that the current replacement character is not supported by Avro, try changing the replacement character. If the problem persists, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14008 The process [process_name] failed to find an entry for the table [table_name]. The process

will retry the lookup by using the following technique: [retry_technique].

Explanation: The process could not find an entry for specified table name. The process is retrying the

table lookup by using a different technique.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_14009 All attempts by process [process_name] to find any entry for [table_name] failed.

Explanation: The process received a request to find the internal entities or entries for the specified table

name, but all attempts to find these items failed. Either the table name was entered

incorrectly or the system is not configured to process this table.

User Response: Verify that you provided the correct table name. Also consider changing the table name to

avoid any filtering or modifications that the system is configured to perform on a source

table name. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14010 When generating a wrapped Avro schema, the process [process_name] found an

unsupported Avro configuration. To generate a wrapped Avro schema, the outer Avro message must support or be the same as the inner Avro message encoding. Current outer encoding [outer_encoding] does not support the current inner encoding [inner_encoding].

Explanation: The encoding settings for messages that use a wrapped Avro schema are not valid. The

encoding of the outer "wrapper" message must be binary, or the encoding of the inner

"wrapped" message must match the encoding of the outer message.

User Response: Correct one or both of the Avro message encoding settings so that they match or the outer

message encoding is binary. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer

Support.

CDCPUB_14011 When generating a wrapped Avro schema, the process [process_name] determined that the

configured encoding of the inner 'wrapped' message is not supported. Inner message

encoding [requested_inner_encoding] was replaced with [valid_encoding].

Explanation: When generating a wrapped Avro schema, the process determined that the encoding of the

inner "wrapped" Avro message is not supported. As a result, the process replaced the

requested invalid encoding with the specified valid encoding.

User Response: No response is required

CDCPUB_14012 The Formatter [process_name] found that the configuration property [property_name]

contains no value. Enter a name for the timestamp column that is added to formatted

messages.

Explanation: The internal Formatter process, which is responsible for formatting change data into

messages, detected that the specified configuration property is missing or does not contain a value. The property is required because you enabled the formatter to add a timestamp column in the Avro schema and formatted message output, which specifies the date and time at which the Publisher processed incoming change records. The property specifies the

name of the added timestamp column or field.

User Response: Define the missing configuration property in the cdcPublisherAvro.cfg file, or disable adding a

timestamp column to the Avro schema and formatted message output by setting the Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn property to false. If the problem persists, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14013 The Formatter [process_name] found that the configuration property [property_name]

contains no value. Enter the date and time format of the timestamp column that is added to

formatted messages.

Explanation: The internal Formatter process, which is responsible for formatting change data into

messages, detected that the specified configuration property does not contain a value. The property should specify the date and time format of the timestamp column that is added in

the Avro schema and formatted message output for each record when

Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=true is specified.

User Response: Specify a value for the configuration property. You can enter any character string that the

Java class SimpleDateFormat supports for formatting dates and times. Alternatively, set Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=false to disable adding a timestamp column to the formatted message output. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer

Support.

CDCPUB_14014 The Formatter [process_name] found that the configuration property [property_name] contains a value that is not valid. Error: [errorText].

Explanation: The internal Formatter process, which is responsible for formatting change data into

messages, detected that the specified configuration property value is not valid. The property specifies an invalid date and time format for the timestamp column or field that is added in

the Avro schema and formatted message output for each record when

Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=true is specified.

User Response: Specify a valid value for the configuration property. You can enter any character string that

the Java class SimpleDateFormat supports for formatting dates and times. Alternatively, set Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=false to disable adding a timestamp column to the formatted message output. The property value must comply with the Java class SimpleDateFormat. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14015 The Formatter [process_name] found that the configuration property [property_name] contains no value. Enter a time zone option for the timestamp column that is added to formatted messages.

Explanation: The internal Formatter process, which is responsible for formatting change data into

messages, found that the specified property does not contain a value. The property should specify the time zone of the timestamp values that appear in the timestamp column that is

added in the Avro schema and formatted message output for each record when

Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=true is specified.

User Response: Specify a time zone option in the configuration property. Valid values are local and UTC.

Alternatively, set Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=false to disable adding a timestamp column to the formatted message output. If the problem persists, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14016 The Formatter [process_name] found that the configuration property [property_name] contains a value that is not valid.

