



Informatica® PowerExchange for MapR-DB
10.1.1 Update 2

User Guide

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Preface

The *Informatica PowerExchange® for MapR-DB User Guide* provides information about reading data from and writing data to MapR-DB binary tables. The guide is written for database administrators and developers who are responsible for developing mappings that read data from MapR-DB tables and write data to MapR-DB tables.

This guide assumes that you have knowledge of Informatica Developer, MapR-DB, Hadoop, and the database engines and systems in your environment.

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CHAPTER 1

Introduction to PowerExchange for MapR-DB

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [PowerExchange for MapR-DB Overview, 8](#)
- [PowerExchange for MapR-DB Implementation, 8](#)

PowerExchange for MapR-DB Overview

PowerExchange for MapR-DB provides connectivity to MapR-DB binary tables.

Use PowerExchange for MapR-DB to read data from column families in a MapR-DB binary table or write data to column families in a MapR-DB binary table. You can read data from or write data to a column family or a single binary column.

You can connect to a MapR-DB data store and view all the MapR-DB binary tables. When you select a MapR-DB table, you can view all the column families. If you know the schema of the data source, you can specify the columns in the column families when you create the data object. If you do not know the schema of the data source, you can search the rows in a MapR-DB table to identify the columns and their occurrence probability.

You can validate and run MapR-DB mappings in the native environment or on the Blaze engine in the Hadoop environment.

PowerExchange for MapR-DB Implementation

PowerExchange for MapR-DB uses the HBase API to connect to MapR-DB.

To connect to a MapR-DB table, you must create an HBase connection in which you specify the database type as MapR-DB and define the database path of the MapR-DB table. You must then create an HBase data object based on the MapR-DB table, and create an HBase data object read or write operation. Add the read or write operation to a mapping to read data from or write data to MapR-DB.

CHAPTER 2

PowerExchange for MapR-DB Configuration

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [PowerExchange for MapR-DB Configuration Overview, 9](#)
- [Prerequisites, 9](#)

PowerExchange for MapR-DB Configuration Overview

PowerExchange for MapR-DB installs with Informatica 10.1.1 Update 2. You enable PowerExchange for MapR-DB with a license key.

Before you use PowerExchange for MapR-DB, complete the prerequisites.

Prerequisites

Before you use PowerExchange for MapR-DB, complete the following prerequisite tasks:

- Install and configure Informatica Big Data Management™ 10.1.1 Update 2 to run on a MapR cluster. For more information about configuring Informatica Big Data Management™ for a MapR cluster, see the *Informatica Big Data Management Installation and Configuration Guide*.
- Get a license for PowerExchange for MapR-DB.
- Verify that the Data Integration Service user and the user who runs MapR-DB mappings have read and write permissions on the column families in the MapR-DB source and target tables.

CHAPTER 3

HBase Connections for MapR-DB

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [HBase Connections for MapR-DB Overview, 10](#)
- [HBase Connection Properties for MapR-DB, 10](#)
- [infacmd Connection Properties for MapR-DB, 11](#)
- [Creating an HBase Connection for MapR-DB, 12](#)

HBase Connections for MapR-DB Overview

To connect to a MapR-DB table, you must create an HBase connection in which you must specify the database type as MapR-DB.

Use the Developer tool, Administrator tool, or infacmd to create an HBase connection for MapR-DB.

HBase Connection Properties for MapR-DB

Use an HBase connection to connect to a MapR-DB table. The HBase connection is a NoSQL connection. You can create and manage an HBase connection in the Administrator tool or the Developer tool. HBase connection properties are case sensitive unless otherwise noted.

The following table describes HBase connection properties:

Property	Description
Name	Name of the connection. The name is not case sensitive and must be unique within the domain. You can change this property after you create the connection. The name cannot exceed 128 characters, contain spaces, or contain the following special characters: ~ ` ! \$ % ^ & * () - + = { [] } \ : ; " ' < , > . ? /
ID	String that the Data Integration Service uses to identify the connection. The ID is not case sensitive. It must be 255 characters or less and must be unique in the domain. You cannot change this property after you create the connection. Default value is the connection name.