Explanation: The internal Formatter process, which is responsible for formatting change data into

messages, detected that the specified configuration property value is not valid. The property specifies an invalid time zone option for the timestamp column that is added in the Avro

schema and formatted message output for each record when Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=true is specified.

User Response: Specify a valid value for the configuration property. Valid values are local and UTC.

Alternatively, set Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=false to disable adding a timestamp column to the formatted message output. If the problem persists, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_14017 The Formatter [process_name] failed to generate timestamp values for the timestamp column that is added to formatted messages. Error: [errorText]

Explanation: The internal Formatter process, which is responsible for formatting change data into

messages, encountered an error while generating a timestamp value for the timestamp column that is added in the Avro schema and formatted message output for each record

when Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=true is specified.

User Response: Review the reported error text. If an incorrect configuration property value is responsible for

the error, correct the property value. Alternatively, set

Formatter.formatterAddTimestampColumn=false to disable adding a timestamp column to the formatted message output. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer

Support.

CDCPUB_15001 The Connector [process_name] is waiting for its helper thread [thread_name] to shut down.

Current wait duration: [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: The internal Connector process, which is responsible for connecting to and sending

> messages to an external entity, is waiting for a helper or subordinate thread to shut down. This informational message includes the amount of time, in hours:minutes:seconds, that this

process has been waiting.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15002 The Connector helper [process_name] encountered an error when sending the event at the

change stream location [sequence_location]. Error description: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal Connector process, which is responsible for connecting to and sending

messages to an external entity, encountered an error and ended when processing the event

at the specified change stream location.

User Response: To diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15003 The Connector [process_name] encountered an error while trying to connect to the target.

Error description: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal Connector process was unable to establish a connection to an external entity.

This message includes a brief description of the error.

User Response: Verify that the entity to which the process is attempting to connect is available. If the

problem persists, Contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

The Connector [process_name] will write output to the file [file_name]. **CDCPUB_15004**

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal Connector process is configured to write

message output to the specified file.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15005 The Connector helper [helper_process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is waiting for a

request to send data to the target. Current wait duration: [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: The internal Connector helper process, which is responsible for sending data to the target, is

waiting for permission to proceed. This message reports the wait duration, in

hours:minutes:seconds, to the current point in time. In some configurations, the order in which messages are sent to the target entity is strictly enforced. This informational message might be issued when a helper process is ready to send its message but must wait for its turn. If this message is issued frequently or consistently, the number of helpers configured might be greater than the number needed for the current volume of data. When too many

threads exist, they might wait on one another.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15006 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] could not find any Connectors

defined in the current configuration. No paths will be created to send change data.

Explanation: No Connectors are defined in the current configuration. As a result, the specified process

> cannot send change data to any external entity on the logical path. A logical path is the combination of internal Extractor, Formatter, and Connector processes that are responsible

for moving captured source data to a target entity.

User Response: Typically, this informational message is issued if the configuration is incomplete or contains

an error. If you need assistance, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15007 The Process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] determined that the Connector [connector_name] references the CDC Publisher Extractor name [logical_extractor_name],

but that name is not in the configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: The process determined that the specified Connector references an Extractor name that is

not defined in the Connector configuration. This error message reports the Connector name, the Extractor name that cannot be found, and the Connector configuration parameter for

specifying the Extractor name.

User Response: In the Connector configuration parameter, correct the Extractor name or add the name of an

existing Extractor process.

CDCPUB_15008 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] found that the Connector

[connector_name] references the filter name [filter_name], but that Filter name is not found

in the configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: The process determined that the specified Connector references a filter name that is not

defined in the Connector configuration. This error message includes the Connector name, the name of the filter that cannot be found, and the name of the Connector configuration

parameter for specifying the filter name.

User Response: In the Connector configuration parameter, correct the correct filter name or add the name of

an existing filter.

CDCPUB_15009 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] found that the Connector

[connector_name] references the Formatter name [formatter_name], but that Formatter

name is not found in the configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: The process determined that the specified Connector references a Formatter name that is

not defined in the Connector configuration. This error message includes the Connector name, the name of the Formatter that was not found, and the name of the Connector configuration

parameter for specifying the Formatter name.

User Response: In the Connector configuration parameter, correct the Formatter name or add the name of an

existing Formatter.

CDCPUB_15010 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [threadl_D] found no Connectors defined in

the current configuration. The process expected to see the Connector names listed in the

configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: The process could not find any Connector names in the specified configuration parameter.

The parameter should list all Connectors. As a result, no data will be sent to any external

entity.

User Response: This error message is typically produced if the configuration is incomplete or contains an

error. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15011 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] found that the Connector named

[connector_name] has incomplete or inaccurate configuration information. The CDC

Publisher will not use this Connector.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the process found an inaccurate or incomplete

definition of the specified Connector in the configuration. The process will ignore this Connector. If complete and accurate information is defined for other Connectors in the

configuration, one of these Connectors can be used.

User Response: If the configuration is complete, check if the configuration contains an error. If you need

assistance, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15012 The process [process_name] with the thread ID thread_ID did not find the logical name

[logical_name] in the configuration parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: When examining configurations, the internal process expected to find the specified

configuration parameter with the logical name of the entity for which configuration information is being processed. However, the configuration parameter was not found or did

not contain the expected logical name.

User Response: Add the missing configuration parameter with the logical name to the configuration. If the

problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support for assistance.

CDCPUB_15013 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] examined configurations for the

logical name [logical_name_of_entity] but did not find this name in the configuration

parameter [parameter_name].

Explanation: The internal process examined configurations for the specified logical name of a entity but

did not find the logical name in the specified configuration parameter as expected.

User Response: Specify the logical name in the configuration parameter. If the problem persists, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15014 The Connector [process_name] will write checkpoint information to the file [file_name].

Explanation: The internal helper process that is responsible for sending messages to an external entity

keeps a record of its progress, called a checkpoint. This informational message reports that

the checkpoint information will be written to the specified file.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15015 The Connector [process_name] will read parameter information from the file [file_name].

Explanation: The specified internal helper process that is responsible for sending messages to an external

entity normally receives configuration properties from a parent entity or process. The informational message indicates that the process is getting some configuration properties directly from the specified file. This behavior is normal for configurations for which connectivity parameters can be in a file, such as configurations with Kafka targets.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15016 The process [process_name] was unable to validate the Kafka partition ID [partition_ID] for

the topic [topic_name]. Error: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka handling found that the specified Kafka

partition ID that is assigned to a message is not valid for the configured Kafka topic.

User Response: Change the Kafka topic definition to support the partition ID, or change the partition

configuration to match the existing Kafka topic definition. Also, to diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem persists, contact Informatica

Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15017 The process [process_name] was processing an event with these details when an error

occurred: [event_information].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication encountered an error. This

message reports the contents of the event or message that was sent to Kafka.

User Response: This message typically accompanies additional messages that describe the error. To

diagnose and correct the error, analyze the accompanying log messages. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15018 The process [process_name] encountered an error while sending a message to Kafka. Error:

[error_description].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication encountered the specified

error while sending data to Kafka.

User Response: After you review the error description, determine if you need to check the availability or

configuration of the target Kafka environment or make changes to the CDC Publisher configuration. Also, analyze the accompanying log messages for additional diagnostic information. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15019 The process [process_name] received an [Kafka_exception_type] exception while sending a message to Kafka for the event [event_information]. Error: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for sending messages to Kafka encountered the

specified error. This message includes the exception and event information that was returned

from Kafka.

User Response: After you review the error information, determine if you need to check the configuration of the

target Kafka environment or make changes to the CDC Publisher configuration. Also, analyze the accompanying log messages for additional diagnostic information. If the problem

persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15020 The process [process_name] is trying to resend the previous message to Kafka because of

an error. Error: [error_description].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal process that is responsible for sending

messages to Kafka encountered the specified error. The process will retry sending the message until either the send operation is successful or the maximum number of retries is

exceeded.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15021 The process [process_name] was unable to send the previous message to Kafka after

[number_of_attempts attempts because of the error: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication encountered the specified

error while trying to resend a message with data to Kafka. After the maximum number of retries was exceeded, the process ended. This message includes the error description and

number of retry attempts.

User Response: After you review the error description, determine if the error is related to the availability or

configuration of the Kafka target environment. Edit the configuration if necessary. Also, analyze the accompanying log messages to diagnose the error. If the problem persists,

contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15022 The process [process_name] received the following Kafka producer properties.