Property	Description
Description	Description of the connection. The description cannot exceed 4,000 characters.
Location	Domain where you want to create the connection.
Database Type	Type of database that you want to connect to. Select MapR-DB to create a connection for a MapR-DB table.
MapR-DB Database Path	Database path that contains the MapR-DB table that you want to connect to. Enter a valid MapR cluster path. When you create an HBase data object for MapR-DB, you can browse only tables that exist in the MapR-DB path that you specify in the Database Path field. You cannot access tables that are available in sub-directories in the specified path. For example, if you specify the path as <code>/user/customers/</code> , you can access the tables in the <code>customers</code> directory. However, if the <code>customers</code> directory contains a sub-directory named <code>regions</code> , you cannot access the tables in the following directory: <code>/user/customers/regions</code>
Enable Kerberos Connection	This property is not applicable for MapR-DB.

infacmd Connection Properties for MapR-DB

You can create an HBase connection for MapR-DB with the `infacmd isp CreateConnection` command. You can update an HBase connection for MapR-DB with the `infacmd isp UpdateConnection` command.

To create an HBase connection for MapR-DB, enter the connection options in the following format:

... -o option_name=value option_name=value ...

To enter multiple options, separate them with a space. To enter a value that contains a space or nonalphanumeric character, enclose the value in quotation marks.

For example, enter the following command:

```
infacmd.sh createConnection -dn 'Domain_Name' -un 'User_Name' -pd 'Password' -cn
'Connection_Name' -cid 'Connection_ID' -ct HBase -o "DATABASETYPE='MapR-DB'
maprdbpath='Database_Path' ISKERBEROSENABLED='false'"
```

The following table describes the HBase connection options for MapR-DB for the `infacmd` `isp` `CreateConnection` and `UpdateConnection` commands:

Property	Description
DATABASETYPE	Required. Set the value to <code>MapR-DB</code> and enclose the value in single quotes.
maprdbpath	<p>Required. Set the value to the database path that contains the MapR-DB table that you want to connect to. Enter a valid MapR cluster path. Enclose the value in single quotes.</p> <p>When you create an HBase data object for MapR-DB, you can browse only tables that exist in the path that you specify in this option. You cannot access tables that are available in sub-directories in the specified path.</p> <p>For example, if you specify the <code>maprdbpath</code> as <code>/user/customers/</code>, you can access the tables in the <code>customers</code> directory. However, if the <code>customers</code> directory contains a sub-directory named <code>regions</code>, you cannot access the tables in the following directory:</p> <p><code>/user/customers/regions</code></p>
ISKERBEROSENABLED	Required. Set the value to <code>false</code> because this option is not applicable for MapR-DB. Enclose the value in single quotes.

Creating an HBase Connection for MapR-DB

Create an HBase connection to import a MapR-DB table into the Developer tool.

1. In the Developer tool, click **Window > Preferences**.
2. Select **Informatica > Connections**.
3. Expand the domain in the **Available Connections** list.
4. Select the connection type as **NoSQL > HBase**, and then click **Add**.
5. Enter a connection name.
6. Optionally, enter a connection ID and description.
7. Select the domain where you want to create the connection.
8. Select **HBase** as the connection type.
9. Click **Next**.
10. Select the database type as **MapR-DB**.
11. Configure the connection properties.
12. Click **Test Connection** to verify if the connection to the MapR-DB table is successful.
13. Click **Finish**.