Explanation: This informational message introduces the list of Kafka properties that the internal process

that is responsible for Kafka communication uses.

CDCPUB_15023 Kafka property key [property_name] with value [property_value].

The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication is using the specified Explanation:

Kafka property value. This informational message is repeated for each Kafka property.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15024 The process [process_name] is replacing the existing Kafka property [property_name] and

value [property_value] with the new property [new_property_name] and value

[new_property_value].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication is replacing an

> incompatible Kafka property value. The property is required to connect to Kafka. Normally, the properties that are used to connect to Kafka are provided in a file, such as a Kafka producer properties file. If a Kafka property value is incompatible, the process replaces it. This informational message identifies the existing property name and value that is being

replaced and the new property name and value.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15025 The process [process_name] is adding the Kafka property [property_name] with the value

[property_value] to support the Guaranteed Delivery configuration setting.

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication is adding a Kafka property

value to the properties list that it uses. Normally, the properties that are used to connect to Kafka are provided in a file, such as the Kafka Producer properties file. If this process is configured to use Guaranteed Delivery of messages to Kafka, the process might add Kafka properties to meet the Guaranteed Delivery requirement. This informational message identifies a Kafka property and value that is being added to support Guaranteed Delivery.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15026 The process [process_name] is changing the Kafka property [property_name] with the value [property_value] to the new value [new_property_value] to support Guaranteed Delivery.

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication is changing the value of a

Kafka property to support the Guaranteed Delivery setting in the configuration. Normally, the properties that are used to connect to Kafka are provided in a file, such as the Kafka Producer properties file. If this process has been configured for Guaranteed Delivery of messages to Kafka, the process might adjust the input Kafka properties to meet the Guaranteed Delivery requirement. This informational message identifies a Kafka property

value that is being changed to another value to support Guaranteed Delivery.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15027 The process [process_name] is adding the Kafka property [property_name] with the default

value of [property_value].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication is adding the specified

> Kafka property with the default value to the properties list that it uses. Normally, the properties that are used to connect to Kafka are provided in a file, such as a Kafka Producer properties file. If a required Kafka property is missing, the process will add it. This message

indicates the Kafka property is being added and its default value.

User Response: If the default value is not appropriate, add the configuration parameter with another value to

the Producer properties file.

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CDCPUB_15028 An attempt to connect to Kafka was unsuccessful because of a Class Not Found exception.

A third-party library is probably missing from the generated Java classpath. Error:

[error_description].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication tested a connection to

Kafka but the test failed because of a Class Not Found exception. This error is not fatal. This informational message is issued only when the process tests connectivity to or availability of

the Kafka instance and the test fails.

User Response: Typically, this message indicates that not all of the Kafka client library files have been added

to the generated classpath. Review the product documentation to determine how to properly add the Kafka client libraries to the environment. Then ensure that all of the Kafka libraries

have been included.

CDCPUB_15029 A test connection to Kafka was unsuccessful because of a TimeOut exception. The Kafka

broker might be down or unreachable, or the Kafka Producer properties file might be

incorrect. Error description: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication tested a connection to

Kafka but the test failed because of a TimeOut exception. This error is not fatal. This informational message is issued only when the process tests connectivity to or availability of

the Kafka instance. The message might indicate that Kafka is not available or that a time-out

property in the Kafka Producer properties file is set too low for the environment.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15030 A test connection to Kafka was unsuccessful. The Kafka broker might be down or

unreachable, or the Kafka Producer properties file might be incorrect. Error description:

[error_Description].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication tested a connection to

Kafka but the test failed. This error is not fatal. This informational message is issued only when the process tests connectivity to or availability of the Kafka instance and the test fails. The Kafka broker might be down or unreachable, or the Kafka Producer properties file might

contain an error.

User Response: Verify that the Kafka properties are correctly specified and that the Kafka instance is

reachable in the current environment. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global

Customer Support for assistance.

CDCPUB_15031 The process [process_name] requested partition information from Kafka for the topic

[topic_name], but the request failed with Kafka error: [error_description].

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication encountered the specified

error while requesting partition information from Kafka for a topic.

User Response: After you review the error description, determine if the error is related to the availability or

configuration of the Kafka target environment or if the topic or its partitions are not available on the Kafka server specified in the Kafka Producer properties file. Also, analyze the

accompanying log messages to diagnose the error. If the problem persists, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15032 The CDC Publisher did not update any Kafka topics since the last reset.

Explanation: This informational message reports that the CDC Publisher did not update any Kafka topics

during the current run or interval. Either no data was available to process, or the data is not

newer than the last record that the CDC Publisher sent to Kafka.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15033 The CDC Publisher updated the following Kafka topics:

Explanation: This informational message introduces a list of the updated Kafka topics.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15034 The CDC Publisher sent [count] messages to the Kafka topic [topic_name] partition

[partition_ID]. The last message was written to the topic partition offset [offset] with the key [Kafka_key_value] and includes the source table [table_name] operation [dml_operation]

from the stream sequence [sequence_value].

Explanation: This informational message reports the number of messages that the CDC Publisher sent to

the specified Kafka topic partition. This message also includes detailed information about the last message written to the topic, including its offset in the topic partition, key value, and

the source table operation it contains.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15035 An event of type [event_type] for the table [table_name] at the stream sequence

[event_sequence_value] recorded the following detailed latency statistics:

Explanation: This informational message introduces latency information for the event that is associated

with the specified table and located at the specified sequence position in the change stream.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15036 The process [process_name] performed [action] at UNIX Epoch time [time] milliseconds.

Duration: [duration_of_action] milliseconds. Additional information: [information].

Explanation: This informational message reports the following information about a process that affected

the Change Data Capture event that is identified in message CDCPUB-15035.

The action the process was performing on the event.

• The UNIX Epoch time at which the process performed the action on the event. Epoch time is the number of milliseconds between the current time and midnight January 1, 1970

UTC.

• The duration, in milliseconds, that has elapsed since the prior action.

Additional information about the process or environment at the time of the action.

This information is typically used to determine which processes require the most time to

perform actions on an event.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15037 The total latency for this Event was [number_of_milliseconds] milliseconds.

Explanation: This informational message provides the total time, in milliseconds, that the CDC Publisher

took to process the Change Data Capture event identified in message CDCPUB-15035.

CDCPUB_15038 The Connector [process_name] will start sending messages to a target entity from the

checkpoint [checkpoint_value].

Explanation: The Connector internal helper process that is responsible for sending messages to an

external target entity keeps a record of its progress, called a checkpoint. This informational message reports the initial checkpoint value from which the specified Connector process will

start sending messages.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15039 The Connector process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] has processed

[number_of_operations] operations.

Explanation: This informational message reports the number of change operations that the Connector

process received. The message can be issued periodically to indicate the streaming activity.

User Response: No response is required. You can configure the frequency at which this message is issued. If

you need assistance, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CDCPUB_15040 The CDC Publisher wrote [count] messages to file [file_name].

Explanation: This informational message reports the number of messages that the CDC Publisher wrote to

the specified output file since the last RESET operation.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_15041 The process [process_name] determined Kafka serialization settings are expecting

message objects of type [object_type].

Explanation: The process determined that the Kafka target is expecting message objects of the specified

type. Kafka can use different serializers to support message objects of different types, including strings and byte arrays. The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication determined the specified type is appropriate for the current environment.

User Response: No response is required. If you do not want to use the specified message object type, check

the value.serializer setting in your Kafka producer.properties file, which is used to make this determination. Alternatively, configure the process to not automatically detect the message

object type based on the producer.properties file.

CDCPUB_15042 The process [process_name] will create and send message objects of type [object_type] to

Kafka.

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for Kafka communication is configured to deliver

message objects of the specified type to Kafka.

User Response: No response is required. If you do not want to use the specified message object type, edit the

appropriate configuration property to use a different Kafka object type.

CDCPUB_15043 The process [process_name] has loaded [count] topic definitions from the configuration for

this environment.

Explanation: The internal process that is responsible for communication with the target has been

configured to use the specified number of Kafka topics.

User Response: No response is required. If the number of topics is different from what you expected, check

the topic configuration options to verify that all topic definitions have been configured.

CDCPUB-15051 The process [process_name] with the thread ID [thread_ID] is waiting for a response on its

internal notification queue. Current wait duration: [hh:mm:ss].