CHAPTER 4

HBase Data Objects for MapR-DB

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [HBase Data Objects for MapR-DB Overview, 13](#)
- [Data Object Column Configuration, 14](#)
- [HBase Data Object Properties for MapR-DB, 15](#)
- [HBase Data Object Read Operation Properties for MapR-DB, 16](#)
- [HBase Data Object Write Operation Properties for MapR-DB, 16](#)
- [Partitioning, 17](#)
- [Parameterization of HBase Data Objects for MapR-DB, 18](#)
- [Creating an HBase Data Object for MapR-DB, 18](#)
- [Creating an HBase Data Object Operation for MapR-DB, 19](#)

HBase Data Objects for MapR-DB Overview

Use an HBase data object to import a MapR-DB table. Then, add the MapR-DB table to an HBase data object operation, and add the operation to a mapping to read or write data.

When you create an HBase connection, select the database type as **MapR-DB** and define the MapR-DB path in which the MapR-DB table exists. Then, create an HBase data object for the MapR-DB table.

When you create an HBase data object, you can select the MapR-DB table and view all the column families in the table. You can specify the column names in the column family if you know the column name and data type, or you can search the rows in the MapR-DB table and specify the columns.

You can read data from and write data to a column family or a single binary column. When you create the data object, specify the column families to read or choose to get all the data as a single stream of binary data. You can also specify the column families to which you want to write or choose to write all the data as a single stream of binary data.

Create an HBase data object read operation to read data from the MapR-DB column families. Create an HBase data object write operation to insert data to the MapR-DB column families.

Data Object Column Configuration

When you want to read data from or write data to columns in a column family, you can specify the columns when you create the HBase data object for MapR-DB.

You can add the columns in the column families or you can search for the columns names in the column family and select the columns. You can also choose to read from or write to a single binary port.

Add Columns

When you create a data object, you can specify the columns in one or more column families in a MapR-DB table.

When you add a MapR-DB table as the resource for an HBase data object, all the column families in the MapR-DB table appear. If you know the details of the columns in the column families, you can select a column family and add the column details. Column details include column name, data type, precision, and scale.

Although data is stored in binary format in MapR-DB tables, you can specify the associated data type of the column to transform the data. To avoid data errors or incorrect data, verify that you specify the correct data type for the columns.

Verify that you specify valid column details when you add columns to avoid unexpected run-time behavior. If you add a column that does not exist in the column family and create a data object read operation, the Data Integration Service returns a null value for the column at run time. If you do not specify a value for a column when you write data to a MapR-DB table, the Data Integration Service specifies a null value for the column at run time.

If the MapR-DB table has more than one column family, you can add column details for multiple column families when you create the data object. Select one column family at a time and add the columns details. The column family name is the prefix for all the columns in the column family for unique identification.

Search and Add Columns

When you create a data object, you can search the rows in a MapR-DB table to identify the column in the table and select the columns you want to add.

When you do not know the columns in a MapR-DB table, you can search the rows in the table to identify all the columns and the occurrence percentage of the column. You can infer if the column name is valid based on the number of times the column occurs in the table. For example, if column name eName occurs rarely while column name empName occurs in a majority of rows, you can infer the column name as empName.

When you search and add columns, you can specify the maximum number of rows to search and the occurrence percentage value for a column. If you specify the maximum number of rows as 100 and the column occurrence percent as 90, all columns that appear at least 90 times in 100 rows appear in the results. You can select the columns in the results to add the columns to the data object.

Get All Columns

Binary data or data that can be converted to a byte array can be stored in a MapR-DB column. You can read data from and write to MapR-DB tables in bytes.

When you create a data object, you can choose to get all the columns in a column family as a single stream of binary data.

After you create an HBase data object read operation, you can add the operation as a **Read** transformation in a mapping to read data in all the columns in the column family as a single stream of binary data.

After you create an HBase data object write operation, you can add the operation as a **Write** transformation in a mapping to write data in all the columns in the column family as a single column of binary data.

HBase Data Object Properties for MapR-DB

You can configure the HBase data object properties for MapR-DB when you create the data object.