Explanation: This informational message reports that the internal process that is responsible for

processing change data is idle because it is waiting to notify another process that work is available to do. The message reports the wait time up to the current point in time. This condition typically occurs when the process cannot find an available helper thread because

all helper threads are busy.

User Response: No response is required.

CDCPUB_16001 The command [command_name] was unsuccessful. Error description: [error_description].

Explanation: This error message is typically issued by simple command-line tools to indicate that a

command failed to run. The message includes a description of the error.

User Response: Review the system log that the command-line tool produces for more messages related to

the problem.

CPPSVC_00100 to CPPSVC_00103

CPPSVC_00100 No localized message factory provided. Message code [message_code]. Parms:

[parameters].

Explanation: An internal logic error occurred during CDC Publisher processing. A C++ service attempted to

generate a localized message that is associated with the specified message code and parameters, but no localized message factory exists. This message is generated in place of

the localized message.

User Response: Contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CPPSVC_00101 The localized message with code [message_code] was not found. Parms: [parameters].

Explanation: An internal logic error occurred during CDC Publisher processing. A C++ service attempted to

generate a localized message but did not find a localized message that is associated with the specified message code and parameters. This message is generated in place of the

localized message.

User Response: Contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CPPSVC_00102 The process [process_name] with thread ID [thread_ID] encountered error code [error_code]

with description [description].

Explanation: During CDC Publisher processing, a C++ service encountered an internal error related to a

Java exception. This message provides the process name, associated thread number, and

error information returned by Java. The error code is always 0.

User Response: Contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CPPSVC_00103 Stack trace [stack].

Explanation: During CDC Publisher processing, the stack trace associated with a C++ service encountered

an unexpected error.

User Response: Contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

CPPSVC_00104 The request to restart from the end of the PowerExchange CDC Stream identified the

following position as the current end of the log :position

Explanation: This informational message identifies the restart position that has been calculated when a

restart from the end of the PowerExchange change data capture stream has been requested.

User Response: If you do not want to restart from this position, you can reconfigure the environment to

restart from a specific location. If necessary, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

LOGCFG_10001 to LOGCFG_10006

LOGCFG_10001 The Informatica logging component could not create the GMD appender.

Explanation: The Informatica logging component failed to create the appender that is responsible for

guaranteed message delivery.

User Response: Analyze the accompanying log messages to diagnose the error and then try to correct the

error. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

LOGCFG_10002 The Informatica custom Log4j configuration does not include the required appender

[appender_name].

Explanation: The Informatica logging component could not find the specified appender defined in the

Log4j configuration file. This appender is required.

User Response: Add the missing configuration statements for the appender to the Log4j configuration file. If

the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

LOGCFG_10003 The Informatica logging component [component_name] references the appender

[appender_name] but this appender is not in the Log4j configuration file. The reference is

ignored.

Explanation: The Informatica logging component could not find the specified appender defined in the

Log4j configuration file.

User Response: In the Log4j configuration file, add or correct the configuration statements for the missing

appender or remove the AppenderRef reference for the appender from the Logger specification. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

LOGCFG_10004 The Informatica Logger name [logger_name] in the logging configuration conflicts with the

reserved name [reserved_name]. The Logger specification is ignored.

Explanation: The Informatica logging component determined that the Logger name that is specified in the

logging configuration file matches a reserved name. Because the Logger cannot have a

reserved name, the Logger specification is ignored.

User Response: In the logging configuration file, change the Logger name to a name that is not reserved. If

the problem persists, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

LOGCFG_10005 The Log4j configuration file [file_name] could not be read.

Explanation: The Informatica logging component could not read the specified Log4j configuration file.

User Response: Verify that the file exists and is readable. If the problem persists, contact Informatica Global

Customer Support.

LOGCFG_10006 Could not create the Log4j context. Result was null. Does a configuration error exist?

Explanation: The Informatica logging component failed to create the Log4j context object.

User Response: Verify that the Log4j configuration properties are valid. If the problem persists, contact

Informatica Global Customer Support.

PWXLIC_00110 to PWXLIC-00999

PWXLIC_00110 Key error. License key [key_value] has a check digit error. Expected check digit

[expected_check_digit] but got calculated check digit [calculated_check_digit].

Explanation: The license key is not valid. The check digit is incorrect.

User Response: Enter a valid license key.

PWXLIC_00111 Key error. License key length must be 44 or 64 characters. Key [key_value] has length

[number_of_characters].

Explanation: The license key length is not valid. The length must be either 44 or 64 characters.

User Response: Specify a license key value that has a valid length.

PWXLIC_00112 Key error. Hyphen characters in license key [key_value] are not in expected locations.

Explanation: The license key is not valid because it contains hyphens in locations that are not valid within

the hexadecimal key values.

User Response: Specify a valid license key that includes hyphens in locations that are valid within

hexadecimal key values.

PWXLIC_00113 PowerExchange licensing check found I/O error related to file [key_file_name] operation

[operation]. Error description:[error_description].

Explanation: An I/O error occurred while PowerExchange was trying to perform a licensing check on the

specified license key file. The message reports the file operation in progress when the error occurred and a description of the error. Operation types include open, read, and close.

User Response: Verify that the file name is correct.

PWXLIC_00115 Key error. License key [key_value] expired on date [expiration_date]. Current date is

[current_date].

Explanation: The license key expired on the specified date.

User Response: Specify a new license key.

PWXLIC_00116 Key error. License key [key_value] has [number_of_days] days before expiration.

Explanation: The license key will expire in the specified number of days.

User Response: Specify a new license key before the current key expires.

PWXLIC_00118 Key error. License key [key_value] does not match the platform [platform_type].

Explanation: The specified license key was issued for a platform other than the platform on which the

product will run.

User Response: Get a license key that covers the specified platform.

PWXLIC_00121 Not licensed for feature [feature].

Explanation: Your license key does not cover the specified feature.

User Response: If you need to use the feature, get a license key that allows its use.

PWXLIC_00122 Key error. License key [key_value] has a vendor code mismatch. Key vendor code

[key_vendor_code] does not match the software vendor code [software_vendor_code].

Explanation: The license key is not valid because it has been issued for a vendor other than the vendor for

which the software has been supplied.

User Response: Verify that you are using the correct license key, which covers the vendor of the supplied

software. If you need to get a new key, contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

PWXLIC_00800 Key error. License key [key_value] is not a valid hexadecimal value because it contains the

character [character].

Explanation: The license key is not valid because it contains the specified non-hexadecimal character. The

license key must be a hexadecimal value.

User Response: Specify a license key that is a valid hexadecimal value. Ensure the key value does not contain

the specified non-hexadecimal character.

PWXLIC_00801 Key error. The 64-character license key [key_value] contains an indicator that identifies the

key as invalid.

Explanation: The 64-character license key is not valid, as indicated by a bit in the key value.

User Response: Specify a valid long license key.

PWXLIC_00802 License environment variable [variable_name] is missing or has no value.

Explanation: The environment variable that points to the PowerExchange license key file is not present or

does not contain a value.

User Response: Specify the correct path to the license key file in the environment variable.

PWXLIC_00999 PowerExchange license checking encountered the internal logic error [error_description].

Explanation: An internal logic error occurred during PowerExchange license checking. This message

includes a description of the error.

User Response: Contact Informatica Global Customer Support.

PWXRDR-01000 to PWXRDR-01301

PWXRDR_01000 The PWX Reader has initialized. Version [version].

Explanation: The PWX Reader Service has initialized. This message includes the PWX Reader version.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01001 The PWX Reader is terminating.

Explanation: The PWX Reader service is terminating. This message does not indicate an error condition.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01002 Required PWX Reader configuration key [key_name] is missing.

Explanation: The specified PWX Reader configuration key name is required but is missing.

User Response: Enter the configuration key name.

PWXRDR_01003 PWX Reader configuration key [key_name] has an invalid value [value].

Explanation: An invalid value is specified for the specified PWX Reader configuration key.

User Response: Correct the configuration key value.

PWXRDR_01004 PWX Reader configuration key [key_name] with value [value] conflicts with configuration key

[key_name] with value [value].

Explanation: The PWX Reader configuration keys that are identified in this message have conflicting

values.

User Response: Correct one or both of the configuration key values so that they are compatible.

PWXRDR_01005 PWX Reader detected that no tables are selected for change data extraction.