General Properties

The following table describes the general properties that you configure for HBase data objects for MapR-DB:

Property	Description
Name	Name of the HBase data object.
Location	The project or folder in the Model repository where you want to store the HBase data object.
Connection	Name of the HBase connection that you created to connect to the MapR-DB table.

Add Column Properties

In the **Column Families** dialog box, select the column family to which you want to add the columns. The following table describes the column properties that you configure when you associate columns with column families:

Property	Description
Name	Name of the column in the column family.
Type	Data type of the column.
Precision	Precision of the data.
Scale	Scale of the data.

Search and Add Column Properties

The following table describes the column properties that you configure when you search for columns in column families and add the required columns:

Property	Description
Maximum rows to sample	Maximum number of rows in the MapR-DB table that you want to include while searching for columns. Default is 100.
Column occurrence percent	The threshold occurrence percentage of the column. A column appears in the results when the occurrence percentage value of the column meets or exceeds the threshold value. Default is 90.

HBase Data Object Read Operation Properties for MapR-DB

HBase data object read operation properties include run-time properties that apply to the MapR-DB table you add in the HBase data object.

The Developer tool displays advanced properties for the HBase data object operation in the **Advanced** view.

The following table describes the advanced property for an HBase data object read operation for MapR-DB:

Property	Description
Date Time Format	Format of the columns of the date data type. Specify the date and time formats by using any of the Java date and time pattern strings. Configure this property based on the format of the source data. If the source data contains year values, set the year part in the format as <code>yyyy</code> to avoid data corruption.

HBase Data Object Write Operation Properties for MapR-DB

HBase data object write operation properties include run-time properties that apply to the MapR-DB table you add in the HBase data object.

The Developer tool displays advanced properties for the HBase data object operation in the **Advanced** view.

The following table describes the advanced properties for an HBase data object write operation for MapR-DB:

Property	Description
Date Time Format	Format of the columns of the date data type. Specify the date and time formats by using any of the Java date and time pattern strings. Configure this property based on the format of the target data. If the target data contains year values, set the year part in the format as <code>yyyy</code> to avoid data corruption.
Auto Flush	This property is not applicable for MapR-DB.

Partitioning

You can configure partitioning for MapR-DB mappings that you run in the native environment or on the Blaze engine in the Hadoop environment. When a mapping that is enabled for partitioning contains a MapR-DB table in an HBase data object operation as a **Read** transformation or **Write** transformation, the Data Integration Service can use multiple threads to read and write data.

Some transformations do not support partitioning. When a mapping enabled for partitioning contains a transformation that does not support partitioning, the Data Integration Service uses one thread to run the transformation. The Data Integration Service can use multiple threads to run the remaining mapping pipeline stages.

You can configure dynamic partitioning for HBase data objects that contain a MapR-DB table. When you configure dynamic partitioning, the Data Integration Service determines the number of partitions to create at run time.

To configure dynamic partitioning, open the HBase data object read or write operation that contains the MapR-DB table, click the **Run-time** tab, and select **Dynamic** from the **Partition Type** list.

After you configure dynamic partitioning, you can configure the maximum parallelism.

Configuring Maximum Parallelism for MapR-DB Mappings

Configure maximum parallelism in one of the following ways for MapR-DB mappings that you want to run in the native environment or on the Blaze engine in the Hadoop environment:

Set a maximum parallelism value for a mapping in the Developer tool.

By default, the **Maximum Parallelism** property for each mapping is set to **Auto**. Each mapping uses the maximum parallelism value defined for the Data Integration Service.

You can change the maximum parallelism value in the mapping run-time properties to define a maximum value for a particular mapping. When you set the maximum parallelism to different integer values for the Data Integration Service and the mapping, the Data Integration Service uses the minimum value of the two.

Ask the administrators to set the maximum parallelism for the Data Integration Service to a value greater than 1 in the Administrator tool.

Maximum parallelism determines the maximum number of parallel threads that process a single pipeline stage. Administrators can increase the **Maximum Parallelism** property value based on the number of CPUs available on the nodes where mappings run.

Parameterization of HBase Data Objects for MapR-DB

You can parameterize the HBase connection and the HBase data object operation properties for MapR-DB.

You can parameterize the following data object read operation properties for HBase data objects:

- Connection in the run-time properties
- Filter condition in the query properties
- Date time format in the advanced properties

You can parameterize the following data object write operation properties for HBase data objects:

- Connection in the run-time properties
- Date time format in the advanced properties

Creating an HBase Data Object for MapR-DB

Create an HBase data object to specify the MapR-DB table that you want to access to read or write data.

1. Select a project or folder in the **Object Explorer** view.
2. Click **File > New > Data Object**.
3. Select **HBase Data Object** and click **Next**.
The **New HBase Data Object** dialog box appears.
4. Enter a name for the data object.
5. Click **Browse** next to the **Location** option and select the target project or folder.
6. Click **Browse** next to the **Connection** option and select an HBase connection from which you want to import the MapR-DB table.
7. To add a MapR-DB table to the data object, click **Add** next to the **Resource** option.
The **Add Resource** dialog box appears.
8. Navigate or search for the MapR-DB table that you want to add to the data object and click **OK**.
You can add one MapR-DB table to the data object.
9. Click **Next**. The **Column Families** dialog box appears.
10. Select a column family and specify the columns in it. Choose to add columns or get all columns.
 - To manually add, or search and add columns to the column family, select the **Add Columns** option.
 - To read from or write all columns in the column family to a single binary column, select the **Get all columns** option.
11. Add the columns in the column family. Choose to add columns or search the column names in the column family and add the columns.
 - To specify the columns from the column family when you know the column name and data type, select the column family to which you want to add the columns and click **Add**. Configure the add properties.
 - To search columns in the column family and add them, click **Search and Add**. The **Search and Add** dialog box appears.

12. Specify the following details in the **Search and Add** dialog box:
 - a. Specify the maximum rows in the MapR-DB table that you want to include in the search.
 - b. Specify the threshold value of the column occurrence percentage.
 - c. Click **Go**.

The column name and the occurrence percentage of the column in the table appear in the results.
 - d. Select the columns that you want to specify for the column family. Configure the add properties.
13. Click **Next**.

The **Create Row** dialog box appears.
14. Select the **Include Row ID** option to generate a row ID for the MapR-DB table.
15. Specify the datatype, precision, and scale for the row ID and click **Next**.

The **Review Columns** dialog box appears. The column family name is the prefix for all the column names in that column family for unique identification. The default data type of the row ID is String.
16. Review the columns in the column families and click **Finish**.

The data object appears under Data Objects in the project or folder in the **Object Explorer** view.

Creating an HBase Data Object Operation for MapR-DB

Create an HBase data object operation from an HBase data object that contains a MapR-DB table.

Before you create an HBase data object operation for MapR-DB, you must create an HBase data object with the MapR-DB table.

1. Select the data object in the **Object Explorer** view.
2. Right-click and select **New > Data Object Operation**.

The **Data Object Operation** dialog box appears.
3. Enter a name for the data object operation.
4. Select the type of data object operation. You can choose to create a read operation or a write operation.
5. Click **Add**.

The **Select a resource** dialog box appears.
6. Select the MapR-DB table for which you want to create the data object operation and click **OK**.
7. Click **Finish**.

The Developer tool creates the data object operation for the selected data object.

CHAPTER 5

MapR-DB Mappings

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [MapR-DB Mappings Overview, 20](#)
- [Filtering MapR-DB Source Data, 20](#)

MapR-DB Mappings Overview

After you create an HBase data object operation, you can add the operation to a mapping to read data from or write data to MapR-DB.

To read data from a MapR-DB table, add an HBase data object read operation as a **Read** transformation in the mapping. To write data to a MapR-DB table, add an HBase data object write operation as a **Write** transformation in the mapping.