Explanation: The PWX Reader configuration does not match any tables from which PowerExchange

captures changes. This situation might be caused by user-specified filtering criteria or an

invalid extraction map schema name.

User Response: Correct the PWX Reader configuration so that it matches at least one table from which

PowerExchange captures changes.

PWXRDR_01006 PWX Reader termination has waited [seconds] for the following methods to complete:

[methods].

Explanation: The PWX Reader has waited the specified number of seconds to terminate. It cannot

terminate until the specified methods complete processing.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01007 PWX Reader configuration key [old_key_name] is deprecated. Use the new configuration key

[new_key_name].

Explanation: The specified PWX Reader configuration key has been deprecated. Use the new configuration

key that this message supplies.

User Response: Enter a value for the new key in the configuration.

PWXRDR_01100 Connecting to PowerExchange location [location] to collect metadata.

Explanation: The PWX Reader service is connecting to the specified PowerExchange location to collect

metadata about the source objects for which to extract change data.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01101 Connecting to the PowerExchange location [location] for change data extraction.

Explanation: The PWX Reader service is connecting to the specified PowerExchange location to extract

change data.

User Response: No response required.

PWXRDR_01102 Connection is using the CAPI_CONNECTION [capi_connection_name].

Explanation: The PWX Reader service is configured to use the specified CAPI_CONNECTION statement to

extract change data from PowerExchange. The CAPI_CONNECTION statement is defined in the PowerExchange DBMOVER configuration file on the PowerExchange Listener system.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01104 Connection is using the PowerExchange extraction map schema name [schema_name].

Explanation: The PWX Reader service is configured to use the specified schema name portion of

extraction map name to identify the extraction maps to use for reading change data from source tables. PowerExchange generates this schema name when creating extraction maps.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01105 Connecting to PowerExchange location [location] to get current restart position.

Explanation: The PWX Reader service is connecting to the specified PowerExchange location to determine

the current restart position for extraction processing.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01106 Restart position [hex_restart_position].

Explanation: This message reports the restart position of PWX Reader extraction processing in the

PowerExchange change stream. The restart position is expressed as a hexadecimal restart

token.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01107 Connection is using the PowerExchange SCLI connect string [connect_string].

Explanation: The PWX Reader service is using the specified SCLI connect string to connect to

PowerExchange.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01110 Extractions maps selected for [count] source tables:

Explanation: After collecting metadata about the source tables, the PWX Reader identified the extraction

maps to use for extracting change data for the specified number of source tables. The

extraction map names are listed in subsequent PWXRDR-1111 messages.

PWXRDR_01111 Extraction map [extraction_map_name].

Explanation: The PWX Reader service of the PowerExchange CDC Publisher is extracting change data for

the source table that is associated with the specified extraction map. The extraction map

name has the format xnninstance.mapname_tablename.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01112 Extraction map [extraction_map_name] primary key columns

[column_name1,column_name2,...]

Explanation: The PWX Reader service is extracting change data for the source table that is associated

with the specified extraction map. This message identifies the primary key columns for the

table.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01113 Not using extraction map [extraction_map_name] for change data extraction because it

contains no qualifying columns.

Explanation: The PWX Reader service will not extract change data based on the specified extraction map

because the extraction map contains no columns that qualify for extraction processing.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01114 Not using extraction map [extraction_map_name] for change data extraction because

column filtering has excluded all columns in the map.

Explanation: The PWX Reader service will not extract change data based on the specified extraction map

because column filtering has excluded all columns in the map from extraction processing.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01115 Primary key column [column_name] in extraction map [extraction_map_name] is not being

extracted because of filtering criteria.

Explanation: Data is not being extracted from the specified primary key column based on your

configuration.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01200 Beginning of PowerExchange informational messages.

Explanation: This message introduces a set of informational messages that PowerExchange is returning

to the PWX Reader.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01201 [info_message_text]

Explanation: The PWX Reader received the specified informational message from PowerExchange.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01202 End of PowerExchange informational messages.

Explanation: This message indicates the end of a set of informational messages that PowerExchange

returned to the PWX Reader service.

PWXRDR_01300 Command [command] received.

Explanation: The PWX Reader service received the specified command.

User Response: No response is required.

PWXRDR_01301 Command [command] not recognized.

Explanation: The PWX Reader service did not recognize the specified command as a valid command.

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