When you configure the data object columns, you can get data in all columns in a column family to a single column as binary data. Use the Data Processor transformation to convert the binary data into the required data types.

You can validate and run mappings in the native environment or on the Blaze engine in the Hadoop environment. When you run a mapping in the native environment, the Data Integration Service runs the mapping from the Developer tool. When you run a mapping on a Hadoop cluster, you can select the Blaze engine. The Data Integration Service pushes the mapping to the Blaze engine for processing.

You can deploy the mapping and run it in the selected environment. You can run standalone mappings or mappings that are part of a workflow.

Filtering MapR-DB Source Data

When you configure a mapping that reads data from a MapR-DB source, you can enter a filter expression to filter records read from the source.

You can select the mapping and add the filter expression in the **Query** tab in the **Properties** view. You can use any comparison operator in the filter expression. When you run the mapping, the Data Integration Service filters the source data based on the expressions.

Note: If you use the not equal, less than, or less than or equal to operators, and some columns do not meet the filter condition, the Data Integration Service returns a Null value for these columns. If you use the equal,

greater than, or greater than or equal to operators, and some columns do not meet the filter condition, the Data Integration Service does not return the rows associated with these columns.

Example

The following table lists the columns in the CF column family in a MapR-DB table. There are rows that have c1 and c2 columns, rows that have at least one of the columns, and rows that have neither of the columns.

Row	Column Value
1	column=CF__c1, value=john
1	column=CF__c2, value=jane
2	column=CF__c1, value=jane
3	column=CF__c2, value=jdoe
4	column=CF__c8, value=adam

Create an HBase data object called Name and add it to a mapping. Add the following filter expression:

```
Employee.Name__C1 != 'john' AND Employee.Name__C2 != 'jane'
```

The Data Integration Service returns rows that contain null values because the filter expression contains the not equal to operator.

The Data Integration Service returns the following output:

```
Row 2  
c1: jane
```

```
Row 3  
c2: jdoe
```

```
ROW: 4  
c1: null  
c2: null
```

APPENDIX A

HBase Data Types Reference

This appendix includes the following topics:

- [HBase Data Type Reference Overview, 22](#)
- [HBase and Transformation Data Types, 23](#)

HBase Data Type Reference Overview

When you import a MapR-DB table, Informatica Developer displays HBase data types because PowerExchange for MapR-DB uses the HBase API to connect to MapR-DB tables.

Informatica Developer uses the following data types in MapR-DB mappings:

- HBase native data types. HBase data types appear in the physical data object column properties.
Note: Although data is stored in binary format in MapR-DB tables, you can specify the data type associated with a column when you create the HBase data object.
- Transformation data types. Set of data types that appear in the transformations. They are internal data types based on ANSI SQL-92 generic data types, which the Data Integration Service uses to move data across platforms. Transformation data types appear in all transformations in a mapping.

When the Data Integration Service reads source data, it converts the native data types to the comparable transformation data types before transforming the data. When the Data Integration Service writes to a target, it converts the transformation data types to the comparable native data types.

HBase and Transformation Data Types

The following table lists the HBase data types that the Data Integration Service supports and the corresponding transformation data types:

HBase Data Type	Transformation Data Type	Range and Description
Binary	Binary	1 to 104,857,600 bytes. You can read and write data of the Binary data type. You can use the user-defined functions to transform the binary data.
DateTime	Date/Time	Date and time formats are specified by using any of the Java date and time pattern strings. For example, The "EEE, d MMM yyyy HH:mm:ss z" pattern string is interpreted as Wed, 14 Dec 2013 12:08:56. The "yyyy.MM.dd HH:mm:ss z" pattern string is interpreted as 2013.12.14 12:08:56 PDT.
Double	Double	Precision 15
Float	Decimal	Precision 1 to 28
Integer	Integer	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
Long	Bigint	-9,223,372,036,854,775,808 to 9,223,372,036,854,775,807
Short	Integer	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
String	String	1 to 104,857,600 characters

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